

**REPORT
OF
PRELIMINARY GEOTECHNICAL EXPLORATION
FOR
PROPOSED SOUTH INNERBELT TRENCH RETAINING WALLS
PROJECT FRA-70-8.93 (PID No. 77369)
FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO**

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

As part of the FRA-70-8.93 South Innerbelt project in Columbus, Ohio, a preliminary geotechnical exploration was performed for the proposed retaining walls in the I-70/I-71 South Innerbelt Trench area, which is essentially between Short Street and the east interchange. This exploration was performed to (1) determine the subsurface conditions, (2) determine the characteristics of the subsurface materials, and (3) provide information to assist in developing the construction cost estimate and preliminary design of the retaining walls.

The subsurface conditions were determined by drilling fourteen borings to depths of 111.0 to 136.5 feet. Four adjacent roadway borings were also considered for the development of the retaining wall recommendations. Samples of the subsurface materials were obtained for classification and general index tests. In addition, in-situ pressuremeter testing was performed at selected depths in two of the borings.

Walls 6W1 through 6W5 along the south side of I-70/I-71 and walls 7W1 through 7W5 along the north side of I-70/I-71 were evaluated. All calculations were performed in accordance with AASHTO LRFD Specifications.

In areas where the walls will be constructed primarily in cut sections, walls utilizing top-down construction were evaluated, including soldier pile and lagging walls with anchors and drilled shaft retaining walls. In areas where the walls will be constructed primarily with new fill, cast-in-place semi-gravity walls were evaluated. MSE walls could also be utilized in areas of new fill but were not evaluated in this report. Cast-in-place and MSE walls could also be constructed in cut sections, provided there is sufficient right-of-way to excavate behind the proposed retaining wall and install temporary shoring.

Due the presence of boulders, driven piles were not considered a viable option to support the retaining walls. Driving piles on boulders would likely damage the piles. In addition, the induced vibrations could damage nearby structures.

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

This project is located in downtown Columbus, Ohio. In general, the FRA-70-8.93 project consists of a reconfiguration of the mainline freeway, major interchanges, and ramps along the I-70, I-71, I-670, and SR 315 corridors. In conjunction with the scope on this project, DLZ has prepared recommendations for the retaining walls in an area referred to as the south trench, essentially along I-70 between Short Street and the I-70/I-71 (east) interchange. These recommendations are based in part on the results of DLZ's drilling and testing program for the project.

The purpose of this exploration was to 1) determine the subsurface conditions to the depths of the borings, 2) evaluate the engineering characteristics of the subsurface materials, and 3) provide information to assist in the design of the retaining walls and bridge foundations (abutments only). Recommendations for the bridge piers are presented under separate cover.

Under DLZ's scope of work, the executed drilling program is preliminary in nature. According to ODOT's Specifications for Geotechnical Explorations (SGE), the boring spacing of approximately 500 feet used in this subsurface exploration is not sufficient to develop final recommendations. As per the SGE, the maximum spacing for retaining wall borings should be 150 feet. Therefore, the recommendations presented herein should not solely be used for final design. It is the intension of this document to provide information regarding the approximate size and spacing of retaining wall elements, as well as to identify potential concerns regarding constructibility. This information should be sufficient to develop cost estimates and to facilitate discussions regarding a preferred retaining wall type in this area. It is understood that the borings presented in this report will be supplemented with additional borings in the future followed by updated recommendations for use during final design of the proposed retaining walls.

The geotechnical engineer has planned and supervised the performance of the geotechnical engineering services, has considered the findings, and has prepared this report in accordance with generally accepted geotechnical engineering practices. No other warranties, either expressed or implied, are made as to the professional advice included in this report.

2.0 GENERAL PROJECT INFORMATION

Although retaining walls are planned in several different areas of the project, this report focuses on the retaining walls proposed for either side of the I-70/I-71 alignment from essentially Short Street to the east interchange, in an area referred to as the south trench.

In the south trench area, much of the alignment is situated in a soil cut. The depth of the proposed cut relative to the adjacent grade level varies up to approximately 45 feet. In general, the tallest retaining walls are in the vicinity of Front and High Streets, near station 740+50 on the north side of the roadway. However, a majority of the proposed retaining walls in the south trench will have retained heights of approximate 25 feet.

The urban setting of this portion of the project presents unique challenges in terms of spatial constraints. Interference with utilities, existing interstate travel lanes, and existing side streets should be considered when selecting a preferred retaining wall type. Different types of retaining walls require various construction techniques. Some wall types (bottom-up construction) require extensive excavation behind the proposed wall, while other wall types (top-down construction) do not require such excavations. Therefore, the retaining walls have been grouped together in terms of bottom-up or top-down construction.

The analysis and recommendations presented in this report have been made on the basis of the foregoing information. If the proposed locations or structural concept is changed or differs from that assumed, DLZ should be informed of the changes so that recommendations and conclusions presented in this report may be revised as necessary.

3.0 FIELD EXPLORATION

The subsurface exploration consisted of drilling 14 borings for the proposed trench retaining walls. Four of the adjacent roadway borings were also considered for the development of the retaining wall recommendations and are included in this report. Other roadway borings were also drilled in the south trench area, but the results of these borings can be found in reports for the roadway, which will be produced by others. In general, the retaining wall borings were spaced at approximately 500-foot intervals along the proposed alignment. Retaining wall borings were advanced 6.0 to 20.6 feet into bedrock to total depths ranging from 111.0 to 136.5 feet. Additional information regarding the drilling procedures is presented in Appendix A.

Historic borings drilled for the original construction of the freeway were also initially considered for this report but they did not provide sufficient information to be included and did not extend to bedrock. These historic borings were obtained from the foundation exploration reports for the bridges over I-70 between Front Street and Grant Avenue. A complete list of historic reports evaluated for the project is presented in the Red Flag Summary report, dated April 11, 2008.

The boring locations for the current retaining wall exploration were located and marked in the field by representatives of DLZ. Representatives of ms consultants, inc. surveyed the as-drilled boring locations. Boring logs are presented in Appendix A. The boring locations are shown on the boring logs and on the Plan and Profile drawing presented in Appendix B.

4.0 FINDINGS

4.1 Field Reconnaissance

A field reconnaissance for the FRA-70-8.93 project was performed in 2008. Findings of the field reconnaissance as well as other information obtained on the project area are presented in the Red Flag Summary report, dated April 11, 2008.

4.2 Geology of the Site

General geological references report that the site was covered by both the Wisconsin and Illinoian glaciers. The project area is divided by the Scioto River, which lies to the west of the south trench area.

The predominant glacial deposits in Franklin County consist of glacial till, which is a heterogeneous mixture of clay, silt, sand, gravel, cobbles, and boulders. Most of the project alignment extends through glacial outwash deposits that fill the preglacial valley in which the Scioto River flows. Fine-grained fill and quaternary (recent) alluvial deposits cover the glacial outwash materials and are present along the length of the project area. The thickness of the glacial deposits in the south trench area generally varies between 80 and 120 feet.

Bedrock along the alignment lies on the eastern margin of the Cincinnati Arch and is inclined at approximately 10 feet per mile to the southeast towards the Appalachian Basin. Bedrock units as well as contacts between units display a pronounced north-south orientation or strike. Three different rock formations lie immediately below the soils along the alignment. These include from youngest to oldest: the Olentangy Shale, the Delaware Limestone, and the Columbus Limestone, all of Devonian Age.

Information regarding the thickness of the glacial deposits was obtained from general geologic references. A complete list of the geologic references used for the project is presented in the Red Flag Summary report, dated April 11, 2008.

4.3 Subsurface Conditions

The following sections present the generalized subsurface conditions encountered by the borings. For more detailed information, refer to the Boring Logs presented in Appendix A. Grain-size test results and unconfined (rock) test results are shown on the Boring Logs. Unconfined (rock) test results are also presented in Appendix C.

4.3.1 Soil Conditions

At the ground surface, the borings encountered between 3 and 8 inches of topsoil or between 13 and 27 inches of pavement. The pavement materials consisted of 2 to 11 inches of asphalt concrete over 3 to 11 inches of Portland cement concrete and 3 to 11 inches of aggregate base. Borings B-025, B-030, and B-041 encountered pavement material but did not encounter the Portland cement

concrete. Boring B-24 did not encounter any topsoil or pavement material at the ground surface.

Below the topsoil and pavement material, 1.2 to 18.2 feet of fill or possible fill was encountered in eight of the borings: B-025, B-029, B-031, B-032, B-034, B-040, B-044, and B-046. The fill or possible fill consisted of medium stiff to hard sandy silt (A-4a), silt and clay (A-6a) and silty clay (A-6b) and loose to medium dense coarse and fine sand (A-3a) and gravel with sand (A-1-b). Layers of brick fragments were also encountered in Boring B-034 as deep as 11.0 feet.

Below the topsoil, pavement, fill, and possible fill, the natural soils consisted of alternating layers of primarily very stiff to hard cohesive materials and dense to very dense granular materials. The cohesive soils consisted primarily of sandy silt (A-4a) and silt and clay (A-6a) with lesser amounts of silty clay (A-6b) and clay (A-7-6). The granular soils consisted primarily of gravel (A-1-a), gravel with sand (A-1-b), and coarse and fine sand (A-3a) with lesser amounts of fine sand (A-3), gravel with sand and silt (A-2-4), gravel with sand, silt, and clay (A-2-6) and silt (A-4b).

In Borings B-024, B-025, B-026, B-032, B-037, B-039, B-041 and B-043, the top 25 to 50 feet consisted primarily of cohesive soil. Below of depth of 50 to 84 feet, most of the borings encountered primarily granular soil. Borings B-035, and B-036 encountered only granular soils. Heaving sands were encountered occasionally in the wet granular soils, primarily below depths of 30.0 feet.

Cobbles and boulders or difficult drilling conditions, indicating possible cobbles and boulders, were encountered in all the retaining wall borings drilled in the south trench area. The cobbles and boulder zones were encountered primarily below depths of 30.0 feet but occasionally as shallow as 11.0 feet.

4.3.2 Bedrock Conditions

Below the soil, a layer of severely weathered shale was encountered above the more competent bedrock in most of the retaining wall borings, ranging in thickness between 0.5 and 3.0 feet.

The top of more competent bedrock was encountered at depths between 90.0 and 120.5 feet. The type and condition of bedrock was confirmed in all the retaining wall borings by coring 6.0 to 20.6 feet into bedrock. The bedrock consisted primarily of a very weak to weak blue-gray to dark gray shale with 0 to 10 percent limestone interbedding. The RQD values ranged from 0 to 100 percent with an average RQD of 68 percent.

A moderately strong to strong brownish gray to light gray limestone was also encountered in Boring B-029 between 120.6 and 136.5 feet. The RQD values ranged from 76 to 88 percent with an average RQD of 83 percent.

4.3.3 Groundwater Conditions

The borings first encountered seepage between depths of 9.2 and 41.0 feet. Groundwater levels prior to the addition of drilling water were observed in Borings B-024, B-025, B-035 and B-037 at depths ranging from 6.5 to 39.0 feet below the ground surface. At the completion of drilling, final water levels were observed at depths ranging from 4.6 to 51.6 feet below the ground surface. These final water levels all included drilling water.

4.4 In-situ Pressuremeter Testing

4.4.1 Field Work

In accordance with the scope of work on this project, DLZ conducted eight successful pressuremeter tests in two borings (B-026 and B-046) in the south trench area. In general, the test borings were drilled approximately 5 feet from the parent boring.

In general, the pressuremeter test is an in-situ stress-strain test consisting of lowering a cylindrical probe into a prepared borehole and inflating the probe such that the probe presses against the borehole sidewall. The measurement of the volume versus pressure relationship is useful in refining soil-structure interaction models, foundation design, and settlement analyses among other things. Testing was conducted essentially in accordance with ASTM 4719 – Method A. Testing was conducted using the G-AM pressuremeter model from RocTest with the N-sized (70 mm) probe. The G-AM model is a Menard-type, tri-cell pressuremeter. Calibration of the probes was conducted in order to ascertain the membrane resistance (low pressure) and system compressibility (high pressure). The field test results were then corrected using the calibration data. The calibration reports are presented in Appendix C.

Borings were advanced using 4 1/4-inch hollow stem augers to a depth which was approximately 3 feet above the test elevation. Below the hollow stem augers, the test cavity was prepared using a 2 7/8-inch tricone bit while circulating water or prepared drilling fluid. No boring logs were created for the test borings. For additional information regarding soil type and consistency, refer to the boring logs generated for the parent borings presented in Appendix A.

4.4.2 Reduction and Use of Data

Corrections to the pressuremeter data were performed which include adjustments for pressure losses (low pressure – membrane resistance) and volume losses (high pressure – system compressibility). The corrected pressuremeter data is presented in Appendix C. Data in both SI and Imperial units have been provided for convenience.

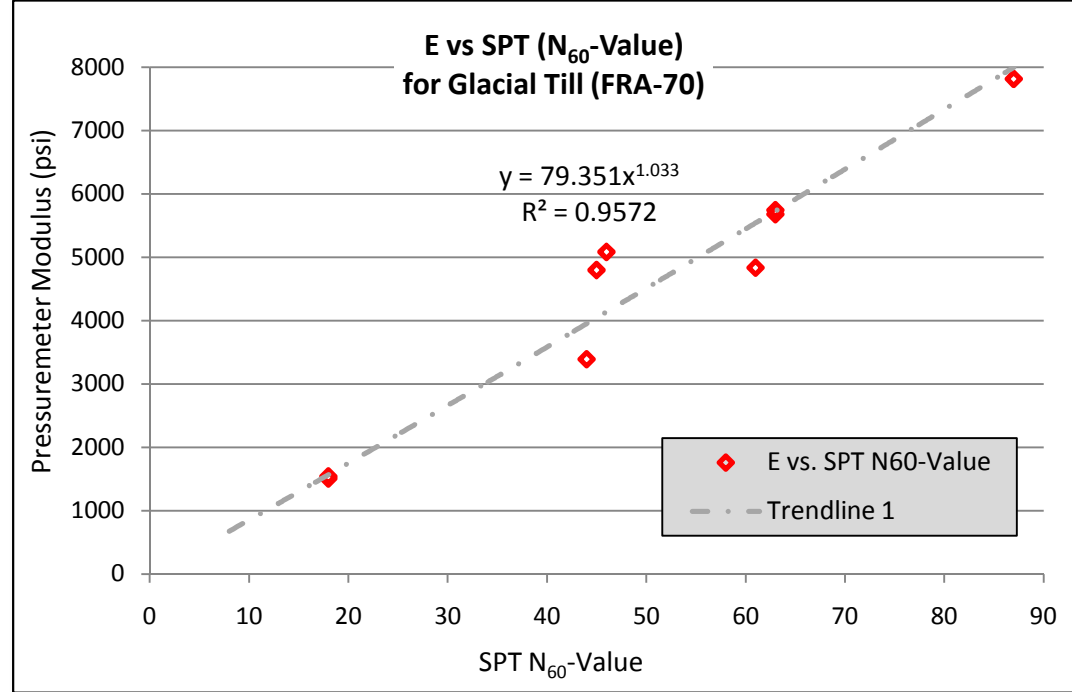
Data from the pressuremeter curves was used to create families of p-y curves for use in lateral analyses of the retaining walls. The p-y curves were developed

using methods by Robertson et al (1985) and applied to the two soil profiles, Profile A and Profile B, which were used in the lateral analyses. For Profile B, the direct test results obtained in Boring B-046 were used to create p-y curves that were used in the LPILE model of the retaining walls. For Profile A, p-y curves were generated based upon correlations with tests conducted in similar soils. The following paragraphs discuss this procedure.

It should be noted that in an effort to apply the test results in a broader sense to similar soils within the project area, a brief study was conducted to ascertain the presence, if any, of correlations between standard soil parameters and pressuremeter parameters. The data indicates that a strong correlation exists between the SPT N_{60} -value and the pressuremeter modulus. After plotting the data a near-linear relationship was evident. Figure 1 shows this relationship.

In general, the pressuremeter modulus controls the initial slope of the p-y curve, prior to reaching the yield pressure. Because deflections of the retaining walls should be limited to approximately one percent of the retained height (as per OSE) it is unlikely that the portions of the p-y curves much beyond the yield pressure will be engaged by these walls. Therefore, it can be assumed that in the case of these walls, the soil reaction is in large part controlled by the pressuremeter modulus and not the yield pressure of the soil. It is important to note this because no correlation was found between the yield pressure and any available soil parameters. The yield and limit pressures are difficult to approximate with a great degree of certainty. However, in order to model the effect of the yield pressure threshold on the p-v curves, an effort was made to shape the curves generated by the SPT N_{60} -value correlation to match those from the direct tests. In order to accomplish this, a series of fit factors were developed in order to match the general shape of the curves. By qualitatively matching the shape of the p-v curves, DLZ was able to develop families of curves and apply the resulting p-y curve data with a reasonable degree of confidence.

Figure 1



While the dataset which DLZ has obtained is small, it is believed that this correlation can be applied to similar soils with some degree of confidence. The soil tested was very stiff to hard gray glacial till, which was classified into two categories; Sandy Silt (A-4a) and Silt and Clay (A-6a). It should be noted that the plasticity index of the soil ranged only from 10 to 12 percent, with water content values ranging from 9 to 12 percent. Similarly, the percent passing the #200 sieve ranged from 48 to 64 percent. The range of soils tested was characterized by only small variations in the above-referenced soil parameters. Therefore, it is recommended that this correlation only be applied to materials which have characteristics similar to those tested.

During the next phase of work, it is suggested that additional pressuremeter testing be performed. By expanding the existing dataset, it may be possible to refine this correlation further, providing a greater degree of confidence in the application of this data in the lateral analyses.

5.0 LABORATORY TESTING PROGRAM

The laboratory testing program consisted of visual classifications and general index tests of the soil samples. The general index tests consisted of grain-size analyses and moisture content and plasticity determinations. In addition, unconfined compression tests were performed on selected rock core samples. The results of the classifications, grain-size analyses, moisture content and plasticity determinations, and unconfined compression tests are shown on the boring logs in Appendix A. The results of the unconfined compression tests are also shown in tabular form in Appendix C.

6.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

As discussed in Section 2.0, the types of retaining wall considered on this portion of the project were divided into two general categories based on construction type: top-down construction and bottom-up construction. The following sections discuss the general features associated with each wall type, details and procedures associated with the analyses, and the results of the analyses.

It is understood that according to ODOT's Office of Structural Engineering (OSE), a deflection limit of approximately one percent of the retained height should be used.

Based on the soils encountered in the borings drilled for this project, the south trench area was divided into two profiles. Information regarding the assumed soil profiles is discussed in Section 6.2. In general, the retained height of the proposed walls ranges from several feet to just over 45 feet. However, along most of the alignment, the maximum retaining wall height is approximately 25 feet. Therefore, the analyses assumed retaining wall heights of 25, 35, and 45 feet in order to provide a sufficiently wide range of retaining wall sizes for cost estimating purposes.

Calculations and analyses performed for the purposes of investigating the proposed retaining walls were conducted according the AASHTO's LRFD Bridge Design Specifications, Fourth Edition 2007, with 2008 Interim Revisions.

6.1 Loading

6.1.1 General

The proposed retaining walls will be subject to loading from several sources. Loading sources include horizontal earth pressure, live load surcharge, anchor loads (soldier piles with ground anchors only), and vertical structural loads.

Many bridges are planned to span the distance between the proposed retaining walls along the I-70/I-71 alignment. The method of supporting the bridge abutments is still under development. It is anticipated that the proposed bridges/caps may bear on the top of the proposed retaining walls. Consequently, analyses were performed which include the vertical load from the proposed structures/cap. The larger value between the vertical bridge load and the cap load was used to evaluate the affect on the proposed retaining walls. The vertical load from the proposed structures was estimated to be approximately 23 kips per linear foot (along wall face) for the SERVICE-I load case. Because the configuration (width, lane use, et cetera) of the proposed bridges/caps is still under development, it was decided that the load factor for the STRENGTH-I case be taken conservatively as 1.75.

6.1.2 Application of Vertical Load from Structure (Bridge/Cap)

Because the cantilevered drilled shaft walls may move a modest amount prior to construction of any proposed structures, a sensitivity analysis regarding the location of the axial load was conducted. In the LPILE analyses it was assumed that an eccentricity equal to one percent of the retained height would be used. The eccentricity represents any difference from the planned centerline of bearing for the structure and the centerline of the drilled shafts resulting from any deviation between the estimated and actual deflection of the retaining walls which are supporting structures. The resulting moment was applied such a way that it held the same sign convention as the moment generated from the lateral earth pressures, in other words, it was assumed that the eccentricity was in the roadside direction.

It was assumed that this eccentricity only needed to be accounted for in the drilled shaft wall analysis. The cantilevered nature of this wall lends it to be most susceptible to deflections relative to other wall types, such as those that are tied back using ground anchors.

6.2 Soil Profiles

Based upon the soils encountered in the project borings, two subsurface profiles were established which are considered representative of their respective portions of the trench alignment. Profile A, based upon Boring B-029 is considered representative of subsurface conditions essentially between Front Street and Fifth Street. Similarly, Profile B, based upon Boring B-046 is considered to be representative of subsurface conditions on either side of the Profile A area. For additional information, refer to the boring logs in Appendix A and the plan and profile drawing in Appendix B.

6.3 Top-Down Construction

Based on the currently available plans, it is understood that I-70/I-71 is to be widened and realigned within the south trench area. Based upon the consistency of soils encountered in the project borings, it is believed that temporary shoring such as sheet piling could not be installed in the dense near-surface soils, which would facilitate excavation and bottom-up construction of permanent retaining walls. Consequently, in these areas, it is believed that top-down construction of the proposed retaining walls will be necessary in order to limit the impact of construction activities adjacent city streets, nearby buildings and utilities.

In addition to the dense near-surface soils, boulders or difficult drilling, indicating possible boulders were also encountered during the execution of the drilling program. Due to the presence of boulders, it is recommended that driven piling not be considered on this portion of the project. The depths where boulders or difficult drilling were encountered are indicated on the plan and profile drawing in Appendix B.

6.3.1 Drilled Shaft Retaining Walls

In areas where top-down construction of the proposed retaining walls is necessary, the use of drilled shaft (bored pile) retaining walls could be considered. DLZ has performed analyses in order to determine the approximate size and spacing of the shafts for this type of wall. Drilled shaft size and spacing was determined based upon a deflection criterion of approximately one percent of the retained height or less. Furthermore, the estimated embedment depth of the drilled shaft walls was estimated using the STRENGTH-I loading case.

LPILE Plus 5.0 was used to model the soil-structure interaction using the non-linear pile stiffness to compute the pile response (Type 3 analysis). A summary of the recommended shaft sizes and spacing options is presented below for both soil profiles.

Table 1: Profile A (Front Street to Fifth Street)

Retained Height (ft)	Drilled Shaft Dia. (in)	c-c Spacing (in)	δ_{\max} (in) no axial load	δ_{\max} (in) with axial load	Embedment D (ft)
25	48	120	2.76	2.67	50
35	60	84	3.90	3.82	60
45	86	120	4.95	4.91	69

Table 2: Profile B (East and West of Profile A)

Retained Height (ft)	Drilled Shaft Dia. (in)	c-c Spacing (in)	δ_{\max} (in) no axial load	δ_{\max} (in) with axial load	Embedment D (ft)
25	48	78	2.87	2.82	45
35	60	84	3.71	3.63	55

It should be noted that the analyses which include the axial load show deflections that are smaller than those performed without the axial load. The application of the axial load to the pile slightly changes the bending behavior of the pile. The analyses make use of the non-linear bending stiffness (EI) of the pile. Because the pile is subjected to an axial load, the cracked moment of inertia (for reinforced concrete sections) is developed under a higher bending moment relative to the case with no axial load. With the addition of this axial load, the pile behaves in a stiffer manner. This effect is analogous to the bending behavior of a pre-stressed member.

The required embedment depths are based upon the required geotechnical resistance against lateral loading. The axial resistance of the pile was evaluated and was found to be more than adequate to support the factored axial loads from the proposed structures.

6.3.2 Soldier Pile and Lagging Retaining Wall using Permanent Ground Anchors

In addition to drilled shafts, a soldier piles and lagging retaining wall could also be considered in areas where top-down construction is required. Many of the proposed retaining walls will have retained heights of 25 feet or more. In order to provide an efficient design, it is recommended that permanent ground anchors be used to limit the lateral forces and bending moments that would have to be resisted by the embedded piles. The ground anchors would also limit deflections of the proposed wall while using a smaller steel section. Because the soils are typically hard/dense, it is anticipated that the piles will have to be prebored with structural concrete filling the annular space around the pile below the bottom of the proposed excavation.

DLZ has performed analyses to determine the approximate size and spacing of the piles and soil anchors for this type of wall. It was assumed that deflections should be limited to approximately 1 to 2 inches. It was also assumed that two rows of soil anchors would be used. For taller walls, it may be beneficial to add additional rows of anchors. However, details regarding optimization of the proposed design can be addressed during final design. Preliminary analyses indicate that 2-C15x50 sections on 9-foot center-to-center spacing would adequately support walls having retained heights up to 35 feet. Similarly, analyses indicate that 2-C12x30 sections on 8-foot center-to-center spacing would adequately support walls having retained heights up to 25 feet. Wall heights above 35 feet generally occur in one portion of the project, on the north side of the I-70 alignment between Front and High Streets. In this area, sufficient right of way does not exist to permit the installation of ground anchors without encroaching upon private property, where buildings are reported to be on deep foundations. For this reason, soldier pile walls up to 45 feet were not considered.

Table 3: Profile A and B

Retained Height (ft)	Section	c-c Spacing (ft)	Anchor Load, R1 (kips)	Anchor Load, R2 (kips)	Embedment D (ft)
25	2C12x30	8	98.64	98.42	44
35	2C15x50	9	225.60	201.31	54

It is assumed that a 36-inch diameter shaft would be used below the bottom of the excavation (embedded length). Unlike the drilled shaft wall, the soldier pile embedded length is affected by the application of the axial load. The embedded piles length required for only lateral geotechnical resistance is not adequate to resist the applied axial loads from the proposed structure. Therefore, the embedment lengths cited in Table 3 include the additional lengths required in order to develop the factored nominal resistance to axial loading.

Spreadsheet calculations were used to analyze the development of shear and bending moments in the piles above the bottom of the excavation using factored

and unfactored loads. LPILE Plus 5.0 was used to model the soil-structure interaction using a constant pile stiffness (EI) to compute the response of the discrete embedded piles.

6.4 Bottom-up Construction

In areas where ample right-of-way exists, and construction activities would not impede traffic on side roads, bottom-up construction of the retaining walls would be possible. The use of reinforced concrete cantilever semi-gravity walls could be considered in areas where bottom-up construction is possible. Counterforts may be considered to help control deflections of the proposed retaining walls. As an alternative to the cantilevered semi-gravity walls, the use of internally stabilized retaining walls should also be considered. Mechanically stabilized earth (MSE) walls are well suited for this application.

Most of the existing retaining walls in the project area are supported by shallow footings founded on dense glacial till or alluvium deposits. Based on the performance of the existing structures and a review of soils encountered in the project borings, the subsurface conditions are well suited for retaining walls founded on shallow footings.

It should also be noted that while it may not appear to be cost effective, the use of temporary shoring to support excavations for construction of retaining walls utilizing bottom-up construction could be considered. Temporary shoring could be provided by soldier pile walls using lagging and ground anchors or drilled shaft walls.

6.4.1 Nominal Bearing Resistance

It is anticipated that concrete gravity-type retaining walls supported on spread footing foundations will most likely be used in areas where the walls will be less than 15 feet high, such as between Stations 729+60 and 734+50, or where predominantly new fill will be placed behind the walls, such as along the south wall between Stations 746+00 and 762+50. Separate recommendations for bearing resistance were developed for gravity-type walls bearing on granular-type soils and cohesive-type soils. It is anticipated that predominantly granular-type soils will be encountered at the bearing elevation west of Station 734+50 and along the south wall between Stations 759+00 and 762+50. It is anticipated that cohesive-type soils will be encountered at the bearing elevation along the south wall between Stations 746+00 and 759+00.

The nominal bearing resistance (q_n) for spread footing foundations on cohesive soil is 15.9 kips per square foot (ksf), assuming a minimum 4-foot embedment and a 10-foot wide footing. If a different width footing is used, the nominal bearing resistance will need to be adjusted. Refer to the table below for nominal bearing resistances for other footing widths. The recommended bearing resistance

factor (ϕ_r) is 1.0 for service and extreme limit states and 0.5 for strength limit states.

Table 4: Nominal Bearing Resistance Values (q_n) for Spread Footings on Cohesive Soil

Effective Footing Width, B' (ft)	Nominal Bearing Resistance, q_n (ksf)
5.0	14.6
6.0	15.1
7.0	15.6
8.0 and greater	15.9*

*- maximum value of q_n

The recommended value of nominal sliding resistance on cohesive soils is 3000 pounds per square foot (psf). The recommended sliding resistance factor (ϕ_τ) is 0.85 for the strength limit state.

The nominal bearing resistance (q_n) for spread footing foundations on granular soil is 20.0 ksf, assuming a minimum 4-foot embedment and a 10-foot wide footing. If a different width footing is used, the nominal bearing resistance will need to be adjusted. Refer to the table below for nominal bearing resistances for other footing widths. The recommended bearing resistance factor (ϕ_r) is 1.0 for service and extreme limit states and 0.45 for strength limit states.

Table 5: Nominal Bearing Resistance Values (q_n) for Spread Footings on Granular Soil

Effective Footing Width, B' (ft)	Nominal Bearing Resistance, q_n (ksf)
5.0	17.1
6.0	17.7
7.0	18.3
8.0	18.8
9.0	19.4
10.0	20.0
11.0	20.6
12.0	21.2
13.0	21.8
14.0	22.4
15.0	23.0

The recommended value of $\tan \delta$ to determine nominal sliding resistance on granular soils is 0.67. The recommended sliding resistance factor (ϕ_τ) is 0.8 for the strength limit state.

6.4.2 Settlement Analysis

A settlement analysis was performed on a typical 25 to 30-foot high wall along the south side of the south trench between Stations 746+00 and 762+50, based on the soils encountered in Borings B-034 and B-035. Results of the analysis indicate that approximately 0.75 inches will occur at the face of the wall. Due to the predominantly granular nature of the underlying soils, it is anticipated that most of this settlement will occur during construction.

6.5 Construction Considerations

6.5.1 Driven Piles

As outlined in Section 6.3, it is recommended that driven piles not be used on this portion of the project. The presence of boulders would likely damage piles, possibly reducing their load carrying capacity or rendering them useless. In addition to drivability concerns, the vibrations induced by the hammering of the piles could cause damage to nearby structures. Along most of the alignment, construction activities will occur in very close proximity to residential and commercial buildings. It is understood that ms consultants has retained the services of a firm which specializes in construction vibrations. Further discussion of this topic would be warranted after this firm has had an opportunity to assess any potential concerns on this project.

6.5.2 Special Considerations - Deflection

Excessive amounts of deflection could occur at the top of the proposed retaining walls. This deflection will need to be considered, particularly where the walls will support bridge or cap abutments. The cantilevered drilled shaft retaining walls are the most critical wall type with respect to this issue. Section 6.1.2 discussed the eccentricity that was assumed in the analysis. The analyses were done in this manner to show that a certain amount of uncertainty with respect to the deflection should not preclude this wall type from being used in such an application. In the analyses, the worst case scenario for the application of the load was assumed while limiting eccentricity to one percent. The analyses indicate that the most critical drilled shafts (smallest diameter on largest spacing) could withstand eccentricities of up to 12 inches prior to exceeding strength and service limits. Interaction diagrams have been prepared which illustrate the effect of the application of the axial load and bending moment couple (from eccentricity) on the drilled shafts. These diagrams can be provided upon request.

Deflections of the proposed retaining walls should be monitored in order to estimate when the wall movement has ceased and to gauge the magnitude of said movement. Retaining walls constructed in a bottom-up fashion will deflect when backfill is placed to grade behind the wall. Conversely, drilled shaft walls will deflect as the material in front of the walls is excavated. In order to allow the drilled shaft retaining walls to deflect prior to construction bridges or caps, it is recommended that the material in front of the wall be excavated to proposed

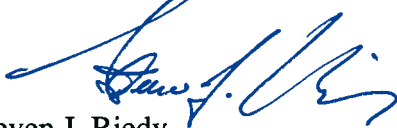
this process could take up to several months. Other sequencing schemes could be considered in the future as additional design details are developed.

7.0 CLOSING REMARKS


We appreciate having the opportunity to be of service to you on this project. Please do not hesitate to call if you have any questions concerning our report.

Respectfully submitted,

DLZ OHIO, INC.



Steven J. Riedy
Geotechnical Engineer



Dorothy A. Adams, P.E.
Senior Geotechnical Engineer

cc: file

sjr

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APPENDIX A

General Information – Drilling Procedures and Logs of Borings

Legend – Boring Log Terminology

Boring Logs – Eighteen (18) Borings

GENERAL INFORMATION DRILLING PROCEDURES AND LOGS OF BORINGS

Drilling and sampling were conducted in accordance with procedures generally recognized and accepted as standardized methods of investigation of subsurface conditions concerning geotechnical engineering considerations. Borings were drilled with either a truck-mounted or ATV-mounted drill rig.

Drive split-barrel sampling was performed in 1.5 foot increments at intervals not exceeding 5 feet. In the event the sampler encountered resistance to penetration of 6 inches or less after 50 blows of the drop hammer, the sampling increment was discontinued. Standard penetration data were recorded and one or more representative samples were preserved from each sampling increment.

In borings where rock was cored, NXM or NQ size diamond coring tools were used.

In the laboratory all samples were visually classified by a geotechnical engineer. Moisture contents of representative fine-grained soil samples were determined. A limited number of samples, considered representative of foundation materials present, were selected for performance of grain-size analyses and plasticity characteristics tests. The results of these tests are shown on the boring logs.

The boring logs included in the Appendix have been prepared on the basis of the field record of drilling and sampling, and the results of the laboratory examination and testing of samples. Stratification lines on the boring logs indicating changes in soil stratigraphy represent depths of changes approximated by the driller, by sampling effort and recovery, and by laboratory test results. Actual depths to changes may differ somewhat from the estimated depths, or transitions may occur gradually and not be sharply defined. The boring logs presented in this report therefore contain both factual and interpretative information and are not an exact copy of the field log.

Although it is considered that the borings have disclosed information generally representative of site conditions, it should be expected that between borings conditions may occur which are not precisely represented by any one of the borings. Soil deposition processes and natural geologic forces are such that soil and rock types and conditions may change in short vertical intervals and horizontal distances.

Soil/rock samples will be stored at our laboratory for a period of six months. After this period of time, they will be discarded, unless notified to the contrary by the client.

LEGEND – BORING LOG TERMINOLOGY

Explanation of each column, progressing from left to right

1. Depth (in feet) – refers to distance below the ground surface.
2. Elevation (in feet) – is referenced to mean sea level, unless otherwise noted.
3. Standard Penetration (N) – the number of blows required to drive a 2-inch O.D., 1-3/8 inch I.D., split-barrel sampler, using a 140-pound hammer with a 30-inch free fall. The blows are recorded in 6-inch drive increments. Standard penetration resistance is determined from the total number of blows required for one foot of penetration by summing the second and third 6-inch increments of an 18-inch drive.

50/n – indicates number of blows (50) to drive a split-barrel sampler a certain number of inches (n) other than the normal 6-inch increment.
4. The length of the sampler drive is indicated graphically by horizontal lines across the “Standard Penetration” and “Recovery” columns.
5. Sample recovery from each drive is indicated numerically in the column headed “Recovery”.
6. The drive sample location is designated by the heavy vertical bar in the “Sample No., Drive” column.
7. The length of hydraulically pressed “Undisturbed” samples is indicated graphically by horizontal lines across the “Press” column.
8. Sample numbers are designated consecutively, increasing in depth.
9. Soil Description
 - a. The following terms are used to describe the relative compactness and consistency of soils:

Granular Soils – Compactness

<u>Term</u>	<u>Blows/Foot Standard Penetration</u>
Very Loose	0 – 4
Loose	4 – 10
Medium Dense	10 – 30
Dense	30 – 50
Very Dense	over 50

Cohesive Soils – Consistency

<u>Term</u>	<u>Unconfined Compression tons/sq.ft.</u>	<u>Blows/Foot Standard Penetration</u>	<u>Hand Manipulation</u>
Very Soft	less than 0.25	below 2	Easily penetrated by fist
Soft	0.25 – 0.50	2 – 4	Easily penetrated by thumb
Medium Stiff	0.50 – 1.0	4 – 8	Penetrated by thumb with moderate pressure
Stiff	1.0 – 2.0	8 – 15	Readily indented by thumb but not penetrated
Very Stiff	2.0 – 4.0	15 – 30	Readily indented by thumb nail
Hard	over 4.0	over 30	Indented with difficulty by thumb nail

- b. Color – If a soil is a uniform color throughout, the term is single, modified by such adjective as light and dark. If the predominant color is shaded by a secondary color, the secondary color precedes the primary color. If two major and distinct colors are swirled throughout the soil, the colors are modified by the term “mottled”.
- c. Texture is based on the Ohio Department of Transportation Classification System. Soil particle size definitions are as follows:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Size</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Size</u>
Boulders	Larger than 8"	Sand – Coarse	2.0 mm to 0.42 mm
Cobbles	8" to 3"	– Fine	0.42 mm to 0.074 mm
Gravel – Coarse	3" to ¾"	Silt	0.074 mm to 0.005 mm
– Fine	¾" to 2.0 mm	Clay	smaller than 0.005 mm

- d. The main soil component is listed first. The minor components are listed in order of decreasing percentage of particle size.
- e. Modifiers to main soil descriptions are indicated as a percentage by weight of particle sizes.

trace	0 to 10%
little	10 to 20%
some	20 to 35%
"and"	35 to 50%

- f. Moisture content of **cohesionless soils** (sands and gravels) is described as follows:

<u>Term</u>	<u>Relative Moisture or Appearance</u>
Dry	No moisture present
Damp	Internal moisture, but none to little surface moisture
Moist	Free water on surface
Wet	Voids filled with free water

- g. The moisture content of **cohesive soils** (silts and clays) is expressed relative to plastic properties.

<u>Term</u>	<u>Relative Moisture or Appearance</u>
Dry	Powdery
Damp	Moisture content slightly below plastic limit
Moist	Moisture content above plastic limit but below liquid limit
Wet	Moisture content above liquid limit

10. Rock Hardness and Rock Quality Designation

- a. The following terms are used to describe the relative hardness of the **bedrock**.

<u>Term</u>	<u>Description</u>
Very Soft	Permits denting by moderate pressure of the fingers. Resembles hard soil but has rock structure. (Crushes under pressure of fingers and/or thumb)
Soft	Resists denting by fingers, but can be abraded and pierced to shallow depth by a pencil point. (Crushes under pressure of pressed hammer)
Medium Hard	Resists pencil point, but can be scratched with a knife blade. (Breaks easily under single hammer blow, but with crumbly edges.)
Hard	Can be deformed or broken by light to moderate hammer blows. (Breaks under one or two strong hammer blow, but with resistant sharp edges.)
Very Hard	Can be broken only by heavy and in some rocks repeated hammer blows.

- b. Rock Quality Designation, RQD – This value is expressed in percent and is an indirect measure of rock soundness. It is obtained by summing the total length of all core pieces which are at least four inches long, and then dividing this sum by the total length of the core run.

11. Gradation – when tests are performed, the percentage of each particle size is listed in the appropriate column (defined in Item 9c).
12. When a test is performed to determine the natural moisture content, liquid limit moisture content, or plastic limit moisture content, the moisture content is indicated graphically.
13. The standard penetration (N) value in blows per foot is indicated graphically.

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LOG OF: Boring B-025				Location: Sta. 732+65.07, 88.70 ft Lt. of I-70 CL				Date Drilled: 7/24/2008									
Depth (ft)	Elev. (ft)	Blows per 6"	Recovery	Sample No.		Hand Penetro-meter (tsf)	WATER OBSERVATIONS: Water seepage at: 26.0' Water level at completion: 39.0' FIELD NOTES: Advanced boring using 3.25" diameter hollowstem augers.	Graphic Log	GRADATION					STANDARD PENETRATION (N60) Natural Moisture Content, % - ● PL 10 20 30 40 LL Blows per foot - ○ / Non-Plastic - NP			
				Drive	Press / Core				% Aggregate	% C. Sand	% M. Sand	% F. Sand	% Silt			% Clay	
28.5	715.4	3 6 17	13	12		3.5	Very stiff gray SILTY CLAY (A-6b), little fine sand; moist.										
30	711.9	17 29 37	10	13			Very dense brown GRAVEL WITH SAND (A-1-b), some fine to coarse sand, little silty clay; wet. @ 30.0'-38.5', encountered cobbles while augering.										67
35		29 50/5	6	14					50	21	---	10	14	5	NP		50+
38.5	701.9	23 50/6	10	15		4.5+	Hard gray SANDY SILT (A-4a), some fine to coarse sand, trace gravel; damp.										50+
43.5	696.9	9 30 37	12	16			Very dense gray GRAVEL WITH SAND (A-1-b), "and" fine to coarse sand, little silt; wet.										68
50	690.4	22 39 30	15	17					39	26	---	22	--13--		NP		70

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Depth (ft)	Elev. (ft)	Blows per 6"	Recovery	Sample No.		Hand Penetro- meter (tsf)	WATER OBSERVATIONS: Water seepage at: 41.0', 58.0', 77.0' Water level at completion: 29.1' (beginning of shift, 8/5/08) 30.7' (includes drilling water) FIELD NOTES: Advanced boring using 4.0" diameter flush joint casing.	Graphic Log	GRADATION						STANDARD PENETRATION (N60) Natural Moisture Content, % - ● PL ————— LL Blows per foot - ○ / Non-Plastic - NP 10 20 30 40																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																	
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LOG OF: Boring B-029				Location: Sta. 740+41.62, 85.96 ft Rt. of I-70 CL						Date Drilled: 7/9/2008 to 7/14/2008																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																												
Depth (ft)	Elev. (ft)	Blows per 6"	Recovery	Sample No.		Hand Penetro- meter (tsf)	WATER OBSERVATIONS: Water seepage at: 21.0'-25.0',30.0'-32.0',40.0'-110.0' Water level at completion: 29.4' (beginning of shift, 7/10/08) 20.5' (includes drilling water) FIELD NOTES: Advanced boring using 3.25" diameter hollowstem augers.	Graphic Log	GRADATION						STANDARD PENETRATION (N60) Natural Moisture Content, % - ●																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																							
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Client: ms consultants

Project: FRA-70-8.93

Job No. 0221-1004.01

LOG OF: Boring B-030

Location: Sta. 743+00.05, 64.213 ft Lt. of I-70 CL

Date Drilled: 7/20/2008 to 7/23/2008

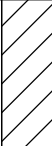
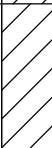

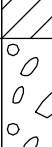
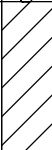



[illegible]

Client: ms consultants				Project: FRA-70-8.93				Job No. 0221-1004.01											
LOG OF: Boring B-030				Location: Sta. 743+00.05, 64.213 ft Lt. of I-70 CL				Date Drilled: 7/20/2008 to 7/23/2008											
Depth (ft)	Elev. (ft)	Blows per 6"	Recovery	Sample No.		Hand Penetro- meter (tsf)	WATER OBSERVATIONS: Water seepage at: 16.0' Water level at completion: 13.6' (includes drilling water) FIELD NOTES: Advanced boring using 3.25" diameter hollowstem augers.	Graphic Log	GRADATION					STANDARD PENETRATION (N60) Natural Moisture Content, % - ●					
				Drive	Press / Core				% Aggregate	% C. Sand	% M. Sand	% F. Sand	% Silt	% Clay	PL 10 20 30 40 / Non-Plastic - NP				
	711.7																		
		23 45 50/4	15	13			Very dense gray FINE SAND (A-3), some silty clay, trace coarse sand; wet. @ 26.0', 0.4 feet sand heave.												50+ ○
30		9 21 31	16	14															53 ○
35		14 30 45	16	15					0	8	---	69	--23--		●				77 ○
40		50/4	4	16			@ 38.5'-38.8', contains sandy silt seams. @ 38.5'-43.5', difficult drilling.												50+ ○
45		11 32 50/5	17	17			@ 43.5', 1.9 feet sand heave.												50+ ○
47.0	689.7																		
50	686.7	12 50/5	10	18			Very dense gray COARSE AND FINE SAND (A-3a), little gravel, trace silty clay; wet.		15	54	---	23	--8--		●				50+ ○

Client: ms consultants				Project: FRA-70-8.93				Job No. 0221-1004.01																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																				
LOG OF: Boring B-031				Location: Sta. 745+02.00, 72.77 ft Rt. of I-70 CL				Date Drilled: 7/7/2008 to 7/8/2008																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																				
Depth (ft)	Elev. (ft)	Blows per 6"	Recovery	Sample No.		Hand Penetro- meter (tsf)	WATER OBSERVATIONS: Water seepage at: 9.5' Water level at completion: 8.3' (includes drilling water) FIELD NOTES: Advanced boring using 3.25" diameter hollowstem augers.	Graphic Log	GRADATION						STANDARD PENETRATION (N60) Natural Moisture Content, % - ●																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																													
				Drive	Press / Core				% Aggregate	% C. Sand	% M. Sand	% F. Sand	% Silt	% Clay	PL Blows per foot - 10 20 30 40	LL Non-Plastic - NP 10 20 30 40																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																												
28.0	707.6	20 50/5	10	13		4.5+	Hard gray SANDY SILT (A-4a), some fine to coarse sand, trace to little gravel; damp.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																					

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LOG OF: Boring B-034				Location: Sta. 752+71.04, 96.62 ft Lt. of I-70 CL						Date Drilled: 8/7/2008 to 8/14/2008																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																													
Depth (ft)	Elev. (ft)	Blows per 6"	Recovery	Sample No.		Hand Penetro- meter (tsf)	WATER OBSERVATIONS: Water seepage at: 5.5', 10.5', 20.5', 25.5', 62.0' Water level at completion: 43.3' (measured inside casing) At beginning of shift: 8/8 28.5, BOH 45.0' FIELD NOTES: Advanced boring using 4.0" diameter flush joint casing.	Graphic Log	GRADATION						STANDARD PENETRATION (N60) Natural Moisture Content, % - ● PL 10 20 30 40 LL Blows per foot - ○ / Non-Plastic - NP																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																								
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Client: ms consultants						Project: FRA-70-8.93						Job No. 0221-1004.01																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																								
LOG OF: Boring B-037						Location: Sta. 756+80.53, 69.18 ft Lt. of I-70 CL						Date Drilled: 7/21/2008 to 7/24/2008																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																								
Depth (ft)	Elev. (ft)	Blows per 6"	Recovery	Sample No.		Hand Penetro- meter (tsf)	WATER OBSERVATIONS: Water seepage at: 21.0', 25.4', 33.0', 40.5' Water level at completion: 25.6' (prior to coring) 51.6' (includes drilling water) FIELD NOTES: Advanced boring using 3.0" diameter flush joint casing.	Graphic Log	GRADATION						STANDARD PENETRATION (N60) Natural Moisture Content, % - ● PL LL Blows per foot - / Non-Plastic - NP 10 20 30 40																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																					
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57.0	692.1	29 50/5	11	22	4.5+		Hard gray SILT (A-4b), little fine to coarse sand, trace gravel; damp.	++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++	3	3	---	10	63	21	●																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																					

Client: ms consultants						Project: FRA-70-8.93						Job No. 0221-1004.01									
LOG OF: Boring B-040						Location: Sta. 760+61.33, 137.60 ft Rt. of I-70 CL						Date Drilled: 8/15/2008 to 8/19/2008									
Depth (ft)	Elev. (ft)	Blows per 6"	Recovery	Sample No.		Hand Penetro- meter (tsf)	WATER OBSERVATIONS: Water seepage at: 10.5', 23.0', 47.0' Water level at completion: 29.7' (beginning of shift, 8/18/08) 29.3' (includes drilling water) FIELD NOTES: Advanced boring using 4.0" diameter flush joint casing.	Graphic Log	GRADATION						STANDARD PENETRATION (N60) Natural Moisture Content, % - ● PL 10 20 30 40 LL Blows per foot - ○ / Non-Plastic - NP						
				Drive	Press / Core				% Aggregate	% C. Sand	% M. Sand	% F. Sand	% Silt	% Clay							
	758.9						DESCRIPTION														
3.5	755.4	5				0.75	POSSIBLE FILL: Medium stiff brownish gray SILT AND CLAY (A-6a), little fine to coarse sand, trace gravel; brick fragments coating sample; moist.														
		4																		1	
		4	10																		
5		4				--	Medium stiff brown SILT AND CLAY (A-6a), some fine to coarse sand, trace gravel; moist.														
		3																		2	
		4	1																		
		9	11	14																	
10	747.9	6				<0.25	@ 8.5'-10.0', very soft, some gravel.														
		13																		4	
		8	4																		
13.5	745.4	8					Medium dense gray GRAVEL (A-1-a); wet.														
		12																		5	
15		6				3.0	Very stiff gray SILT AND CLAY (A-6a), some fine to coarse sand, trace gravel; damp to moist. @ 13.5'-15.0', contains silt and sand seams.														
		12																		6	
		10	18																		
		8	12	18	18																
20	737.9	10				2.75															
		14																		8	
		20	3																		
23.5	735.4	12				2.0	Stiff to very stiff gray SANDY SILT (A-4a), some fine to coarse sand, little gravel; moist.														
		14																	9		
25	733.9	14					Dense gray GRAVEL WITH SAND, SILT, AND CLAY (A-2-6); possible cobbles; wet.														

Client: ms consultants						Project: FRA-70-8.93						Job No. 0221-1004.01																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																											
LOG OF: Boring B-040						Location: Sta. 760+61.33, 137.60 ft Rt. of I-70 CL						Date Drilled: 8/15/2008 to 8/19/2008																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																											
Depth (ft)	Elev. (ft)	Blows per 6"	Recovery	Sample No.		Hand Penetro- meter (tsf)	WATER OBSERVATIONS: Water seepage at: 10.5', 23.0', 47.0' Water level at completion: 29.7' (beginning of shift, 8/18/08) 29.3' (includes drilling water) FIELD NOTES: Advanced boring using 4.0" diameter flush joint casing.	Graphic Log	GRADATION						STANDARD PENETRATION (N60) Natural Moisture Content, % - ● PL 10 20 30 40 LL Blows per foot - ○ / Non-Plastic - NP																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																								
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Client: ms consultants				Project: FRA-70-8.93				Job No. 0221-1004.01										
LOG OF: Boring B-041				Location: Sta. 762+58.90, 115.94 ft Lt. of I-70 CL				Date Drilled: 6/23/2008 to 6/25/2008										
Depth (ft)	Elev. (ft)	Blows per 6"	Recovery	Sample No.		Hand Penetro- meter (tsf)	WATER OBSERVATIONS: Water seepage at: 13.0'-15.5', 52.0'-92.0' Water level at completion: 37.1' (includes drilling water) FIELD NOTES: Advanced boring using 4.0" diameter flush joint casing.	Graphic Log	GRADATION					STANDARD PENETRATION (N60) Natural Moisture Content, % - ●				
				Drive	Press / Core				% Aggregate	% C. Sand	% M. Sand	% F. Sand	% Silt	% Clay	PL ——— LL Blows per foot - ○ / Non-Plastic - NP			
52.0	707.7						Hard gray SANDY SILT (A-4a), little gravel; damp to moist.											
55		18 30 49	18			18	Very dense brown and gray GRAVEL WITH SAND (A-1-b), little gravel, trace to little silty clay; wet. @ 52.0'-58.5', cobbles and boulders.		38	30	---	21	--11--		NP	●		83 ○
60		50/5	5			19										●		50+ ○
65		6 30 38	18			20										●		72 ○
67.0	692.7						Very dense black, brown, and gray GRAVEL (A-1-a), little fine to coarse sand, trace silty clay; wet.								NP	●		61 ○
70		11 18 40	8			21			78	13	---	5	--4--					
75	684.7	48 50/4	7			22										●		50+ ○

Client: ms consultants						Project: FRA-70-8.93						Job No. 0221-1004.01							
LOG OF: Boring B-041						Location: Sta. 762+58.90, 115.94 ft Lt. of I-70 CL						Date Drilled: 6/23/2008 to 6/25/2008							
Depth (ft)	Elev. (ft)	Blows per 6"	Recovery	Sample No.		Hand Penetro- meter (tsf)	WATER OBSERVATIONS: Water seepage at: 13.0'-15.5', 52.0'-92.0' Water level at completion: 37.1' (includes drilling water) FIELD NOTES: Advanced boring using 4.0" diameter flush joint casing.	Graphic Log	GRADATION						STANDARD PENETRATION (N60) Natural Moisture Content, % - ● PL 10 20 30 40 LL Blows per foot - ○ / Non-Plastic - NP				
				Drive	Press / Core				% Aggregate	% C. Sand	% M. Sand	% F. Sand	% Silt	% Clay					
77.0	682.7						Very dense black, brown, and gray GRAVEL (A-1-a), little fine to coarse sand, trace silty clay; wet.												
80		6 18 33	4		23		Very dense brown and gray GRAVEL WITH SAND AND SILT (A-2-4); wet.												54 ○
82.0	677.7						Very dense gray COARSE AND FINE SAND (A-3a), some silty clay, trace gravel; possible cobbles; wet.												50+ ○
85		50/5	3		24														
90		37 50/5	11		25				5	17	---	44	---	34	---	NP			50+ ○
92.0	667.7						Very dense brownish gray SANDY SILT (A-4a), trace gravel; damp.												50+ ○
95		50/5	5		26														
100	659.7	33 50/5	11		27				9	8	---	21	42	20		NP			50+ ○

Client: ms consultants

Project: FRA-70-8.93

Job No. 0221-1004.01

LOG OF: Boring B-044

Location: Sta. 767+54.82, 120.59 ft Lt. of I-70 CL

Date Drilled: 6/16/2008 to 6/19/2008

[illegible]

Client: ms consultants						Project: FRA-70-8.93						Job No. 0221-1004.01						
LOG OF: Boring B-044						Location: Sta. 767+54.82, 120.59 ft Lt. of I-70 CL						Date Drilled: 6/16/2008 to 6/19/2008						
Depth (ft)	Elev. (ft)	Blows per 6"	Recovery	Sample No.		Hand Penetro- meter (tsf)	WATER OBSERVATIONS: Water seepage at: 13.5'-14.2', 23.5'-25.0' Water level at completion: 19.1' (beginning of shift, 9/17/08) 20.8' (includes drilling water) FIELD NOTES: Advanced boring using 4.25" diameter hollowstem augers to 47.0'; 4.0" casing from 47.0' to 115.5'. DESCRIPTION	Graphic Log	GRADATION						STANDARD PENETRATION (N60) Natural Moisture Content, % - ● PL 10 20 30 40 LL Blows per foot - ○ / Non-Plastic - NP			
				Drive	Press / Core				% Aggregate	% C. Sand	% M. Sand	% F. Sand	% Silt	% Clay				
28.0	739.6	12 20 24	17	12		3.0	Very stiff to hard gray SILT AND CLAY (A-6a), little to some clay, little gravel; damp. @ 26.0', contains few thin (less than 1") fine to medium grained sand seams.											
30	736.6	13 15 25	18	13		4.0	Very stiff to hard gray SANDY SILT (A-4a), little to some clay, little gravel; damp.		18	12	---	20	27	23				
35		35 34 32	4	14		--	@ 33.9', encountered possible cobble or boulder.											
39.6	725.0	14 37 48	18	15A 15B		3.5 --	@ 36.0', pulled augers to change lead. Lead auger bit destroyed. Could not advance further with 500-600 psi down pressure. Changed tools to drill with casing.											
42.0	722.6						Very dense gray COARSE AND FINE SAND (A-3a), little silty clay, trace gravel; wet.											
45		21 42 50/5	17	16		4.5+	Hard gray SANDY SILT (A-4a), "and" fine to coarse sand, trace gravel; damp.		8	13	---	21	35	23				
47.0	717.6						Very dense gray GRAVEL WITH SAND (A-1-b), some silty clay; wet.											
50	714.6	10 20 42	6	17					46	20	---	12	--23--					

Client: ms consultants

Project: FRA-70-8.93

Job No. 0221-1004.01

LOG OF: Boring B-048

Location: Sta. 775+44.31, 173.64 ft Rt. of I-70 CL

Date Drilled: 7/1/2008 to 7/2/2008

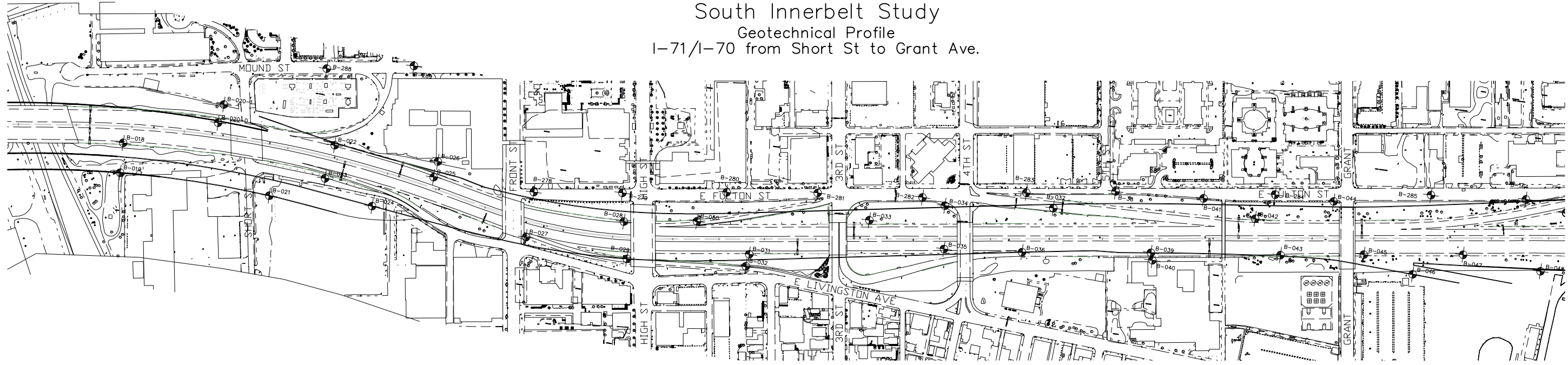
[illegible]

Client: ms consultants						Project: FRA-70-8.93						Job No. 0221-1004.01																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
LOG OF: Boring B-048						Location: Sta. 775+44.31, 173.64 ft Rt. of I-70 CL						Date Drilled: 7/1/2008 to 7/2/2008																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
Depth (ft)	Elev. (ft)	Blows per 6"	Recovery	Sample No.		Hand Penetro- meter (tsf)	WATER OBSERVATIONS: Water seepage at: 13.0'-20.5', 32.0'-47.0', 56.0'-102.0' Water level at completion: 35.7' (beginning of shift, 7/2/08) 12.1' (includes drilling water) FIELD NOTES: Advanced boring using 4.0" diameter flush joint casing.	Graphic Log	GRADATION						STANDARD PENETRATION (N60) Natural Moisture Content, % - ● PL ——— LL Blows per foot - ○ / Non-Plastic - NP																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																											
				Drive	Press / Core				% Aggregate	% C. Sand	% M. Sand	% F. Sand	% Silt	% Clay																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																												
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APPENDIX B

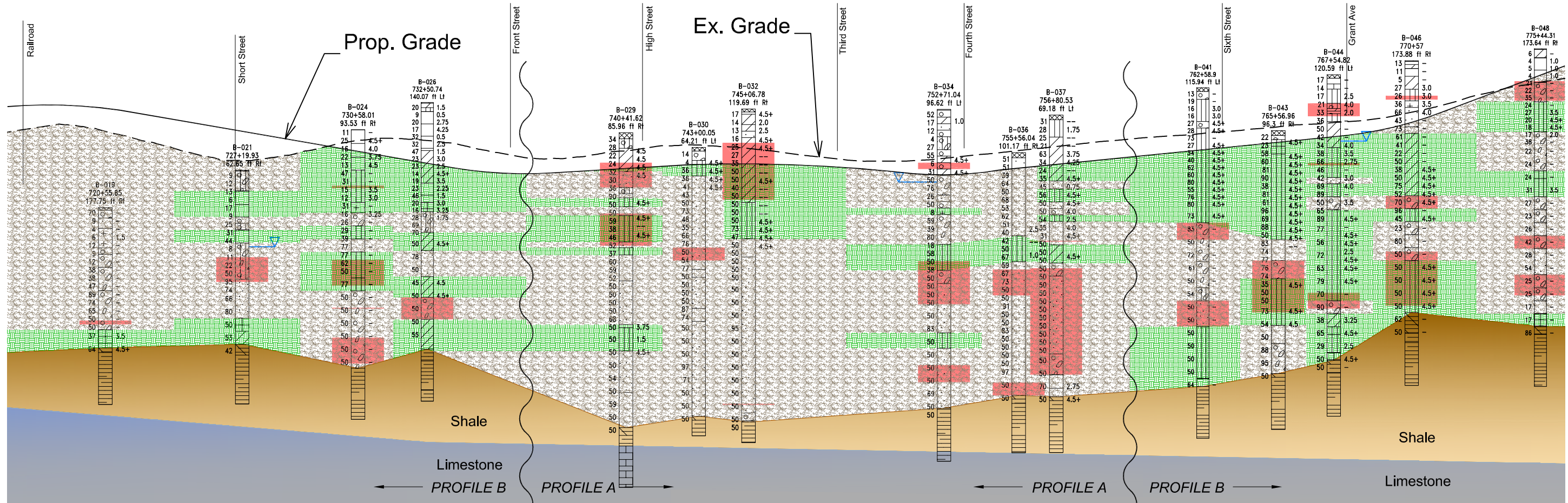
Plan and Profile Drawing
Typical Cross Section Drawings

FRA-70-8.93
South Innerbelt Study
Geotechnical Profile
I-71/I-70 from Short St to Grant Ave.



Horizontal Scale: 1"=400'

Vertical Scale: 1"=40'



Strata Symbols

- Asphalt Concrete (ODOT)
- Topsoil
- A-1-b, gravel and/or stone fragments with sand

- A-2-4 and A-2-5, gravel and/or stone fragments with sand and silt
- A-3a, coarse and fine sand
- A-4a, sandy silt

- A-4b, silt
- A-6a, silt and clay
- A-6b, silty clay

- A-7-6, clay
- Shale
- Limestone

Legend

SPT N Value 10 3.0 Hand Penetrometer (1st)

- Fine-grained Soil
- Coarse-grained Soil
- Possible boulders/cobbles or difficult drilling conditions
- Water level as measured in piezometer installations



DLZ Ohio, Inc.
6121 Huntley Road • Columbus, Ohio 43229-1003
Phone (614)888-0040 • Fax (614)848-6712
www.dlzcpr.com

Profile as of 1-23-09

GEOTECHNICAL PROFILE
SHORT ST TO GRANT AVE

FRA-70-8.93

PID No. 77369
DESIGNED SUR DATE 03/30/09





Batchplot Spec: \$BATCH\$
Pen Table: \$PENTABLE\$
Plot Driver: \$PLOTDRIVER\$



34" x 22"



View: \$VIEW\$
By: \$USER\$

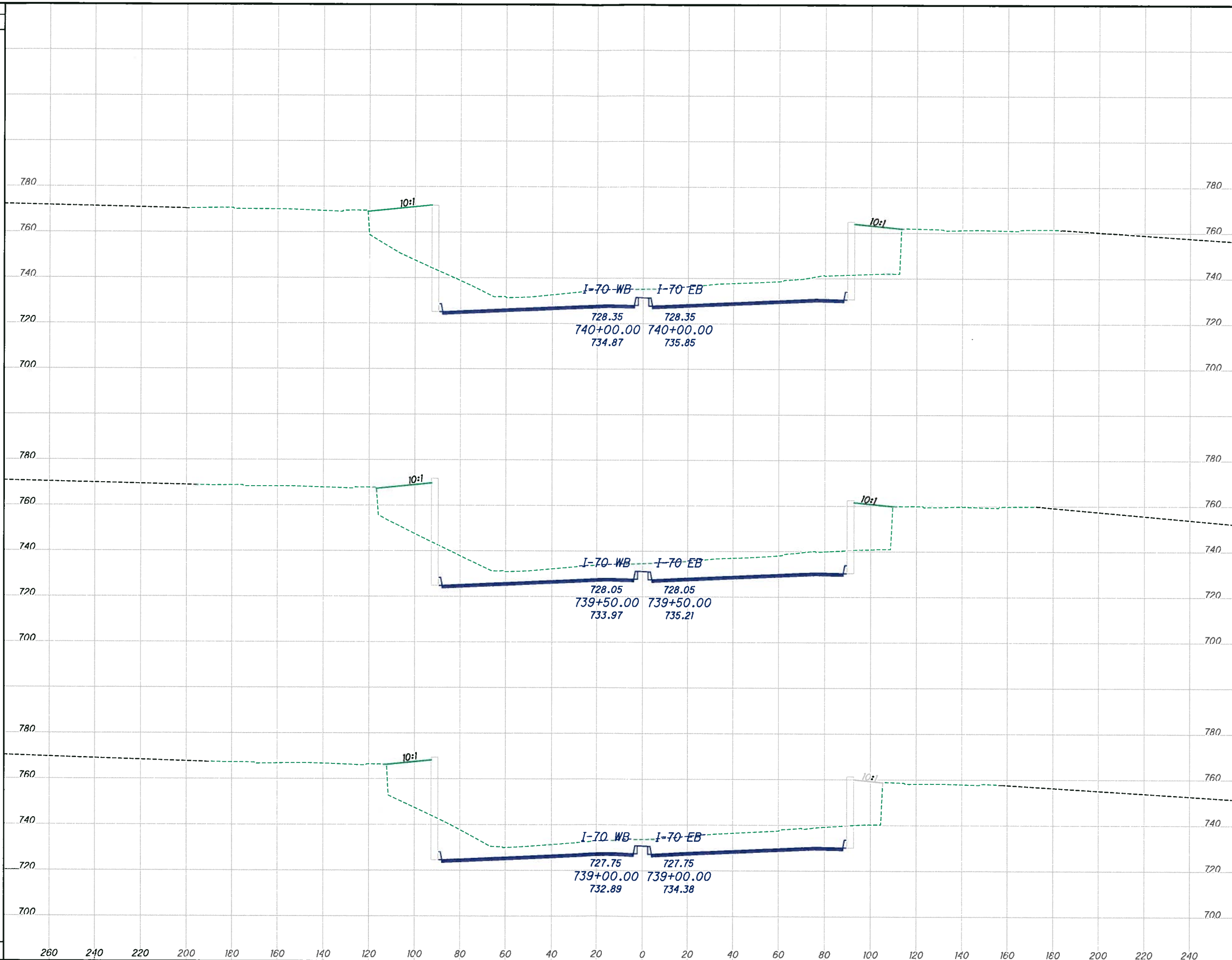
\$TIME\$

\$MODEL\$
Printed: \$DATE\$
File: \$FILE\$

\$MESSAGE1\$

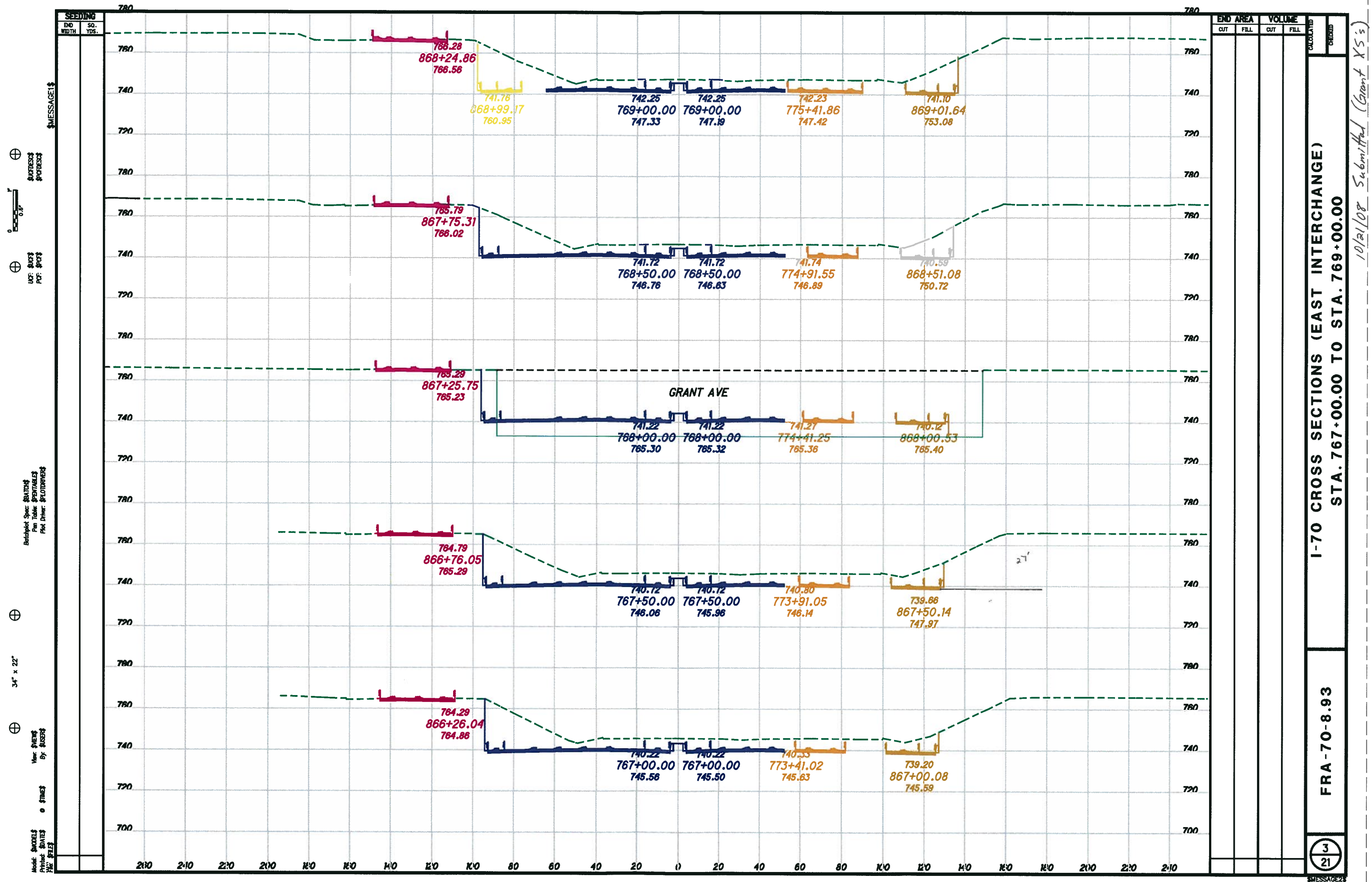
SEEDING

END SQ.
WIDTH YDS.



END AREA		VOLUME		CALCULATED	CHECKED
CUT	FILL	CUT	FILL		
CROSS SECTIONS - I-70					
STA. 739+00.00 TO STA. 740+00.00					
FRA-70-8.93					
82					
84					
\$MESSAGE2\$					

MESSAGE2



SEEDING
END SQ.
WIDTH YDS.

UCF: \$UCF\$
PCF: \$PCF\$

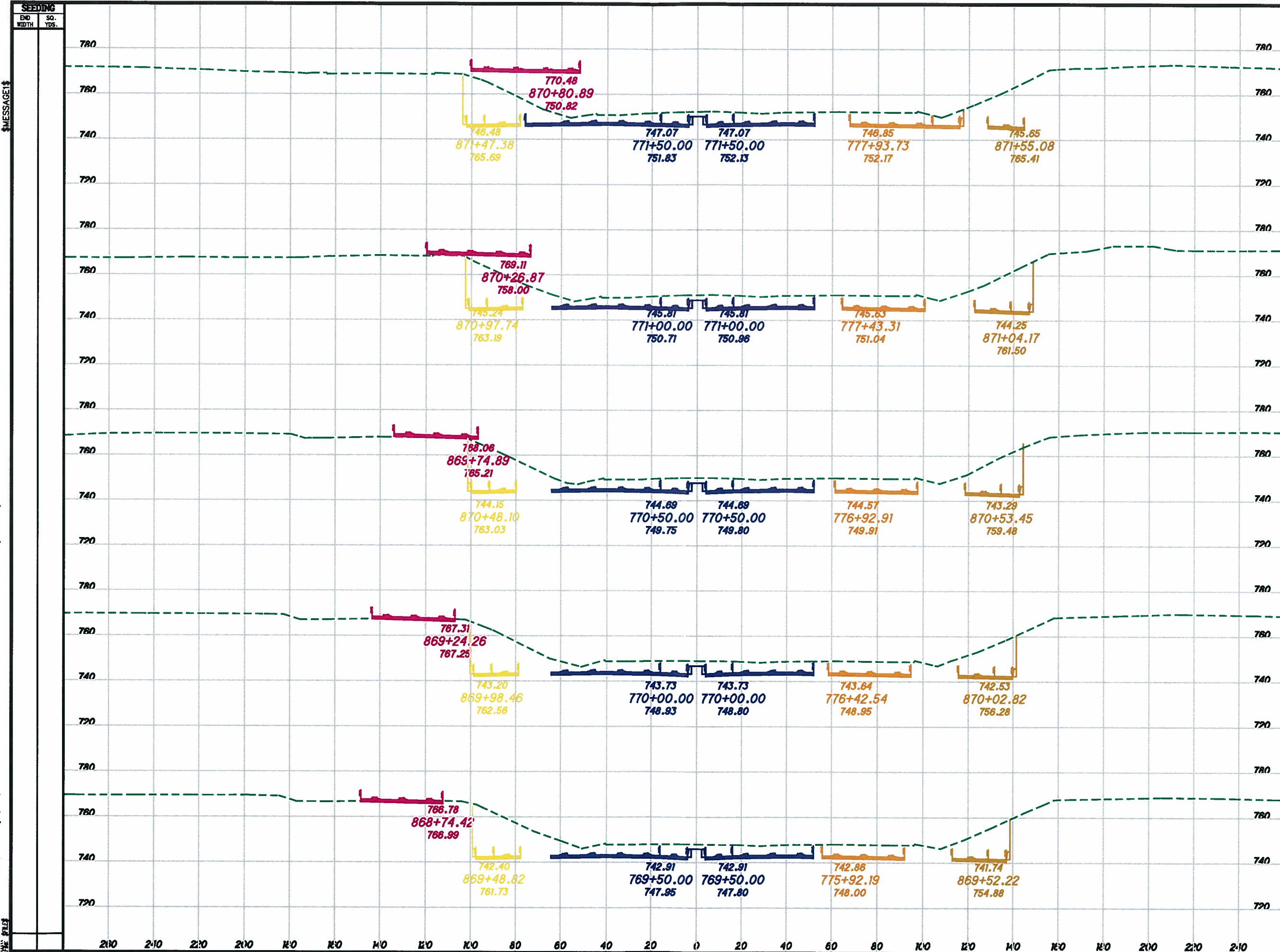
Batchplot Spec: \$BATCH\$
Pen Table: \$PENTABLE\$
Plot Driver: \$PLOTDRIVER\$

34" x 22"

View: \$VIEW\$
By: \$USER\$

o \$TIME\$

Model: \$MODEL\$
Printed: \$DATE\$
File: \$FILE\$



END AREA		VOLUME		CALCULATED	CHECKED
CUT	FILL	CUT	FILL		

I-70 CROSS SECTIONS (EAST INTERCHANGE)
STA. 769+50.00 TO STA. 771+50.00

FRA-70-8.93

4
21

APPENDIX C

Unconfined Compression Test Results: Rock
In-situ Test Results
Predicted p-y Curves

Unconfined Compression Test Results: Rock

Unconfined Compression of Rock Core Specimens

(ASTM D-2938)

DLZ Project No.: 022--1004.01

Client: ODOT

Project Name: FRA-70-8.93

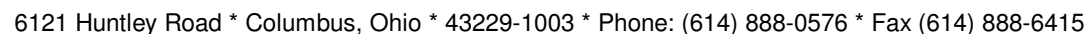
Date: 11/14/08

Boring	Run	Depth (ft.)	D ₁	D ₂	D ₃	D _(ave)	L ₁	L ₂	L ₃	L _(ave)	L/D	Volume (ft ³)	Mass (Gram)	Unit Wt.(pcf)	Load (lbs)	Strength (psi)
B-021	3	82.8'-83.3'	1.979	1.805	1.981	1.956	4.131	4.068	4.016	4.072	2.082	0.007075	493.48	153.8	4610	1,535
			1.985	1.999	1.985											
B-024	2	97.7'-98.1'	1.957	1.950	1.953	1.955	4.336	4.351	4.448	4.378	2.239	0.007604	527.00	152.8	4950	1,649
			1.951	1.965	1.955											
B-026	3	100.5'-101.0'	1.985	1.972	1.990	1.981	4.341	4.337	4.354	4.344	2.193	0.007745	510.28	145.3	7369	2,391
			1.984	1.967	1.988											
B-029	2	11.2'-121.5'	1.989	1.988	1.996	1.991	4.321	4.287	4.241	4.283	2.151	0.007714	595.02	170.0	44000	14,130
			1.993	1.991	1.990											
B-034	4	130.0'-130.4'	1.974	1.988	1.994	1.981	3.847	3.886	3.831	3.855	1.946	0.00687	451.55	144.9	12,299	3,978
			1.984	1.975	1.969											
B-036	2	103.7'-104.2'	1.957	2.001	1.984	1.983	4.115	4.124	4.164	4.134	2.085	0.007386	457.57	136.6	4450	1,441
			1.995	1.974	1.987											
B-037	4	121.2'-121.7'	1.971	1.965	1.993	1.981	4.254	4.253	4.283	4.263	2.153	0.007597	506.48	147.0	4760	1,545
			1.994	1.962	1.998											



Engineers * Architects * Scientists

6121 Huntley Road * Columbus, Ohio * 43229-1003 * Phone: (614) 888-0576 * Fax (614) 888-6415

[illegible]

In-situ Test Results

Pressuremeter Test Results



SUBJECT FRA-70-8.93
Pressuremeter Data

JOB NUMBER 0221-1004.01
SHEET NO. OF
COMP. BY SJR DATE 3/20/09
CHECKED BY DAA DATE 3/20/09

PRESSUREMETER CALIBRATION

ASTM D 4719 - Method A

Project No.: 0221-1004.01
Test Date: 2/23/09
Testing By: SJR
Depth of Probe: 0 (ft)
0 (m)

Project Name: FRA-70-8.93
Probe Size: NX (2.76")
Height of Gage: 3 (ft)
Initial Water Level: 0 cc
Zero Level Volume: 158 cc

Probe No. 1

in 2.985" casing

Low Pressure Calibration

CALIBRATION DATA

Pressure

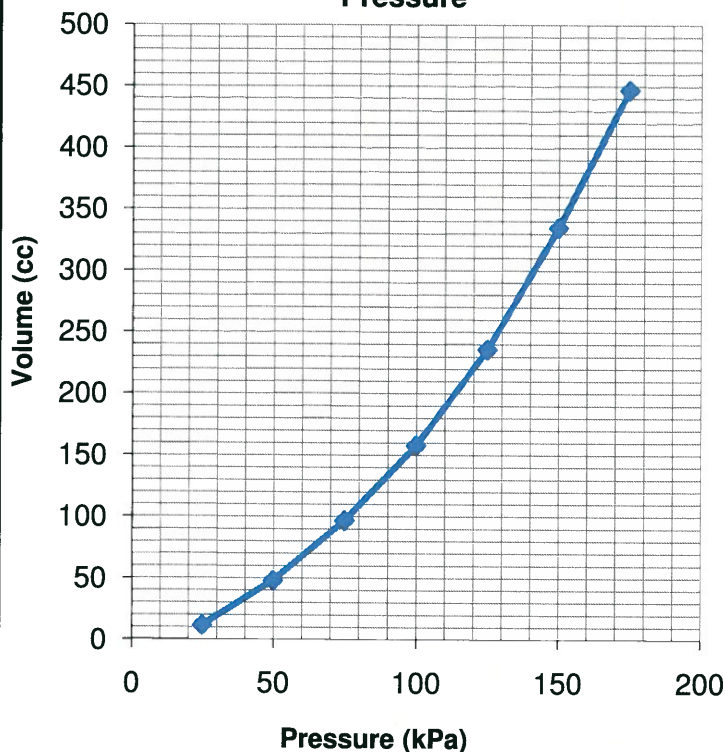
(kPa)	Vol (cc)
25	12.0
50	48.0
75	97.0
100	158.0
125	236.0
150	335.0
175	447.0

High Pressure Calibration

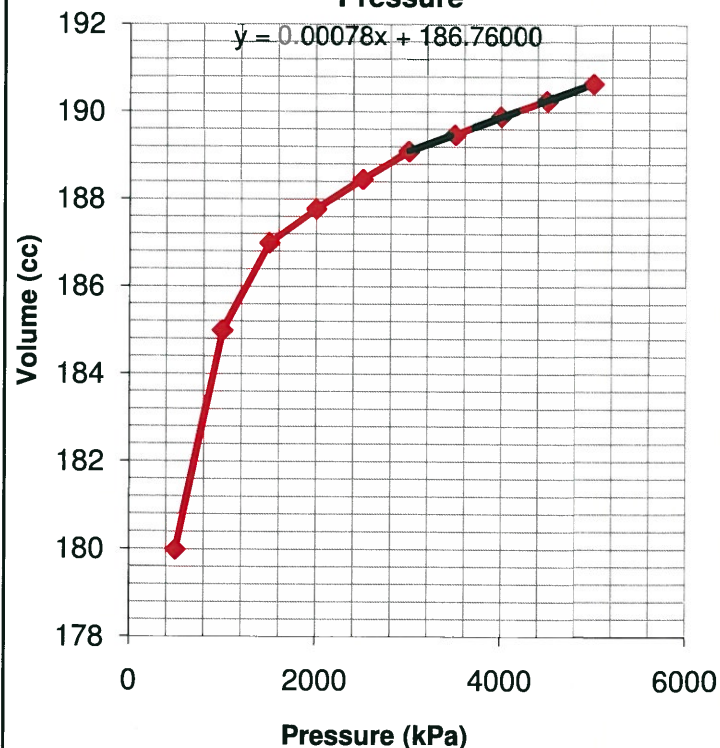
CALIBRATION DATA

(kPa)	Vol (cc)
500	180
1000	185
1500	187
2000	187.78
2500	188.46
3000	189.10
3500	189.48
4000	189.90
4500	190.26
5000	190.66

Pressuremeter Calibration - Low Pressure



Pressuremeter Calibration - High Pressure





SUBJECT FRA-70-8.93
Pressuremeter Data

JOB NUMBER 0221-1004.01
SHEET NO. OF
COMP. BY SJR DATE 3/20/09
CHECKED BY DAA DATE 3/20/09

PRESSUREMETER CALIBRATION

ASTM D 4719 - Method A

Project No.: 0221-1004.01
Test Date: 2/16/09
Testing By: SJR
Depth of Probe: 0 (ft)
0 (m)

Project Name: FRA-70-8.93
Probe Size: NX (2.76")
Height of Gage: 3 (ft)
Initial Water Level: 0 cc
Zero Level Volume: 158 cc in 2.985" casing

Probe No. 1A

Low Pressure Calibration

CALIBRATION DATA

Pressure

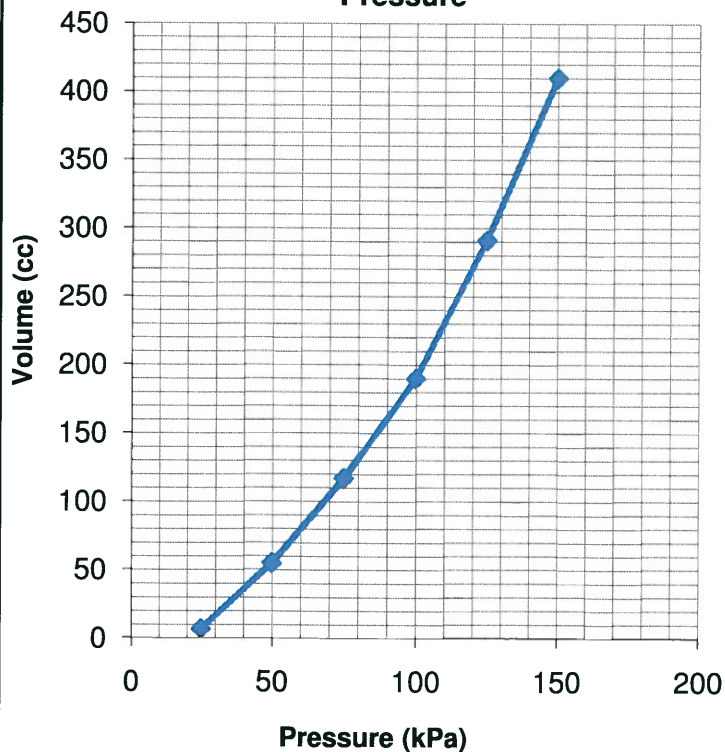
(kPa)	Vol (cc)
25	7.0
50	55.0
75	117.0
100	190.0
125	291.0
150	410.0

High Pressure Calibration

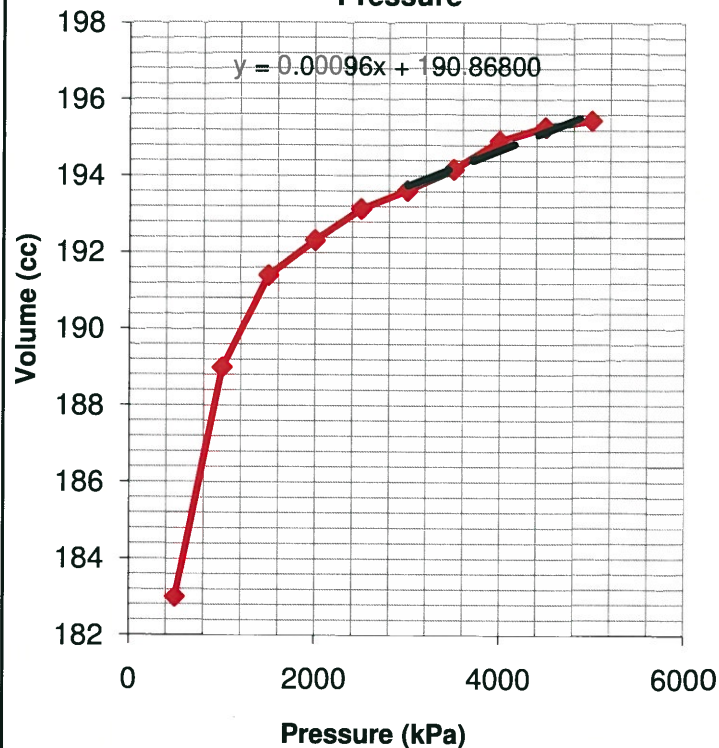
CALIBRATION DATA

(kPa)	Vol (cc)
500	183
1000	189
1500	191.4
2000	192.32
2500	193.14
3000	193.62
3500	194.18
4000	194.92
4500	195.28
5000	195.46

Pressuremeter Calibration - Low Pressure



Pressuremeter Calibration - High Pressure





SUBJECT FRA-70-8.93
Pressuremeter Data

JOB NUMBER 0221-1004.01
SHEET NO. OF
COMP. BY SJR DATE 3/20/09
CHECKED BY DAA DATE 3/20/09

PRESSUREMETER CALIBRATION

ASTM D 4719 - Method A

Project No.: 0221-1004.01
Test Date: 2/23/09
Testing By: SJR
Depth of Probe: 0 (ft)
0 (m)

Project Name: FRA-70-8.93
Probe Size: NX (2.76")
Height of Gage: 3 (ft)
Initial Water Level: 0 cc
Zero Level Volume: 158 cc in 2.985" casing

Probe No. 2

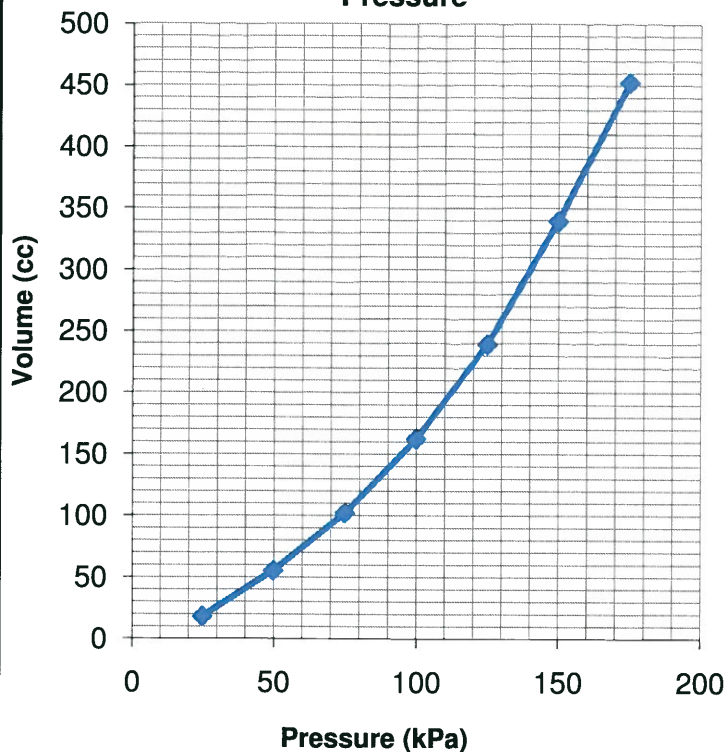
Low Pressure Calibration CALIBRATION DATA

Pressure (kPa)	Vol (cc)
25	18.0
50	55.0
75	102.0
100	162.0
125	239.0
150	339.0
175	452.0

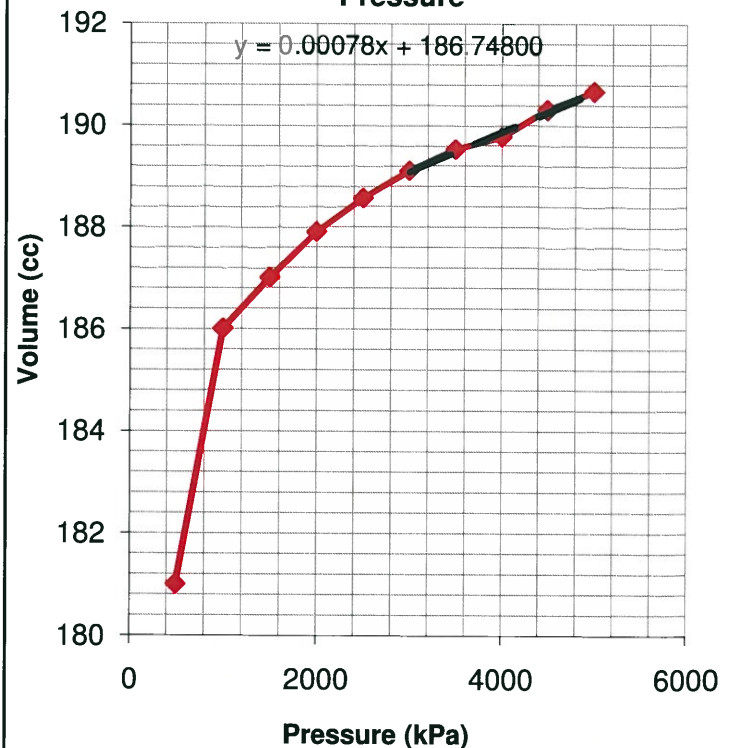
High Pressure Calibration CALIBRATION DATA

(kPa)	Vol (cc)
500	181
1000	186
1500	187
2000	187.90
2500	188.56
3000	189.10
3500	189.52
4000	189.76
4500	190.30
5000	190.66

Pressuremeter Calibration - Low Pressure



Pressuremeter Calibration - High Pressure





SUBJECT FRA-70-8.93
Pressuremeter Data

JOB NUMBER 0221-1004.01
SHEET NO. OF
COMP. BY SJR DATE 3/20/09
CHECKED BY DAA DATE 3/20/09

FIELD PRESSUREMETER DATA

ASTM D 4719 - Method A

Project No.: 0221-1004.01
Test Date: 02/23/09
Boring Number: B-026-1
Operator: SJR
Driller: JP
Depth of Probe: 23.0 (ft)

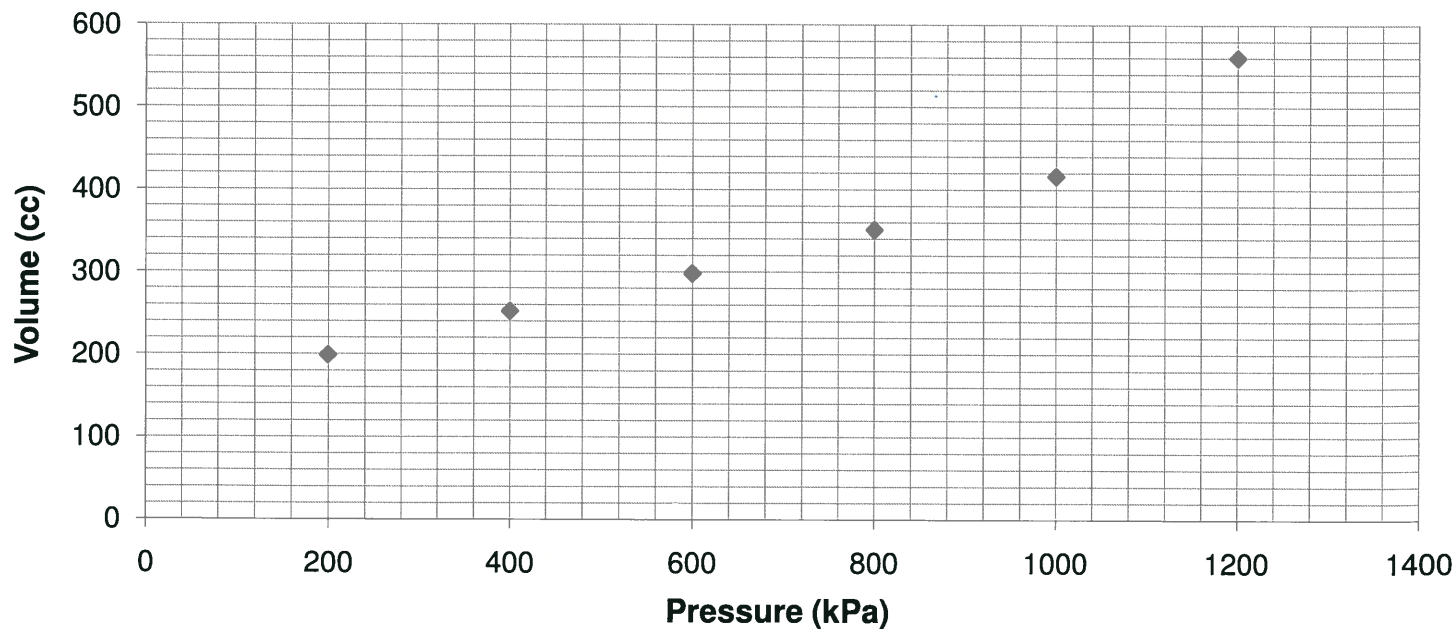
Project Name: FRA-70
Probe Size: NX (2.76")
Height of Gage: 3.5 (ft)
Initial Water Level: 0 cc
Boring Method: Tricone with drilling fluid
Soil Description: Very stiff to hard Silt and Clay (A-6a)

Probe No. 1

FIELD DATA

Pressure (kPa)	Vol (cc) t=30 sec	Vol (cc) t=60 sec	Δ
200	138	199	
400	238	252	53
600	285	298	46
800	334	351	53
1000	391	416	65
1200	530	560	144
		Estimated	

Boring B-026-1 Depth=23.0'





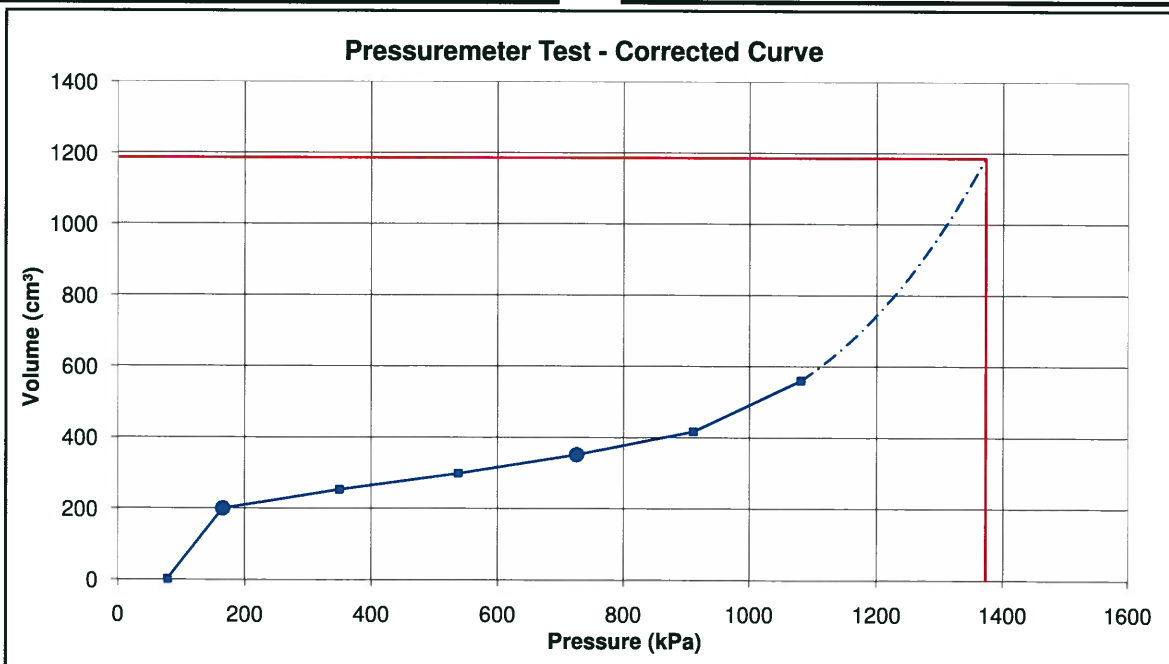
Use of a slotted casing:	No
Test depth:	7.01 m
Manometer height above ground:	1.07 m
Poisson's coefficient:	0.33
Fluid density:	1.000

[illegible]

Pressiometric modulus E:	10,415 kPa
Ultimate pressure P _L :	1,372 kPa
Ratio E / P _L :	7.59
Yield pressure P _F :	726 kPa
Ratio P _L / P _F :	1.89

Probe No. 1

Material: Very stiff gray SILT AND CLAY (A-6a), some fine to coarse sand, trace gravel; damp to moist. **Guard cell and central (water) cell burst due to void/disturbance at the top of the probe. It is believed that the test results are unaffected by this because the guard cell deformation prior to bursting was evidently at the very top of the probe, and did not affect the central cell.**





Project name:	FRA -70 South Innerbelt	Use of a slotted casing:	No
Borehole name:	B-026-1	Test depth:	23.00 ft
Test date: (mm/dd/yyyy)	02/23/2009	Manometer height above ground:	3.50 ft
Test number:	1	Poisson's coefficient:	0.33
Probe size:	N	Fluid density:	1.000

[illegible]

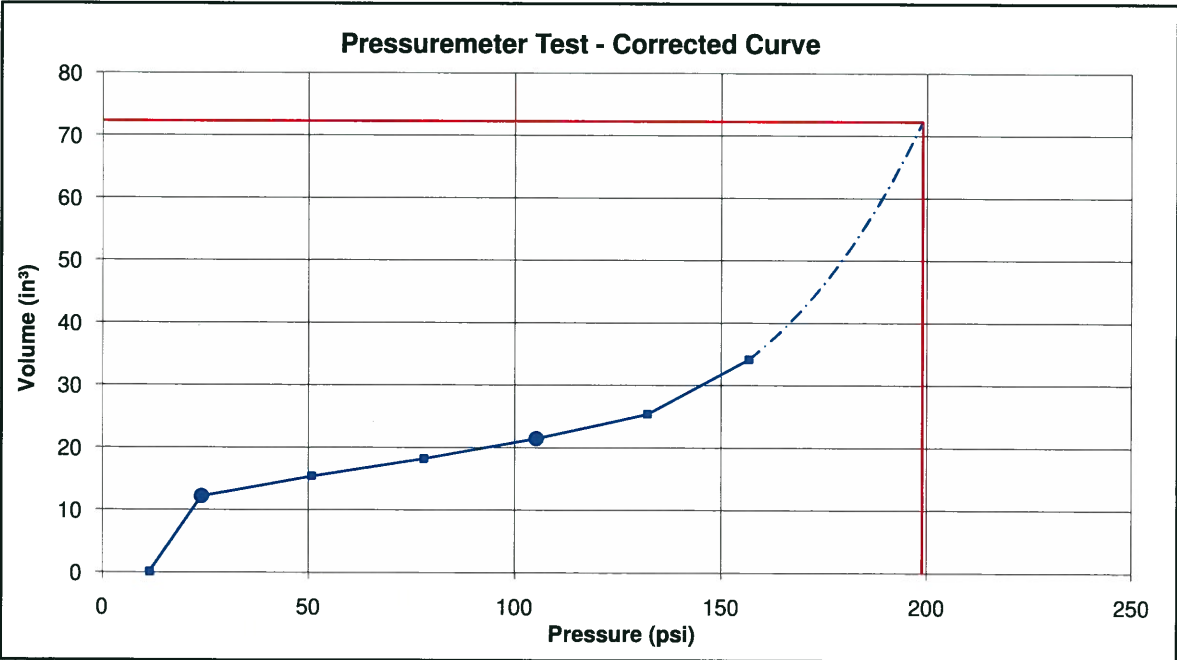
Test Results	
Pressiometric modulus E:	1,511 psi
Ultimate pressure P_L :	199 psi
Ratio E / P_L :	7.59
Yield pressure P_F :	105 psi
Ratio P_L / P_F :	1.89

Calibration Sheet Reference

Probe No. 1

Remarks

Material: Very stiff gray SILT AND CLAY (A-6a), some fine to coarse sand, trace gravel; damp to moist. **Guard cell and central (water) cell burst due to void/disturbance at the top of the probe. It is believed that the test results are unaffected by this because the guard cell deformation prior to bursting was evidently at the very top of the probe, and did not affect the central cell.**





SUBJECT FRA-70-8.93
Pressuremeter Data

JOB NUMBER 0221-1004.01
SHEET NO. OF
COMP. BY SJR DATE 3/20/09
CHECKED BY DAA DATE 3/20/09

FIELD PRESSUREMETER DATA

ASTM D 4719 - Method A

Project No.: 0221-1004.01
Test Date: 2/23/2009
Boring Number: B-026-1
Operator: SJR
Driller: JP
Depth of Probe: 35.7 (ft)

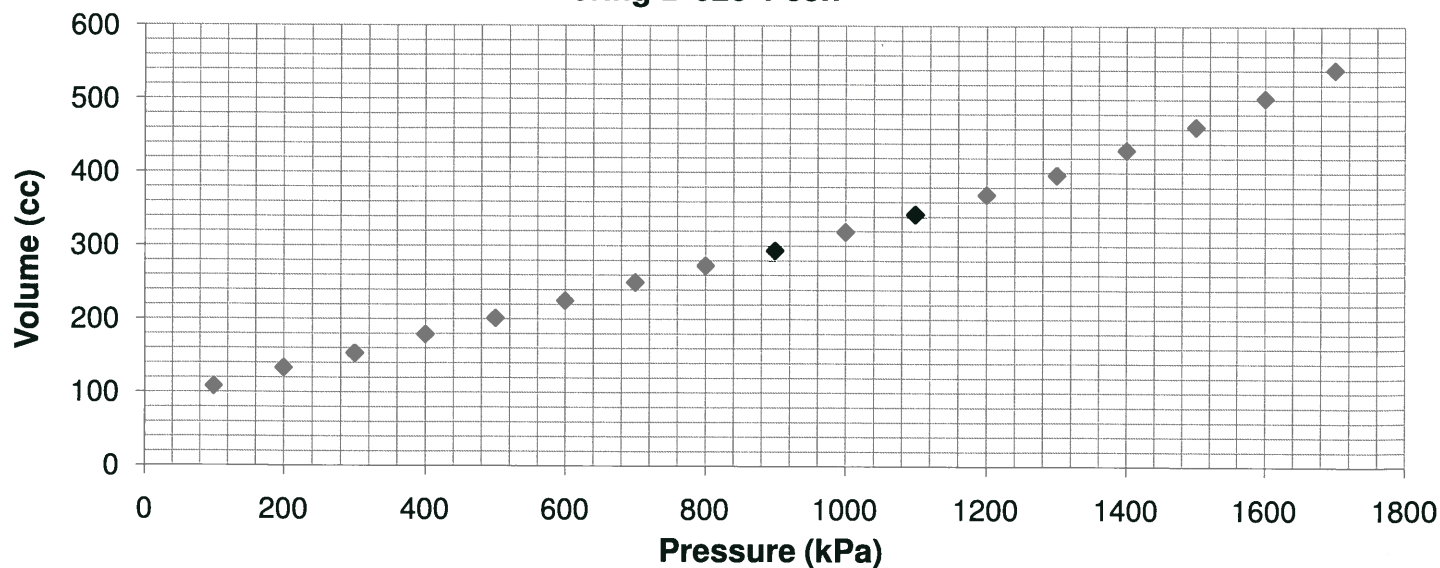
Project Name: FRA-70
Probe Size: NX (2.76")
Height of Gage: 3.5 (ft)
Initial Water Level: 0 cc
Boring Method: Tricone with drilling fluid
Soil Description: Very stiff to hard Sandy Silt (A-4a)

Probe No. 2

FIELD DATA

Pressure (kPa)	Vol (cc) t=30 sec	Vol (cc) t=60 sec	Δ
100	73	108	
200	129	133	25
300	148	153	20
400	172	179	26
500	196	201	22
600	218	225	24
700	244	250	25
800	265	273	23
900	287	294	21
1000	311	319	25
1100	335	344	25
1200	361	370	26
1300	387	397	27
1400	416	431	34
1500	449	463	32
1600	484	502	39
1700	524	541	39

Boring B-026-1 35.7'





G-AM Pressuremeter Test

Project name: FRA -70 South Innerbelt
Borehole name: B-026-1
Test date: (dd/mm/yyyy) 23/02/2009
Test number: 2
Probe size: N

Use of a slotted casing: No
Test depth: 10.88 m
Manometer height above ground: 1.07 m
Poisson's coefficient: 0.33
Fluid density: 1.000

Raw Readings		Corrected Readings		
Pressure kPa	Volume cm ³	Pressure kPa	Volume cm ³	$\Delta R/R_0$ %
0	0.0	117	0.0	0.00
100	108.0	140	107.9	6.64
200	133.0	229	132.8	8.12
300	153.0	321	152.7	9.29
400	179.0	412	178.7	10.78
500	201.0	505	200.6	12.04
600	225.0	597	224.5	13.38
700	250.0	689	249.4	14.77
800	273.0	784	272.3	16.04
900	294.0	878	293.2	17.18
1000	319.0	972	318.2	18.52
1100	344.0	1066	343.1	19.85
1200	370.0	1160	369.0	21.22
1300	397.0	1254	395.9	22.63
1400	431.0	1347	429.8	24.37
1500	463.0	1440	461.7	25.99
1600	502.0	1532	500.6	27.94
1700	541.0	1624	539.6	29.86

Test Results

Pressiometric modulus E: 10,650 kPa
Ultimate pressure P_L : 2,057 kPa
Ratio E / P_L : 5.18
Yield pressure P_F : 878 kPa
Ratio P_L / P_F : 2.34

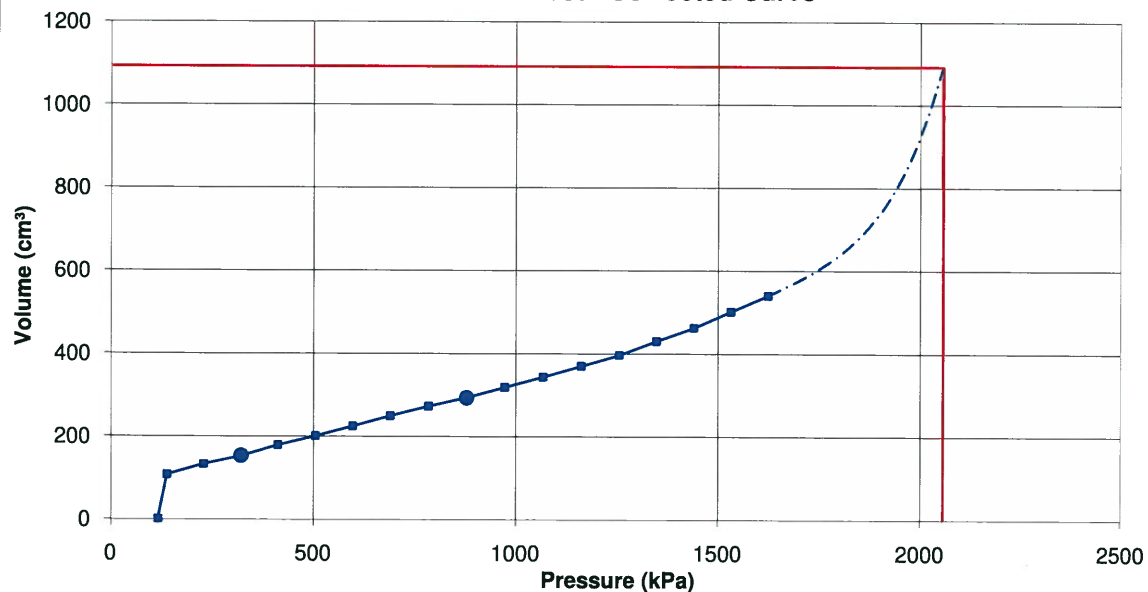
Calibration Sheet Reference

Probe No. 2

Remarks

Material: Very stiff gray SILT AND CLAY (A-6a), little to some fine to coarse sand, trace to little gravel; damp to moist.

Pressuremeter Test - Corrected Curve





G-AM Pressuremeter Test

Project name: FRA -70 South Innerbelt
Borehole name: B-026-1
Test date: (mm/dd/yyyy) 02/23/2009
Test number: 2
Probe size: N

Use of a slotted casing: No
Test depth: 35.70 ft
Manometer height above ground: 3.50 ft
Poisson's coefficient: 0.33
Fluid density: 1.000

Raw Readings		Corrected Readings		
Pressure psi	Volume in ³	Pressure psi	Volume in ³	$\Delta R/R_0$ %
0	0.0	17	0.0	0.00
15	6.6	20	6.6	6.64
29	8.1	33	8.1	8.12
44	9.3	47	9.3	9.29
58	10.9	60	10.9	10.78
73	12.3	73	12.2	12.04
87	13.7	87	13.7	13.38
102	15.3	100	15.2	14.77
116	16.7	114	16.6	16.04
131	17.9	127	17.9	17.18
145	19.5	141	19.4	18.52
160	21.0	155	20.9	19.85
174	22.6	168	22.5	21.22
189	24.2	182	24.2	22.63
203	26.3	195	26.2	24.37
218	28.3	209	28.2	25.99
232	30.6	222	30.6	27.94
247	33.0	236	32.9	29.86

Test Results

Pressiometric modulus E: 1,545 psi
Ultimate pressure P_L : 298 psi
Ratio E / P_L : 5.18
Yield pressure P_F : 127 psi
Ratio P_L / P_F : 2.34

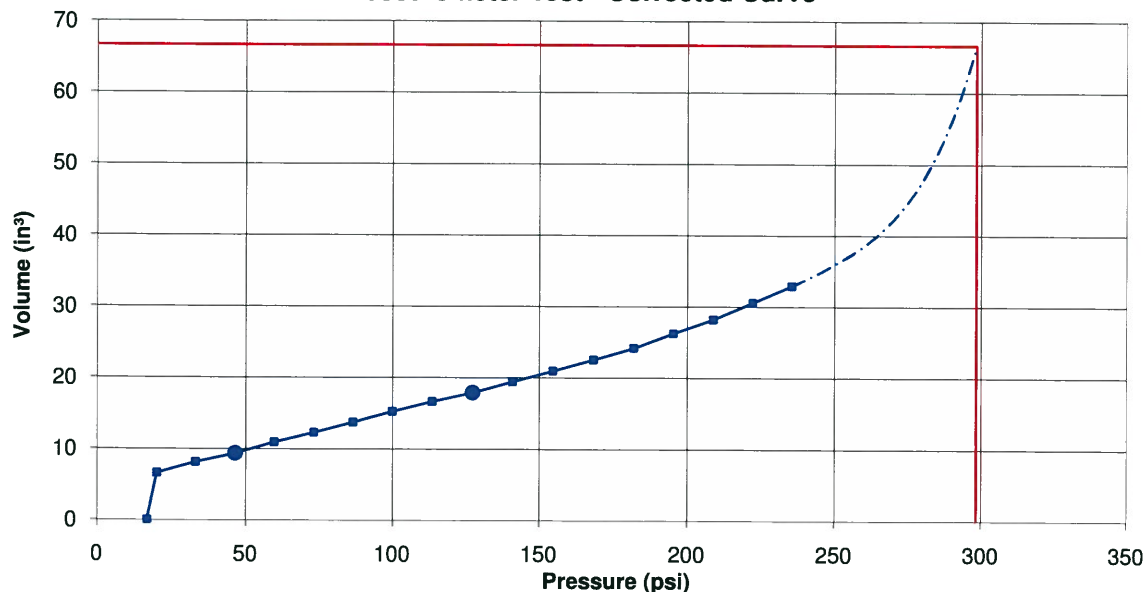
Calibration Sheet Reference

Probe No. 2

Remarks

Material: Very stiff gray SILT AND CLAY (A-6a), little to some fine to coarse sand, trace to little gravel; damp to moist.

Pressuremeter Test - Corrected Curve





SUBJECT FRA-70-8.93
Pressuremeter Data

JOB NUMBER 0221-1004.01
SHEET NO. OF
COMP. BY SJR DATE 3/20/09
CHECKED BY DAA DATE 3/20/09

FIELD PRESSUREMETER DATA

ASTM D 4719 - Method A

Project No.: 0221-1004.01
Test Date: 02/24/09
Boring Number: B-026-1
Operator: AJ
Driller: JP
Depth of Probe: 54.1 (ft)

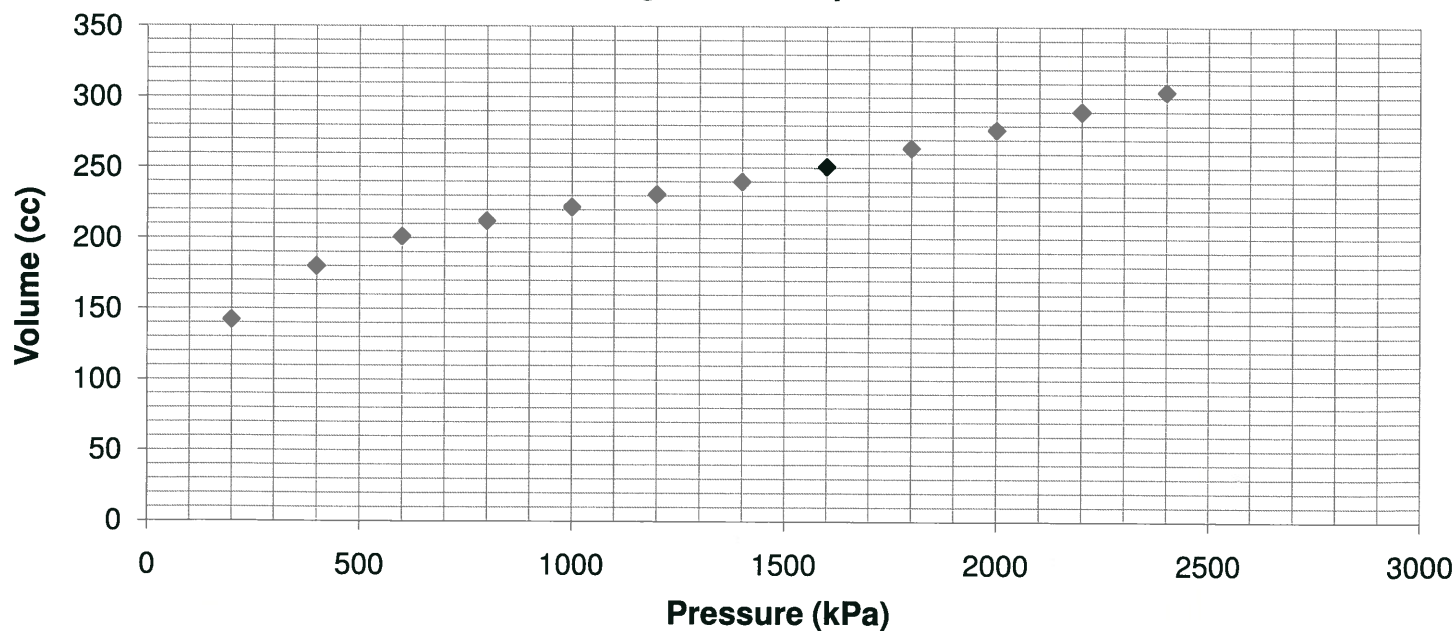
Project Name: FRA-70
Probe Size: NX (2.76")
Height of Gage: 3.5 (ft)
Initial Water Level: 0 cc
Boring Method: Tricone with drilling fluid
Soil Description: Hard gray Silt and Clay (A-6a)

Probe No. 2

FIELD DATA

Pressure (kPa)	Vol (cc) t=30 sec	Vol (cc) t=60 sec	Δ
200	129	142	
400	176	180	38
600	197	201	21
800	210	212	11
1000	220	222	10
1200	230	231	9
1400	237	240	9
1600	248	251	11
1800	262	264	13
2000	275	277	13
2200	287	290	13
2400	300	304	14

Boring B-026-1 Depth=54.1'



G-AM Pressuremeter Test

Project name: FRA -70 South Innerbelt
Borehole name: B-026-1
Test date: (mm/dd/yyyy) 02/24/2009
Test number: 3
Probe size: N

Use of a slotted casing:	No
Test depth:	54.10 ft
Manometer height above ground:	3.50 ft
Poisson's coefficient:	0.33
Fluid density:	1.000

[illegible]

Test Results

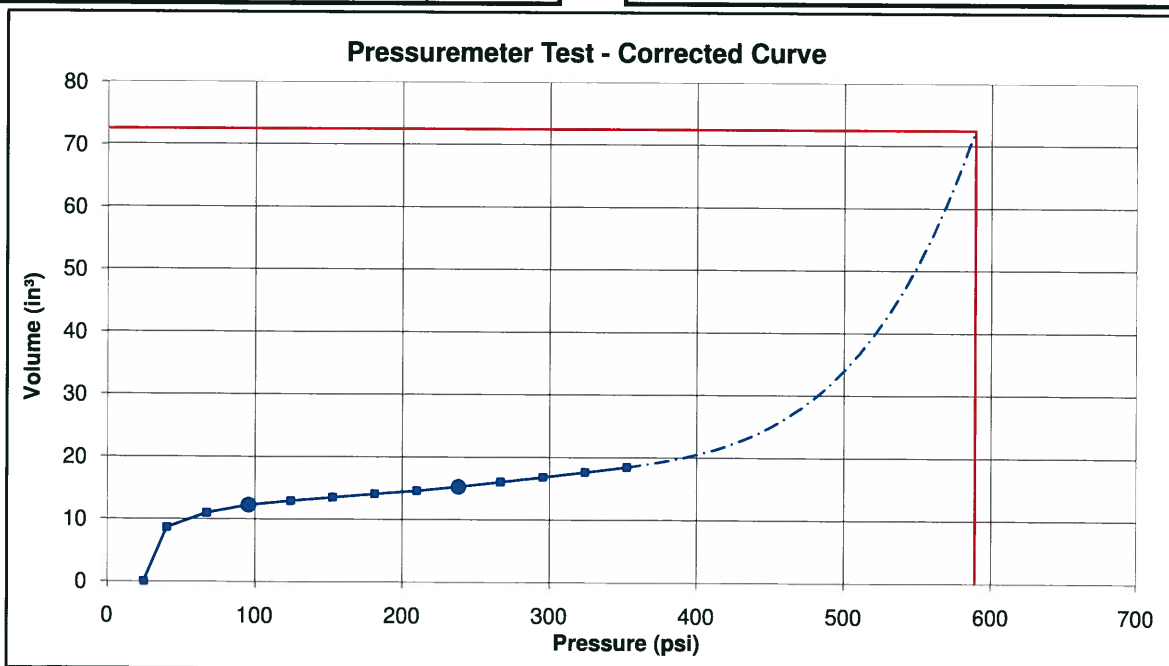
Pressiometric modulus E:	7,814 psi
Ultimate pressure P_L :	589 psi
Ratio E / P_L :	13.27
Yield pressure P_F :	238 psi
Ratio P_L / P_F :	2.47

Calibration Sheet Reference

Probe No. 2

Remarks

Material: Hard gray SILT AND CLAY (A-6a), some fine to coarse sand, trace to little gravel; contains sand seams; damp.





SUBJECT FRA-70-8.93
Pressuremeter Data

JOB NUMBER 0221-1004.01
SHEET NO. _____ OF _____
COMP. BY SJR DATE 3/20/09
CHECKED BY DAA DATE 3/20/09

FIELD PRESSUREMETER DATA

ASTM D 4719 - Method A

Project No.: 0221-1004.01
Test Date: 02/26/09
Boring Number: B-046-1
Operator: SJR
Driller: JP
Depth of Probe: 32.0 (ft)

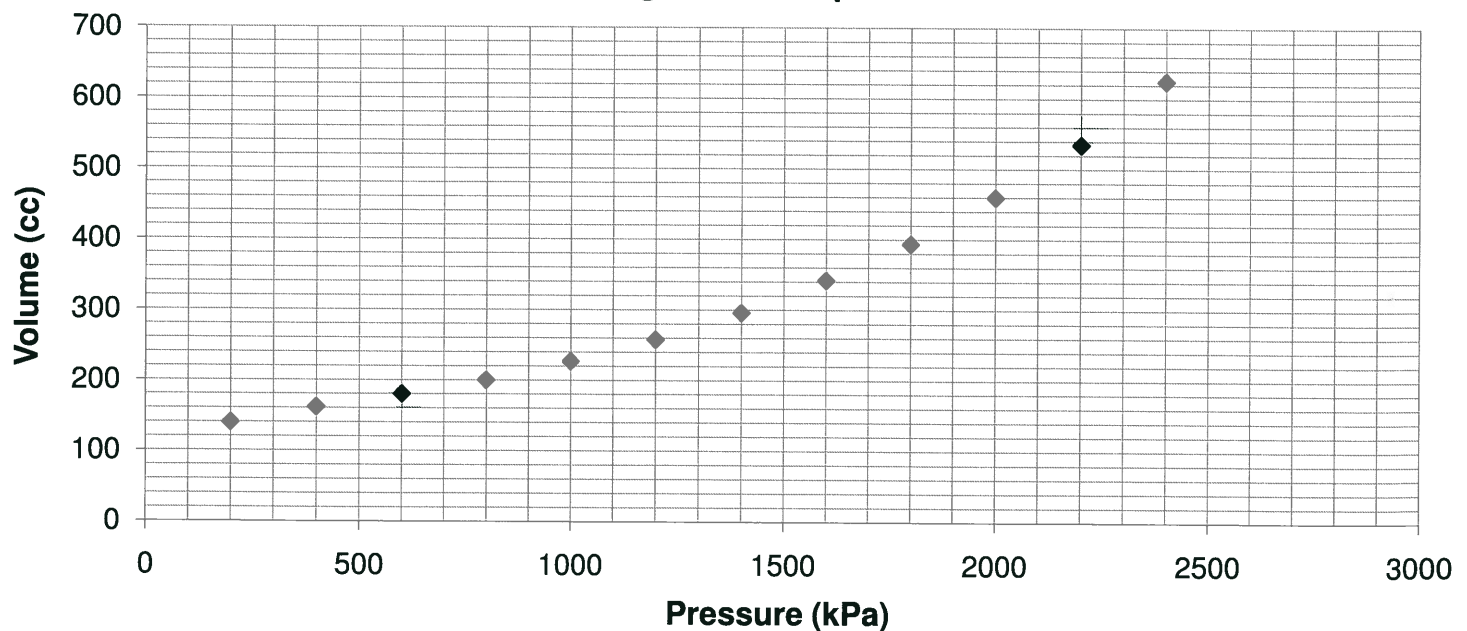
Project Name: FRA-70
Probe Size: NX (2.76")
Height of Gage: 3.5 (ft)
Initial Water Level: 0 cc
Boring Method: Tricone with drilling fluid
Soil Description: Hard gray Silt and Clay (A-6a)

Probe No. 2

FIELD DATA

Pressure (kPa)	Vol (cc) t=30 sec	Vol (cc) t=60 sec	Δ
200	37	140	
400	158	162	22
600	177	180	18
800	196	200	20
1000	222	227	27
1200	250	258	31
1400	287	296	38
1600	327	342	46
1800	374	394	52
2000	436	460	66
2200	506	535	75
2400	585	625	90
			Estimated

Boring B-046-1 Depth=32.0'





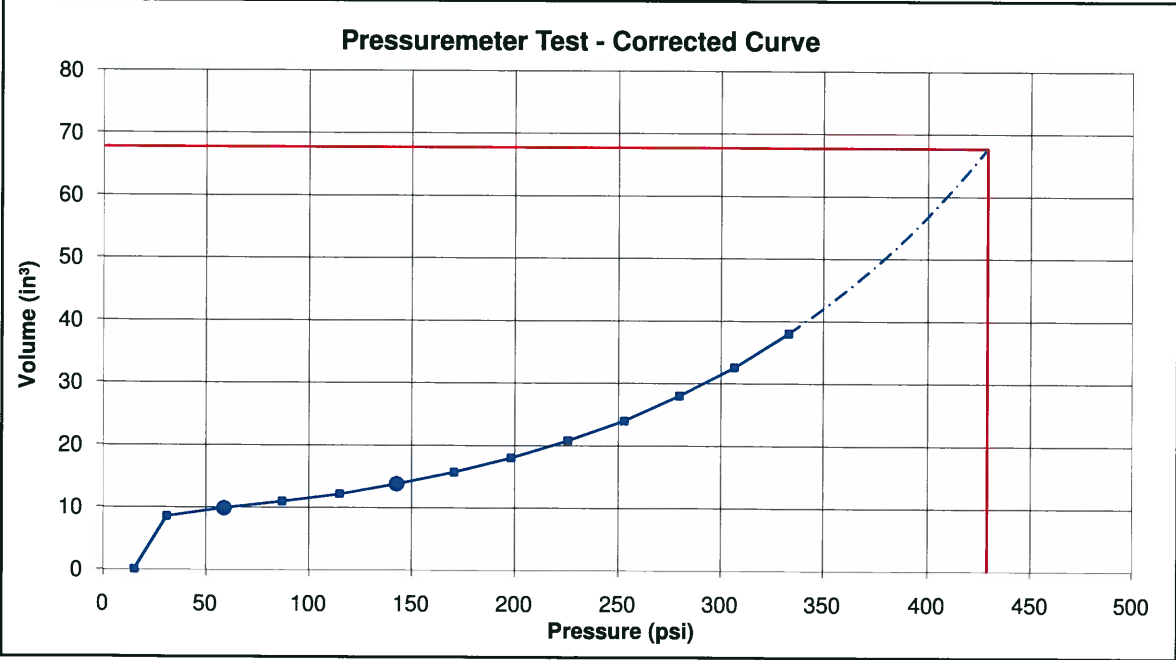
Use of a slotted casing:	No
Test depth:	32.00 ft
Manometer height above ground:	3.50 ft
Poisson's coefficient:	0.33
Fluid density:	1.000

[illegible]

Test Results	
Pressiometric modulus E :	3,393 psi
Ultimate pressure P_L :	429 psi
Ratio E / P_L :	7.91
Yield pressure P_F :	143 psi
Ratio P_L / P_F :	3.00

Calibration Sheet Reference
Probe No. 2

Remarks
Material: Hard gray SILT AND CLAY (A-6a), some to "and" fine to coarse sand, little gravel; damp.





SUBJECT FRA-70-8.93
Pressuremeter Data

JOB NUMBER 0221-1004.01
SHEET NO. OF
COMP. BY SJR DATE 3/20/09
CHECKED BY DAA DATE 3/20/09

FIELD PRESSUREMETER DATA

ASTM D 4719 - Method A

Project No.: 0221-1004.01
Test Date: 02/26/09
Boring Number: B-046-1
Operator: SJR
Driller: JP
Depth of Probe: 37.0 (ft)

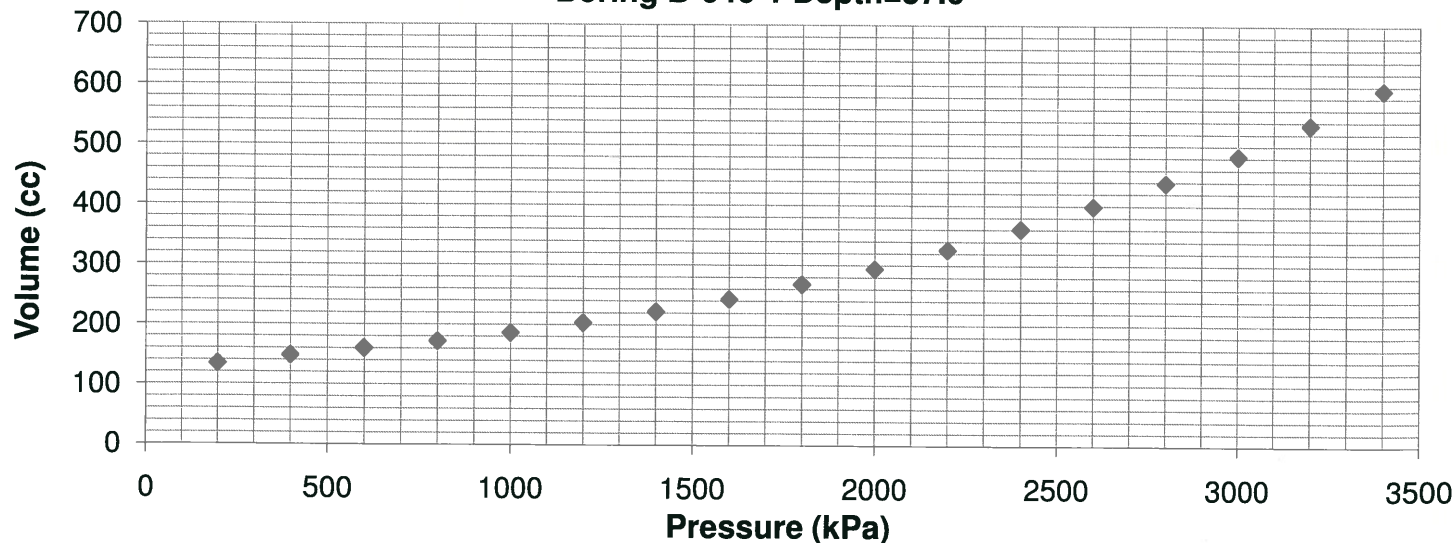
Project Name: FRA-70
Probe Size: NX (2.76")
Height of Gage: 3.5 (ft)
Initial Water Level: 0 cc
Boring Method: Tricone with drilling fluid
Soil Description: Hard gray Silt and Clay (A-6a)

Probe No. 2

FIELD DATA

Pressure (kPa)	Vol (cc) t=30 sec	Vol (cc) t=60 sec	Δ
200	131	134	
400	146	148	14
600	157	160	12
800	170	172	12
1000	183	186	14
1200	199	203	17
1400	216	222	19
1600	238	243	21
1800	261	268	25
2000	286	294	26
2200	315	326	32
2400	349	361	35
2600	386	399	38
2800	425	438	39
3000	465	483	45
3200	513	535	52
3400	567	593	58

Boring B-046-1 Depth=37.0'



G-AM Pressuremeter Test

Project name: FRA -70 South Innerbelt
 Borehole name: B-046-1
 Test date: (dd/mm/yyyy) 26/02/2009
 Test number: 5
 Probe size: N

Use of a slotted casing: No
 Test depth: 11.28 m
 Manometer height above ground: 1.07 m
 Poisson's coefficient: 0.33
 Fluid density: 1.000

Raw Readings		Corrected Readings		
Pressure kPa	Volume cm ³	Pressure kPa	Volume cm ³	$\Delta R/R_0$ %
0	0.0	121	0.0	0.00
200	134.0	233	133.8	8.18
400	148.0	427	147.7	8.99
600	160.0	622	159.5	9.68
800	172.0	818	171.3	10.36
1000	186.0	1013	185.2	11.16
1200	203.0	1208	202.0	12.12
1400	222.0	1402	220.8	13.18
1600	243.0	1595	241.6	14.34
1800	268.0	1789	266.5	15.72
2000	294.0	1982	292.3	17.13
2200	326.0	2174	324.1	18.84
2400	361.0	2366	359.0	20.69
2600	399.0	2558	396.8	22.67
2800	438.0	2749	435.6	24.67
3000	483.0	2940	480.5	26.94
3200	535.0	3129	532.3	29.51
3400	593.0	3318	590.1	32.32

Test Results

Pressiometric modulus E: 39,621 kPa
 Ultimate pressure P_L : 4,206 kPa
 Ratio E / P_L : 9.42
 Yield pressure P_F : 1,013 kPa
 Ratio P_L / P_F : 4.15

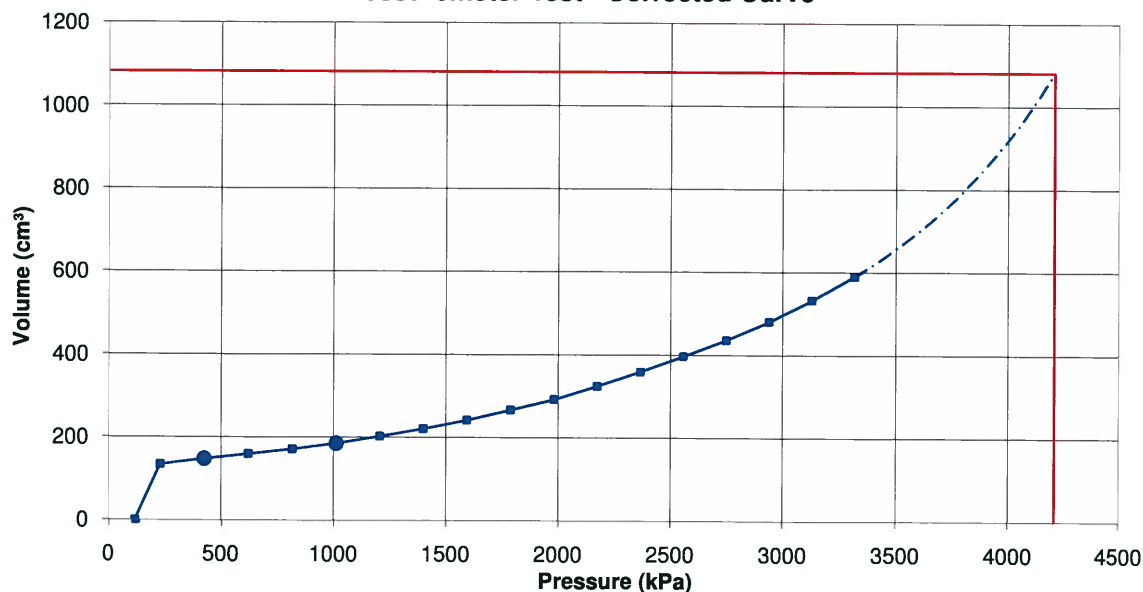
Calibration Sheet Reference

Probe No. 2

Remarks

Material: Hard gray SILT AND CLAY (A-6a), some to "and" fine to coarse sand, little gravel; damp.

Pressuremeter Test - Corrected Curve





G-AM Pressuremeter Test

Project name: FRA -70 South Innerbelt
Borehole name: B-046-1
Test date: (mm/dd/yyyy) 02/26/2009
Test number: 5
Probe size: N

Use of a slotted casing: No
Test depth: 37.00 ft
Manometer height above ground: 3.50 ft
Poisson's coefficient: 0.33
Fluid density: 1.000

Raw Readings		Corrected Readings		
Pressure psi	Volume in ³	Pressure psi	Volume in ³	$\Delta R/R_0$ %
0	0.0	18	0.0	0.00
29	8.2	34	8.2	8.18
58	9.0	62	9.0	8.99
87	9.8	90	9.7	9.68
116	10.5	119	10.5	10.36
145	11.4	147	11.3	11.16
174	12.4	175	12.3	12.12
203	13.5	203	13.5	13.18
232	14.8	231	14.7	14.34
261	16.4	259	16.3	15.72
290	17.9	288	17.8	17.13
319	19.9	315	19.8	18.84
348	22.0	343	21.9	20.69
377	24.3	371	24.2	22.67
406	26.7	399	26.6	24.67
435	29.5	426	29.3	26.94
464	32.6	454	32.5	29.51
493	36.2	481	36.0	32.32

Test Results

Pressiometric modulus E: 5,747 psi
Ultimate pressure P_L : 610 psi
Ratio E / P_L : 9.42
Yield pressure P_F : 147 psi
Ratio P_L / P_F : 4.15

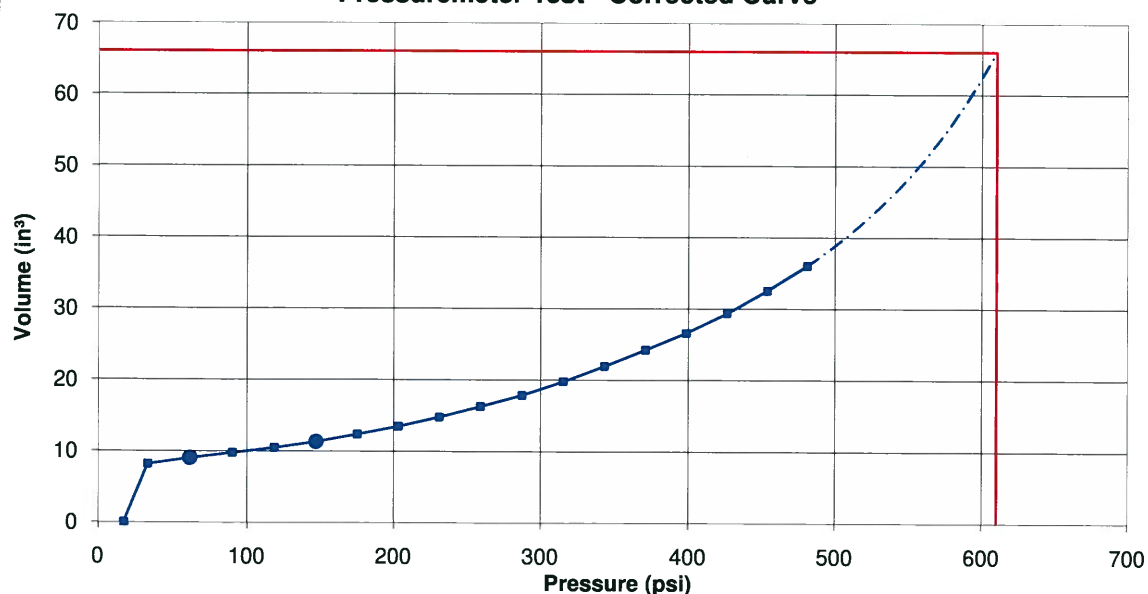
Calibration Sheet Reference

Probe No. 2

Remarks

Material: Hard gray SILT AND CLAY (A-6a), some to "and" fine to coarse sand, little gravel; damp.

Pressuremeter Test - Corrected Curve





SUBJECT FRA-70-8.93
Pressuremeter Data

JOB NUMBER 0221-1004.01
SHEET NO. OF
COMP. BY SJR DATE 3/20/09
CHECKED BY DAA DATE 3/20/09

FIELD PRESSUREMETER DATA

ASTM D 4719 - Method A

Project No.: 0221-1004.01
Test Date: 02/27/09
Boring Number: B-046-1
Operator: SJR
Driller: JP
Depth of Probe: 42.0 (ft)

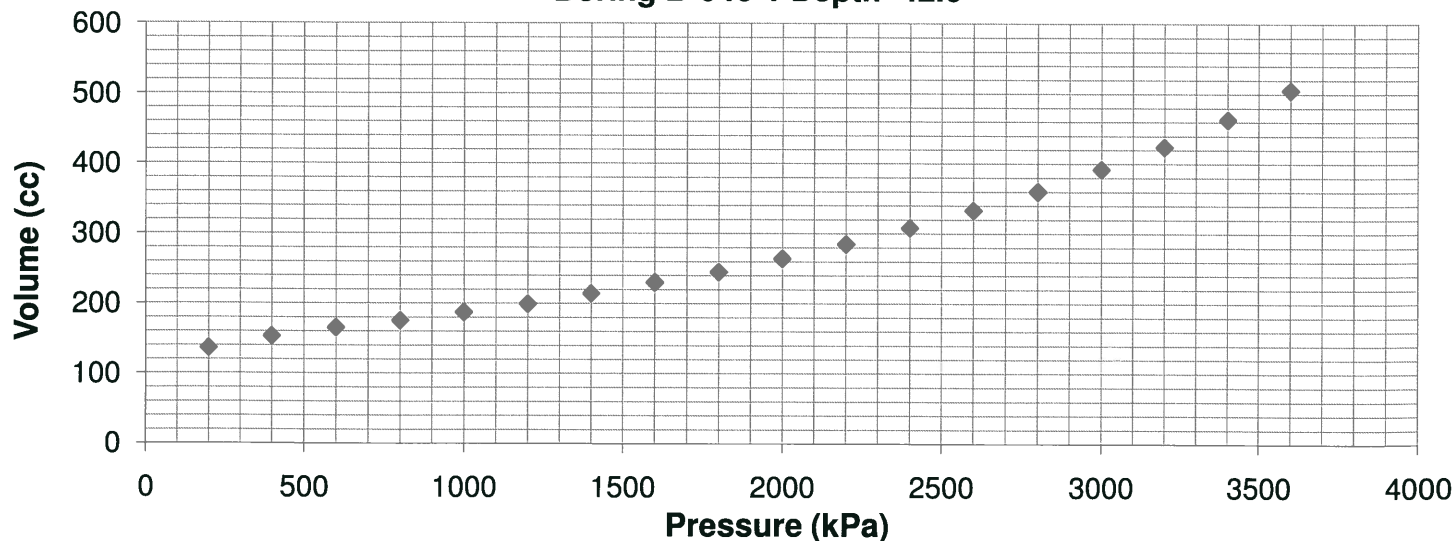
Project Name: FRA-70
Probe Size: NX (2.76")
Height of Gage: 3.5 (ft)
Initial Water Level: 0 cc
Boring Method: Tricone with drilling fluid
Soil Description: Hard gray Silt and Clay (A-6a)

Probe No. 2

FIELD DATA

Pressure (kPa)	Vol (cc) t=30 sec	Vol (cc) t=60 sec	Δ
200	134	136	
400	148	153	17
600	162	165	12
800	173	175	10
1000	184	187	12
1200	197	199	12
1400	211	214	15
1600	226	230	16
1800	242	245	15
2000	259	264	19
2200	277	285	21
2400	299	308	23
2600	324	333	25
2800	351	360	27
3000	380	392	32
3200	410	424	32
3400	447	463	39
3600	487	505	42

Boring B-046-1 Depth=42.0'





G-AM Pressuremeter Test

Project name: FRA -70 South Innerbelt
Borehole name: B-046-1
Test date: (dd/mm/yyyy) 27/02/2009
Test number: 6
Probe size: N

Use of a slotted casing: No
Test depth: 12.80 m
Manometer height above ground: 1.07 m
Poisson's coefficient: 0.33
Fluid density: 1.000

Raw Readings		Corrected Readings		
Pressure kPa	Volume cm ³	Pressure kPa	Volume cm ³	$\Delta R/R_0$ %
0	0.0	136	0.0	0.00
200	136.0	247	135.8	8.30
400	153.0	440	152.7	9.28
600	165.0	635	164.5	9.97
800	175.0	832	174.3	10.53
1000	187.0	1028	186.2	11.21
1200	199.0	1224	198.0	11.89
1400	214.0	1419	212.8	12.73
1600	230.0	1614	228.6	13.62
1800	245.0	1809	243.5	14.45
2000	264.0	2005	262.3	15.49
2200	285.0	2199	283.1	16.63
2400	308.0	2394	306.0	17.87
2600	333.0	2587	330.8	19.20
2800	360.0	2781	357.6	20.62
3000	392.0	2974	389.5	22.29
3200	424.0	3167	421.3	23.94
3400	463.0	3359	460.1	25.91
3600	505.0	3550	502.0	28.01

Test Results

Pressiometric modulus E: 39,156 kPa
Ultimate pressure P_L : 4,752 kPa
Ratio E / P_L : 8.24
Yield pressure P_F : 1,809 kPa
Ratio P_L / P_F : 2.63

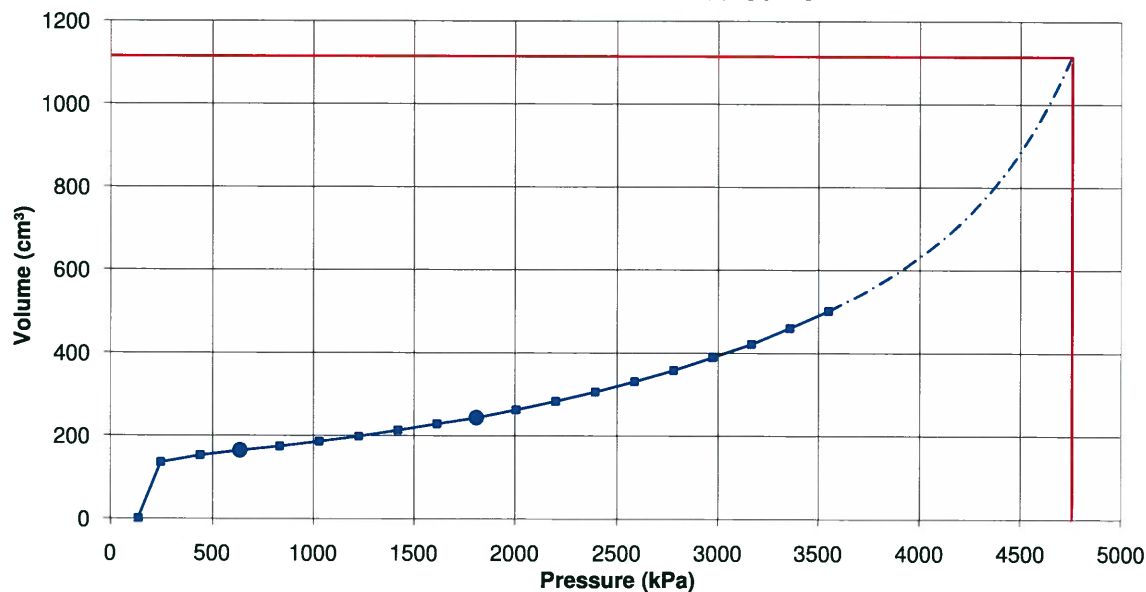
Calibration Sheet Reference

Probe No. 2

Remarks

Material: Hard gray SILT AND CLAY (A-6a), some to "and" fine to coarse sand, little gravel; damp.

Pressuremeter Test - Corrected Curve





G-AM Pressuremeter Test

Project name: FRA -70 South Innerbelt
Borehole name: B-046-1
Test date: (mm/dd/yyyy) 02/27/2009
Test number: 6
Probe size: N

Use of a slotted casing: No
Test depth: 42.00 ft
Manometer height above ground: 3.50 ft
Poisson's coefficient: 0.33
Fluid density: 1.000

Raw Readings		Corrected Readings		
Pressure psi	Volume in ³	Pressure psi	Volume in ³	$\Delta R/R_0$ %
0	0.0	20	0.0	0.00
29	8.3	36	8.3	8.30
58	9.3	64	9.3	9.28
87	10.1	92	10.0	9.97
116	10.7	121	10.6	10.53
145	11.4	149	11.4	11.21
174	12.1	178	12.1	11.89
203	13.1	206	13.0	12.73
232	14.0	234	14.0	13.62
261	15.0	262	14.9	14.45
290	16.1	291	16.0	15.49
319	17.4	319	17.3	16.63
348	18.8	347	18.7	17.87
377	20.3	375	20.2	19.20
406	22.0	403	21.8	20.62
435	23.9	431	23.8	22.29
464	25.9	459	25.7	23.94
493	28.3	487	28.1	25.91
522	30.8	515	30.6	28.01

Test Results

Pressiometric modulus E: 5,679 psi
Ultimate pressure P_L : 689 psi
Ratio E / P_L : 8.24
Yield pressure P_F : 262 psi
Ratio P_L / P_F : 2.63

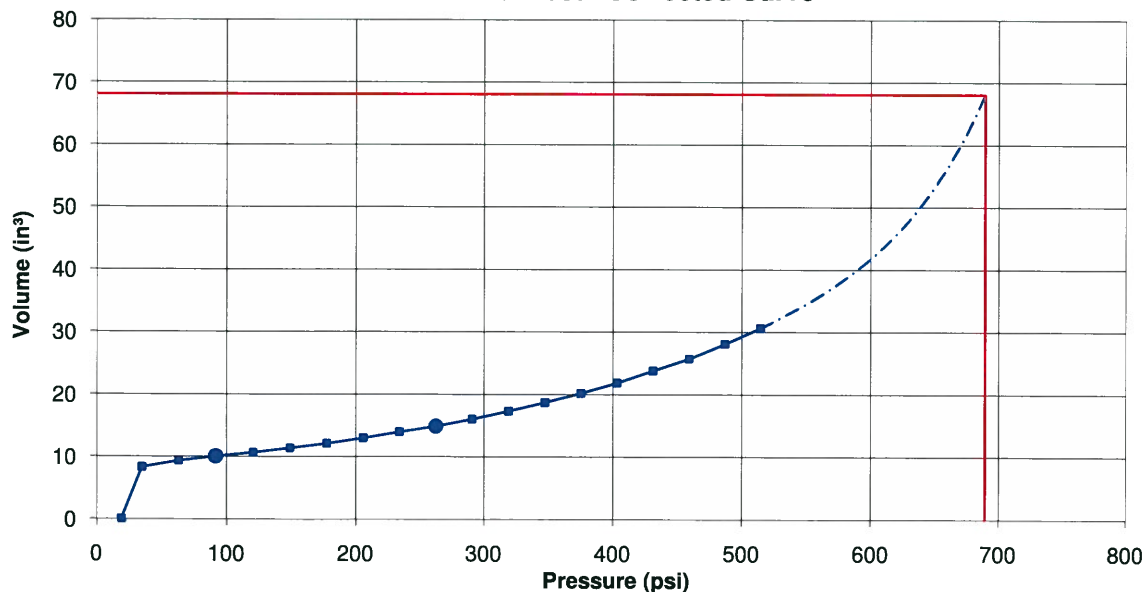
Calibration Sheet Reference

Probe No. 2

Remarks

Material: Hard gray SILT AND CLAY (A-6a), some to "and" fine to coarse sand, little gravel; damp.

Pressuremeter Test - Corrected Curve





SUBJECT FRA-70-8.93
Pressuremeter Data

JOB NUMBER 0221-1004.01
SHEET NO. _____ OF _____
COMP. BY SJR DATE 3/20/09
CHECKED BY DAA DATE 3/20/09

FIELD PRESSUREMETER DATA

ASTM D 4719 - Method A

Project No.: 0221-1004.01
Test Date: 02/27/09
Boring Number: B-046-1
Operator: SJR
Driller: JP
Depth of Probe: 47.0 (ft)

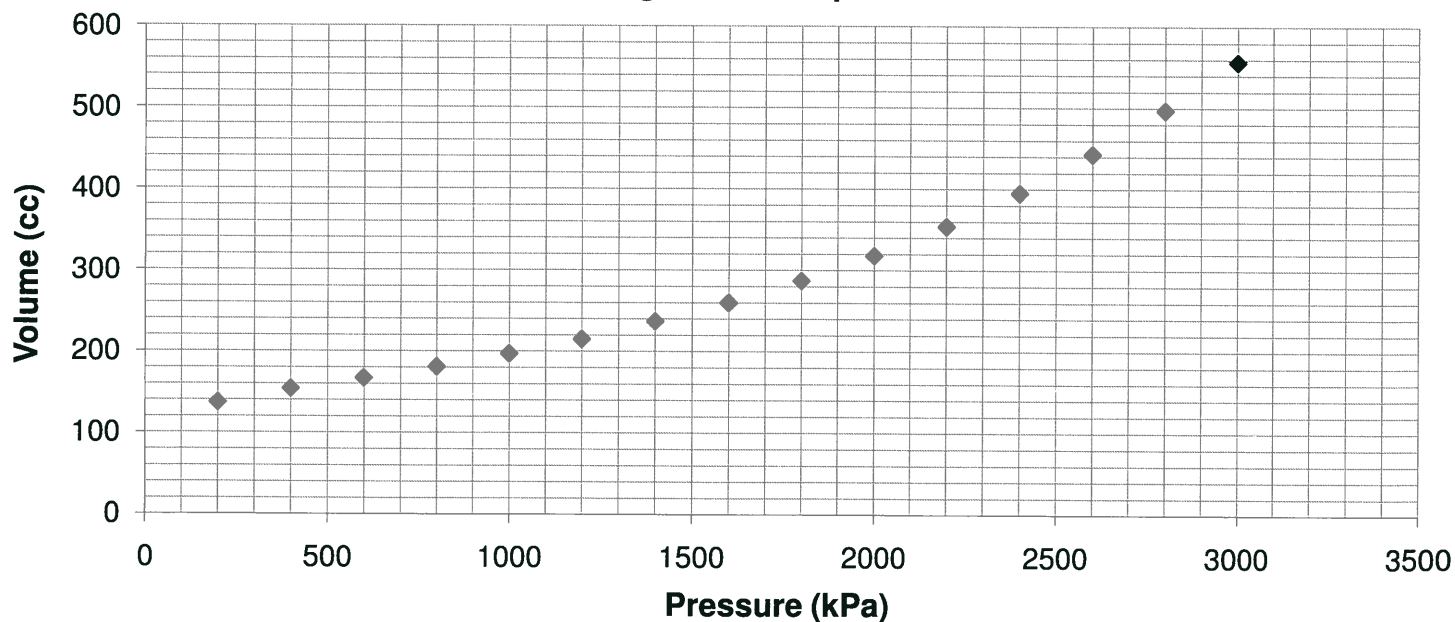
Project Name: FRA-70
Probe Size: NX (2.76")
Height of Gage: 3.5 (ft)
Initial Water Level: 0 cc
Boring Method: Tricone with drilling fluid
Soil Description: Hard gray Silt and Clay (A-6a)

Probe No. 2

FIELD DATA

Pressure (kPa)	Vol (cc) t=30 sec	Vol (cc) t=60 sec	Δ
200	135	137	
400	152	154	17
600	165	167	13
800	178	181	14
1000	194	197	16
1200	211	215	18
1400	232	237	22
1600	253	260	23
1800	278	287	27
2000	309	318	31
2200	342	354	36
2400	381	395	41
2600	424	443	48
2800	474	497	54
3000	533	557	60

Boring B-046-1 Depth=47.0'





G-AM Pressuremeter Test

Project name: FRA -70 South Innerbelt
Borehole name: B-046-1
Test date: (dd/mm/yyyy) 27/02/2009
Test number: 7
Probe size: N

Use of a slotted casing: No
Test depth: 14.33 m
Manometer height above ground: 1.07 m
Poisson's coefficient: 0.33
Fluid density: 1.000

Raw Readings		Corrected Readings		
Pressure kPa	Volume cm ³	Pressure kPa	Volume cm ³	$\Delta R/R_0$ %
0	0.0	151	0.0	0.00
200	137.0	261	136.8	8.36
400	154.0	454	153.7	9.34
600	167.0	649	166.5	10.08
800	181.0	845	180.3	10.88
1000	197.0	1040	196.2	11.78
1200	215.0	1234	214.0	12.79
1400	237.0	1427	235.8	14.02
1600	260.0	1621	258.6	15.29
1800	287.0	1814	285.5	16.76
2000	318.0	2006	316.3	18.42
2200	354.0	2198	352.1	20.33
2400	395.0	2389	393.0	22.47
2600	443.0	2578	440.8	24.93
2800	497.0	2767	494.6	27.64
3000	557.0	2955	554.5	30.59

Test Results

Pressiometric modulus E: 33,333 kPa
Ultimate pressure P_L : 4,094 kPa
Ratio E / P_L : 8.14
Yield pressure P_F : 1,234 kPa
Ratio P_L / P_F : 3.32

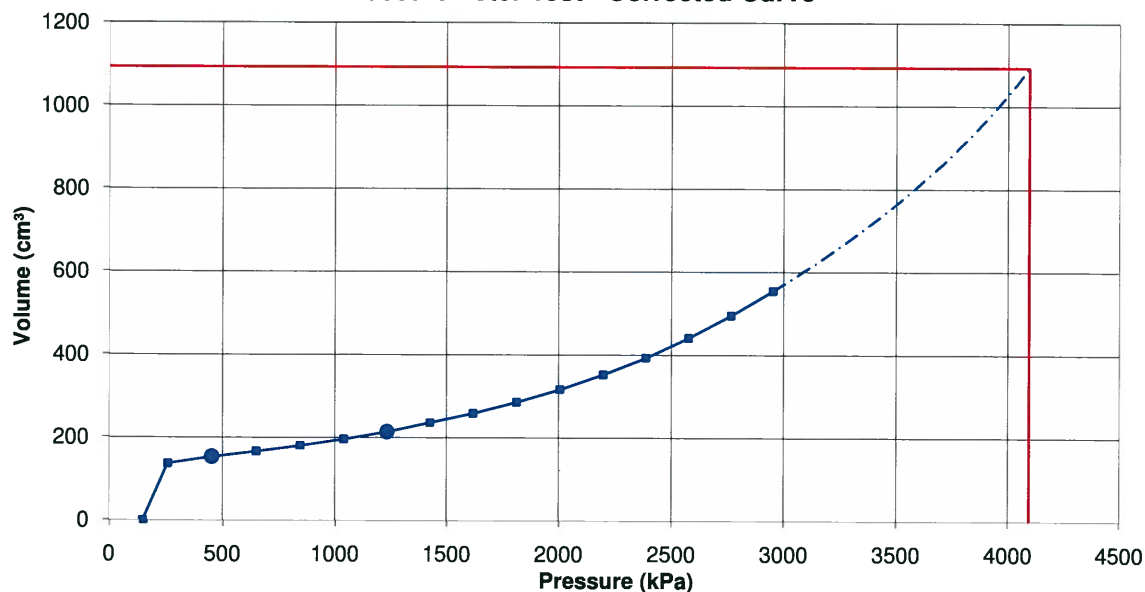
Calibration Sheet Reference

Probe No. 2

Remarks

Material: Hard gray SILT AND CLAY (A-6a), some to "and" fine to coarse sand, little gravel; damp.

Pressuremeter Test - Corrected Curve





Use of a slotted casing:	No
Test depth:	47.00 ft
Manometer height above ground:	3.50 ft
Poisson's coefficient:	0.33
Fluid density:	1.000

Test Results	
Pressiometric modulus E:	4,835 psi
Ultimate pressure P _L :	594 psi
Ratio E / P _L :	8.14
Yield pressure P _F :	179 psi
Ratio P _L / P _F :	3.32

Probe No. 2

Material: Hard gray SILT AND CLAY (A-6a), some to "and" fine to coarse sand, little gravel; damp.





SUBJECT FRA-70-8.93
Pressuremeter Data

JOB NUMBER 0221-1004.01
SHEET NO. OF
COMP. BY SJR DATE 3/20/09
CHECKED BY DAA DATE 3/20/09

FIELD PRESSUREMETER DATA

ASTM D 4719 - Method A

Project No.: 0221-1004.01
Test Date: 03/03/09
Boring Number: B-046-1
Operator: SJR
Driller: JP
Depth of Probe: 59.0 (ft)

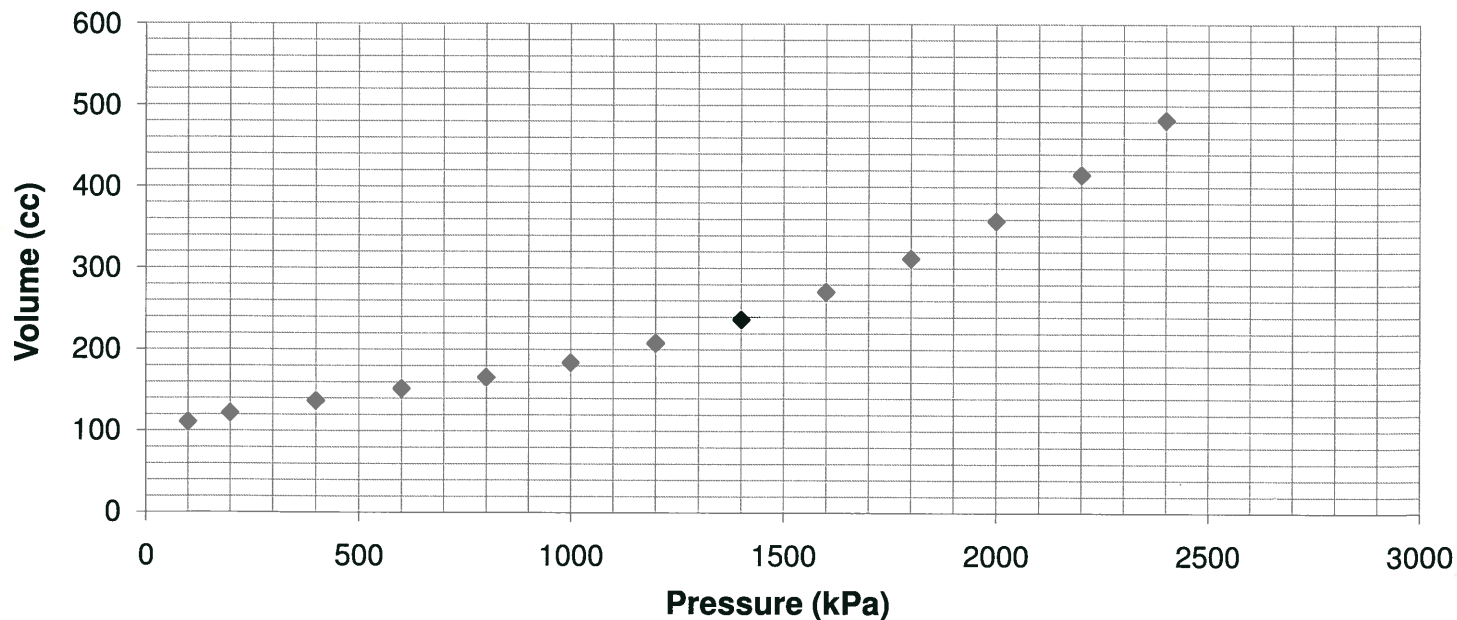
Project Name: FRA-70
Probe Size: NX (2.76")
Height of Gage: 3.5 (ft)
Initial Water Level: 0 cc
Boring Method: Tricone with drilling fluid
Soil Description: Hard gray Sandy Silt (A-4a)

Probe No. 2

FIELD DATA

Pressure (kPa)	Vol (cc) t=30 sec	Vol (cc) t=60 sec	Δ
100	91	111	
200	120	122	11
400	135	137	15
600	148	152	15
800	163	166	14
1000	181	184	18
1200	203	208	24
1400	229	237	29
1600	261	271	34
1800	297	312	41
2000	342	358	46
2200	394	415	57
2400	455	482	67

Boring B-046-1 Depth=59.0'



G-AM Pressuremeter Test

Project name: FRA -70 South Innerbelt
Borehole name: B-046-1
Test date: (dd/mm/yyyy) 03/03/2009
Test number: 8
Probe size: N

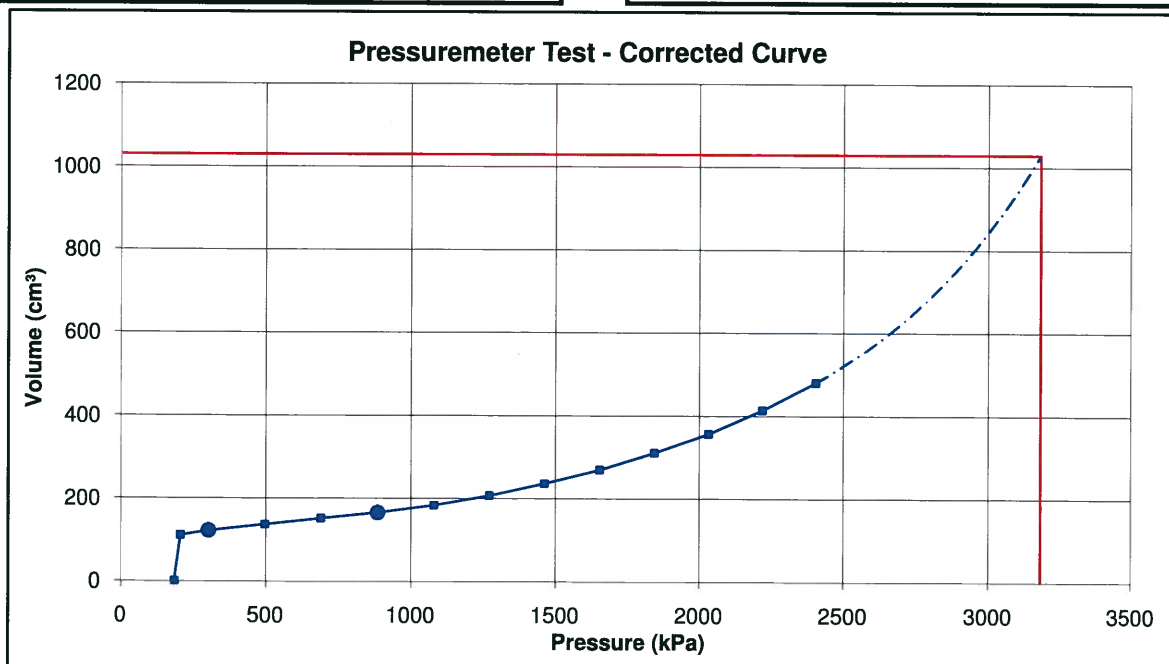
Use of a slotted casing:	No
Test depth:	17.98 m
Manometer height above ground:	1.07 m
Poisson's coefficient:	0.33
Fluid density:	1.000

[illegible]

Test Results	
Pressiometric modulus E:	33,090 kPa
Ultimate pressure P_L :	3,183 kPa
Ratio E / P_L :	10.40
Yield pressure P_F :	886 kPa
Ratio P_L / P_F :	3.59

Calibration Sheet Reference	
Probe No. 2	

Remarks	
Material: Hard gray Sandy Silt (A-4a), some fine to coarse sand, trace gravel; damp.	



G-AM Pressuremeter Test

Project name: FRA -70 South Innerbelt
Borehole name: B-046-1
Test date: (mm/dd/yyyy) 03/03/2009
Test number: 8
Probe size: N

Use of a slotted casing:	No
Test depth:	59.00 ft
Manometer height above ground:	3.50 ft
Poisson's coefficient:	0.33
Fluid density:	1.000

[illegible]

Test Results

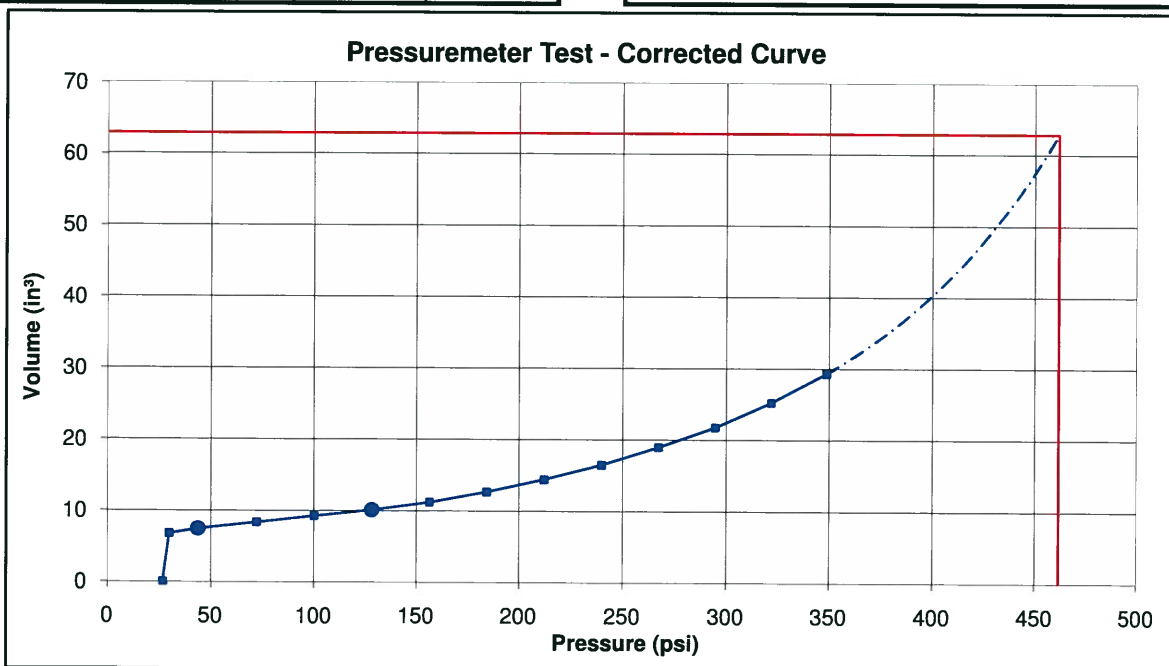
Pressiometric modulus E :	4,799 psi
Ultimate pressure P_L :	462 psi
Ratio E / P_L :	10.40
Yield pressure P_F :	128 psi
Ratio P_L / P_F :	3.59

Calibration Sheet Reference

Probe No. 2

Remarks

Material: Hard gray Sandy Silt (A-4a), some fine to coarse sand, trace gravel; damp.



Predicted p-y Curves

(Example curves for 48-inch diameter drilled shafts)

Definition of Terms: Predicted p-y Curves for Soil

Test depth (DCM) is defined as the depth from the ground surface to the center of the central measuring cell (center of the probe).

Probe diameter is the uninflated probe diameter. For N-sized probe, this value is 70 mm.

Initial Volume of probe is 790 cc.

Pile diameter (b).

Reduction or multiplication factor (α) is determined by correlations established by Robertson et al (1983).



SUBJECT FRA-70-8.93
Predicted p-y Curves for Soil

JOB NUMBER 0221-1004.01
SHEET NO. OF
COMP. BY SJR DATE 3/20/09
CHECKED BY DAA DATE 3/20/09

Predicted p-y Curve for Soil

Reference: Robertson et. al. (1985)

Page 1

Boring: B-026-1
Soil Type: A-6a (Glacial Till)
Test Depth: 23.0 feet
Test Type: PMT - Menard
Probe Dia.: 70.0 mm
2.76 inches
Radius of Probe: 35.0 mm
1.38 inches
Initial Volume: 790 cc
48.21 in³
Probe Depth (DCM): 23.0 feet
276 inches

N₆₀= 18
Clay

Reduction Factor: (α) (see following page)

If $\frac{DCM}{b} > 4$ $\alpha = 1.5$ for sand
 $\alpha = 2.0$ for clay

If $\frac{DCM}{b} \leq 4$ $\alpha = \frac{1.5 \cdot DCM}{4 \cdot b}$ for sand

$\alpha = 0.67 + \frac{2.0 \cdot DCM}{4 \cdot b}$ for clay

Equations:

Eqn 1

$$P = P_{Corrected} \cdot b \cdot \alpha$$

Eqn 2

$$Y = \frac{V_{Adj}}{2 \cdot V_0} \cdot \frac{b}{2}$$

Shaft Diameter (b): 48 inches

Corrected Pressuremeter Readings with Adjustments for Zero-Level

Zero Point Volume Adjustment: -10.5 in³
Initial In-Situ Pressure, P_{oh}: 6.8 psi

$\alpha = 2.00$

Point No.	Press. (psi)	Vol. (in ³)	Zero Adjustment		Adjusted Origin		P (kip/in)	y (in)
			Press (psi)	Vol. (in ³)	Press (psi)	Vol. (in ³)		
	0	0	0	0	0.00	0	0.00	0.000
1	11	0.0	-6.8	0.5	4.20	0.5	0.40	0.124
2	24	12.1	-6.8	-10.0	17.20	2.1	1.65	0.523
3	51	15.4	-6.8	-10.5	44.20	4.9	4.24	1.220
4	78	18.2	-6.8	-10.5	71.20	7.7	6.84	1.917
5	105	21.4	-6.8	-10.5	98.20	10.9	9.43	2.713
6	132	25.3	-6.8	-10.5	125.20	14.8	12.02	3.684
7	157	34.1	-6.8	-10.5	150.20	23.6	14.42	5.87
8	171	42.9	-6.8	-10.5	164.20	32.4	15.76	8.07
9	187	57.2	-6.8	-10.5	180.20	46.7	17.30	11.63
10	195	67.6	-6.8	-10.5	188.20	57.1	18.07	14.21
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- Estimated Reading Based Upon
Polynomial Estimation of Limit Pressure



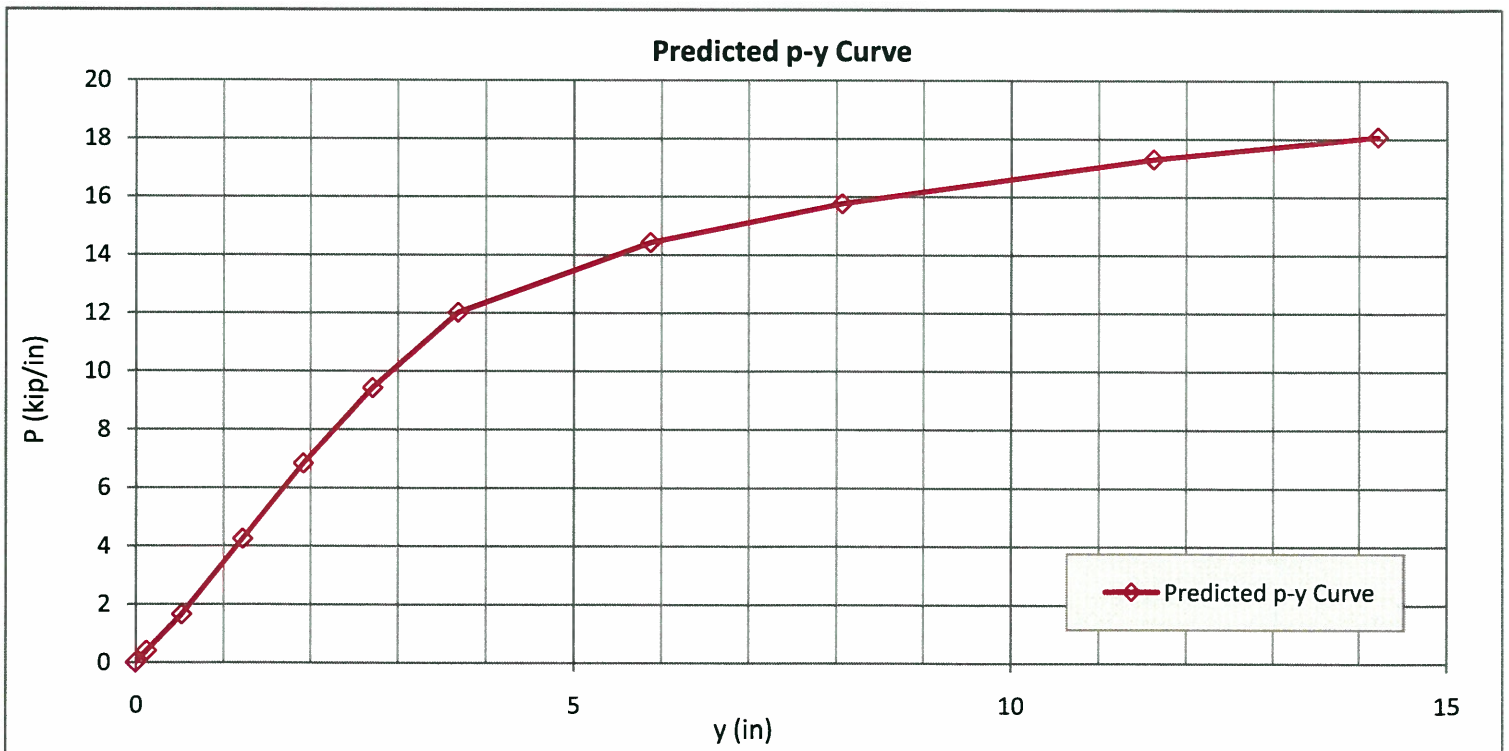
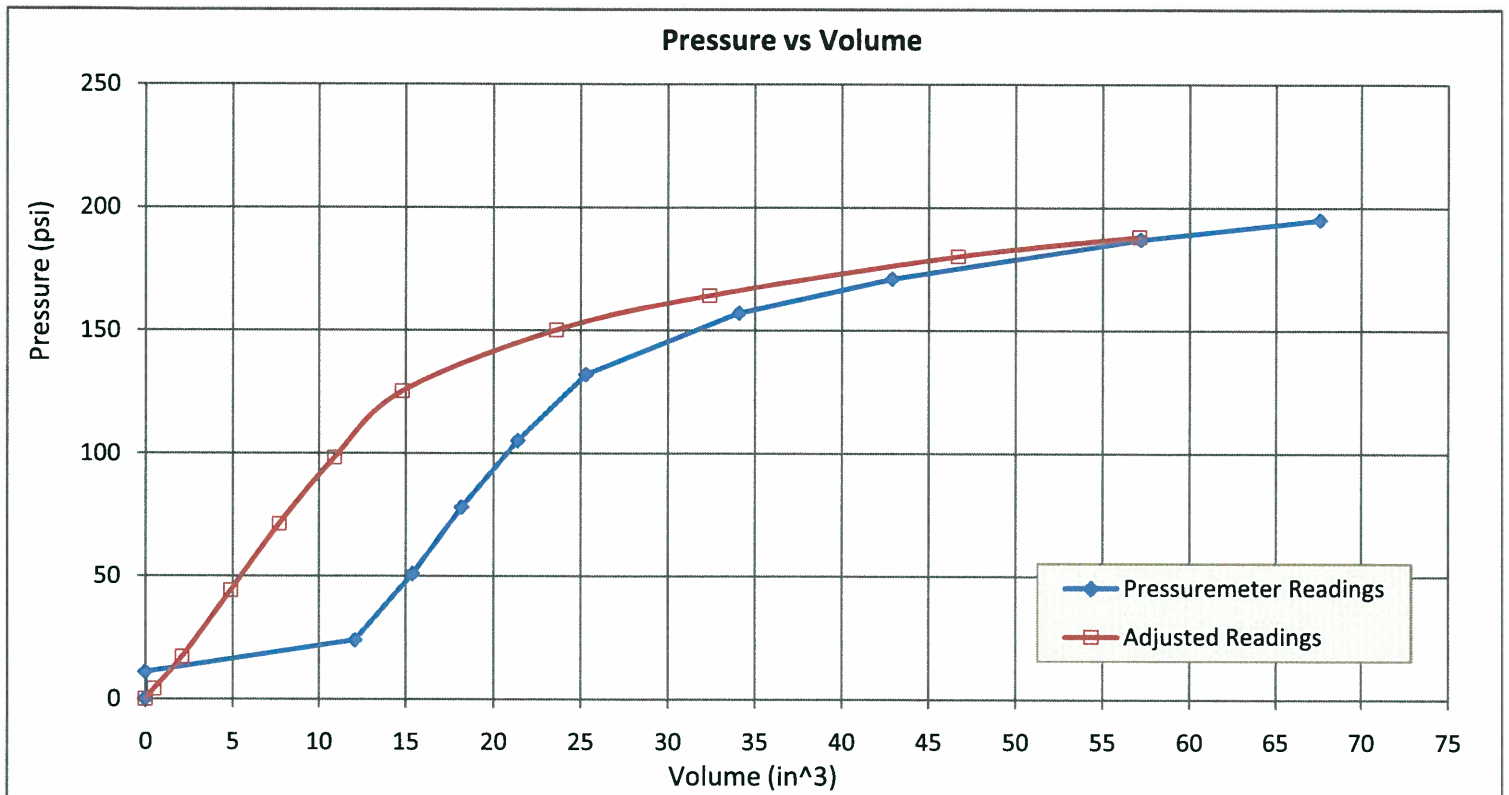
SUBJECT FRA-70-8.93
Predicted p-y Curves for Soil

JOB NUMBER 0221-1004.01
SHEET NO. OF
COMP. BY SJR DATE 3/20/09
CHECKED BY DAA DATE 3/20/09

Predicted p-y Curve for Soil
Reference: Robertson et. al. (1985)

Boring: B-026-1
Test Depth: 23.0 feet

Page 2





SUBJECT FRA-70-8.93
Predicted p-y Curves for Soil

JOB NUMBER 0221-1004.01
SHEET NO. OF
COMP. BY SJR DATE 3/20/09
CHECKED BY DAA DATE 3/20/09

Predicted p-y Curve for Soil

Reference: Roberston et. al. (1985)

Page 1

Boring: B-026-1
Soil Type: A-6a (Glacial Till)
Test Depth: 35.7 feet
Test Type: PMT - Menard
Probe Dia.: 70.0 mm
2.76 inches
Radius of Probe: 35.0 mm
1.38 inches
Initial Volume: 790 cc
48.21 in³
Probe Depth (DCM): 35.7 feet
428.4 inches

N₆₀= 18

Clay

Reduction Factor: (α) (see following page)

If $\frac{DCM}{b} > 4$ $\alpha = 1.5$ for sand
 $\alpha = 2.0$ for clay

If $\frac{DCM}{b} \leq 4$ $\alpha = \frac{1.5 \cdot DCM}{4 \cdot b}$ for sand

$\alpha = 0.67 + \frac{2.0 \cdot DCM}{4 \cdot b}$ for clay

Equations:

Eqn 1

$$P = P_{Corrected} \cdot b \cdot \alpha$$

Eqn 2

$$Y = \frac{V_{Adj}}{2 \cdot V_0} \cdot \frac{b}{2}$$

Corrected Pressuremeter Readings with Adjustments for Zero-Level

Zero Point Volume Adjustment: -6.5 in³
Initial In-Situ Pressure, P_{oh}: 10.7 psi

$\alpha = 2.00$

Point No.	Zero Adjustment		Adjusted Origin		P (kip/in)	y (in)
	Press. (psi)	Vol. (in ³)	Press. (psi)	Vol. (in ³)		
	0	0	0	0	0.00	0.000
1	17	0.0	-10.7	0.6	0.60	0.149
2	20	6.6	-10.7	-5.8	0.89	0.199
3	33	8.1	-10.7	-6.0	2.14	0.523
4	47	9.3	-10.7	-6.0	3.48	0.821
5	60	10.9	-10.7	-6.5	4.73	1.095
6	73	12.2	-10.7	-6.5	5.98	1.419
7	87	13.7	-10.7	-6.5	7.32	1.79
8	100	15.2	-10.7	-6.5	8.57	2.17
9	114	16.6	-10.7	-6.5	9.92	2.51
10	127	17.9	-10.7	-6.5	11.16	2.84
11	141	19.4	-10.7	-6.5	12.51	3.21
12	155	20.9	-10.7	-6.5	13.85	3.58
13	168	22.5	-10.7	-6.5	15.10	3.98
14	182	24.2	-10.7	-6.5	16.44	4.41
15	195	26.2	-10.7	-6.5	17.69	4.90
16	209	28.2	-10.7	-6.5	19.04	5.40
17	222	30.6	-10.7	-6.5	20.28	6.00
18	236	32.9	-10.7	-6.5	21.63	6.57
19	262	39.1	-10.7	-6.5	24.12	8.12
20	290	56.6	-10.7	-6.5	26.81	12.47
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 - Estimated Reading Based Upon
Polynomial Estimation of Limit Pressure



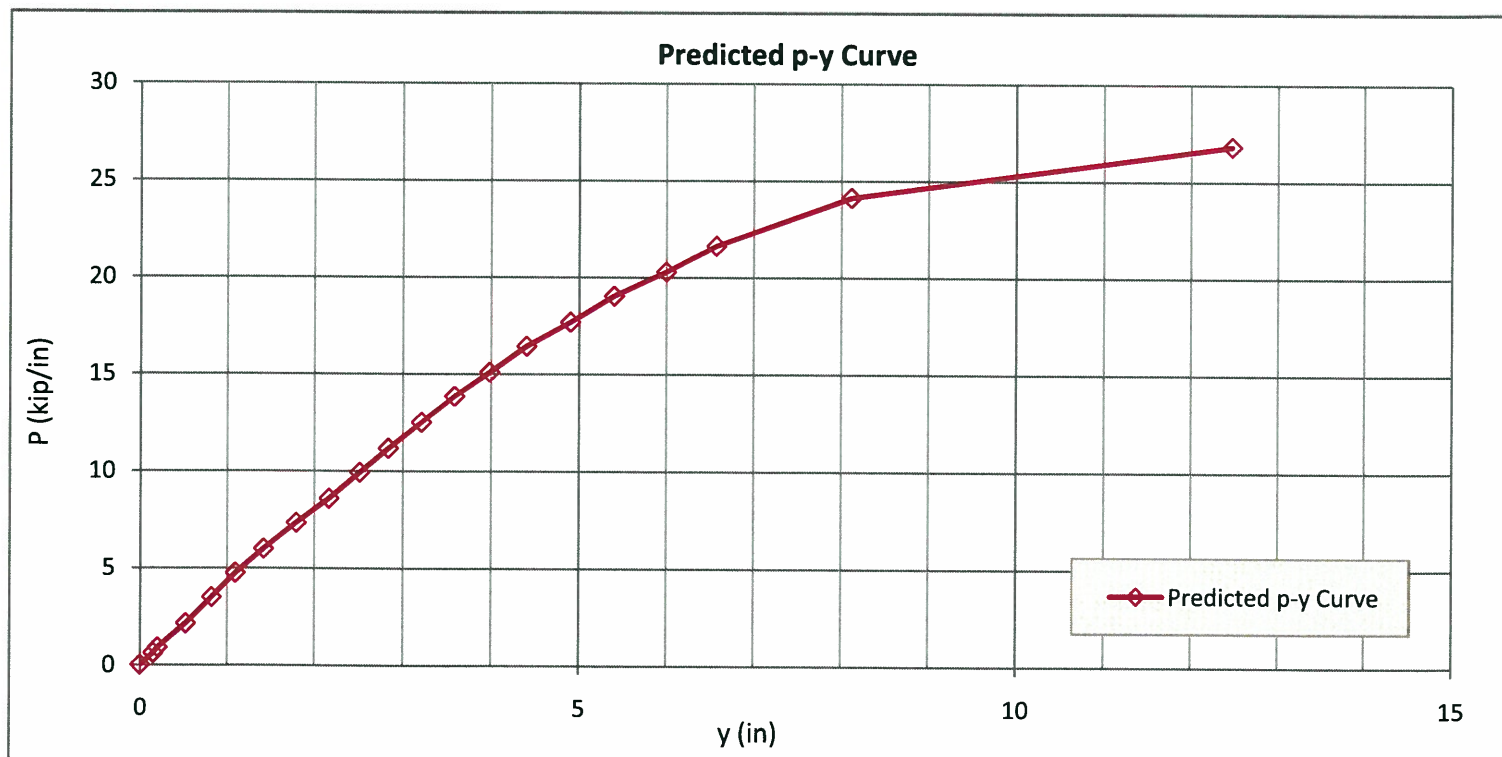
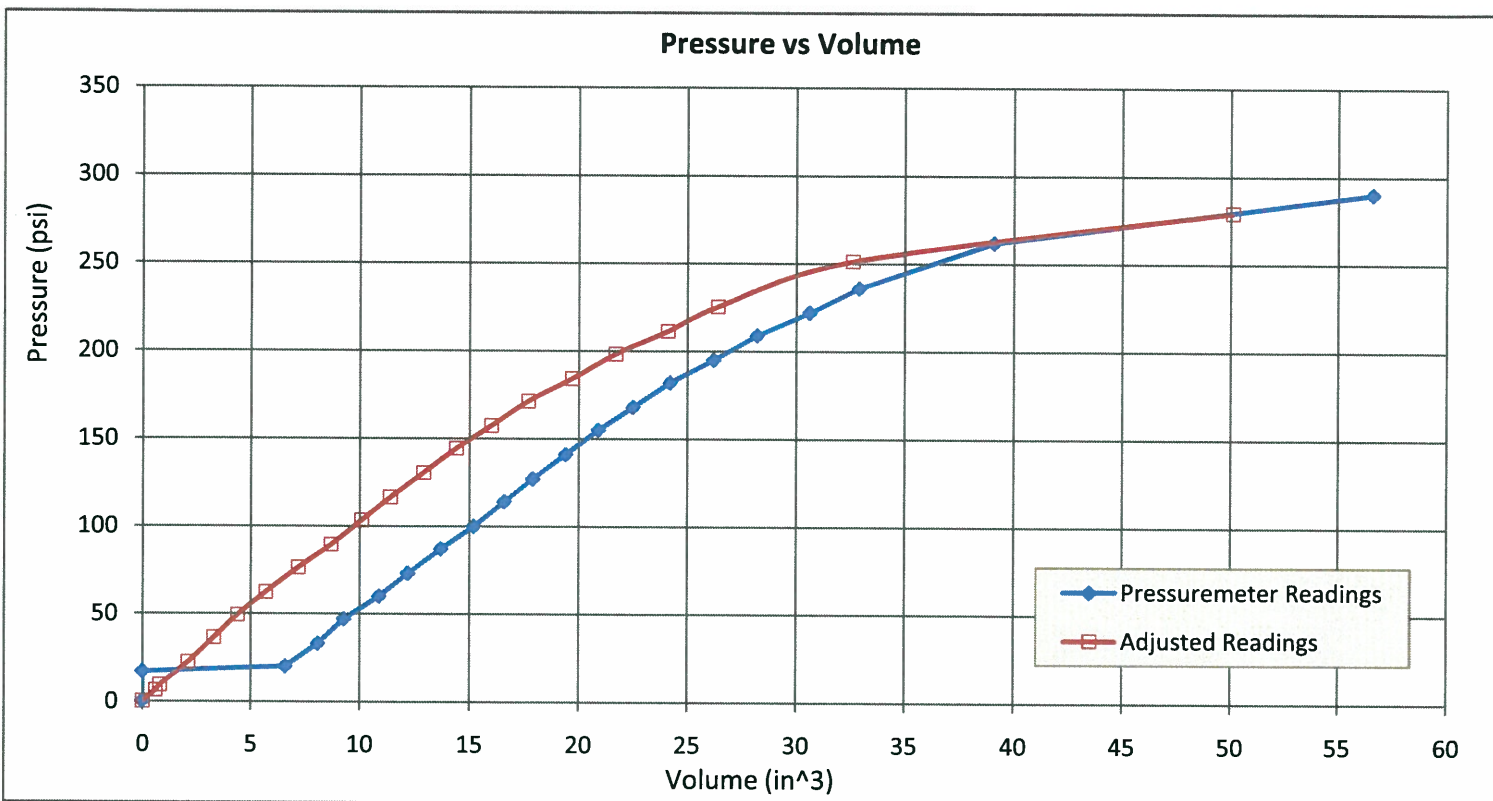
SUBJECT FRA-70-8.93
Predicted p-y Curves for Soil

JOB NUMBER 0221-1004.01
SHEET NO. OF
COMP. BY SJR DATE 3/20/09
CHECKED BY DAA DATE 3/20/09

Predicted p-y Curve for Soil
Reference: Roberston et. al. (1985)

Boring: B-026-1
Test Depth: 35.7 feet

Page 2





SUBJECT FRA-70-8.93

Predicted p-y Curves for Soil

JOB NUMBER 0221-1004.01

SHEET NO. OF

COMP. BY SJR DATE 3/20/09

CHECKED BY DAA DATE 3/20/09

Predicted p-y Curve for Soil

Reference: Roberston et. al. (1985)

Page 1

Boring: B-026-1

N₆₀= 87

Soil Type: A-6a (Glacial Till)

Clay

Reduction Factor: (α) (see following page)

Test Depth: 54.1 feet

Test Type: PMT - Menard

Probe Dia.: 70.0 mm

2.76 inches

Radius of Probe: 35.0 mm

1.38 inches

Initial Volume: 790 cc

48.21 in³

Probe Depth (DCM): 54.1 feet

649.2 inches

If $\frac{DCM}{b} > 4$

$\alpha = 1.5$ for sand

$\alpha = 2.0$ for clay

If $\frac{DCM}{b} \leq 4$

$\alpha = \frac{1.5 \cdot DCM}{4 \cdot b}$ for sand

$\alpha = 0.67 + \frac{2.0 \cdot DCM}{4 \cdot b}$ for clay

Equations:

Eqn 1

$P = P_{Corrected} \cdot b \cdot \alpha$

Eqn 2

$Y = \frac{V_{Adj}}{2 \cdot V_0} \cdot \frac{b}{2}$

Shaft Diameter (b): 48 inches

Corrected Pressuremeter Readings with Adjustments for Zero-LevelZero Point Volume Adjustment: -10.0 in³Initial In-Situ Pressure, P_{oh}: 16.1 psi

$\alpha = 2.00$

Point No.	Press. (psi)	Vol. (in ³)	Zero Adjustment		Adjusted Origin		P (kip/in)	y (in)
			Press (psi)	Vol. (in ³)	Press (psi)	Vol. (in ³)		
	0	0	0	0	0.00	0	0.00	0.000
1	25	0.0	-16.1	0.3	8.90	0.3	0.85	0.075
2	41	8.7	-16.1	-7.9	24.90	0.8	2.39	0.199
3	68	11.0	-16.1	-9.5	51.90	1.5	4.98	0.373
4	96	12.2	-16.1	-10.0	79.90	2.2	7.67	0.548
5	124	12.9	-16.1	-10.0	107.90	2.9	10.36	0.722
6	153	13.5	-16.1	-10.0	136.90	3.5	13.14	0.871
7	181	14.0	-16.1	-10.0	164.90	4.0	15.83	1.00
8	210	14.6	-16.1	-10.0	193.90	4.6	18.61	1.15
9	238	15.2	-16.1	-10.0	221.90	5.2	21.30	1.29
10	267	16.0	-16.1	-10.0	250.90	6.0	24.09	1.49
11	296	16.8	-16.1	-10.0	279.90	6.8	26.87	1.69
12	324	17.6	-16.1	-10.0	307.90	7.6	29.56	1.89
13	353	18.4	-16.1	-10.0	336.90	8.4	32.34	2.09
14	402	20.6	-16.1	-10.0	385.90	10.6	37.05	2.64
15	461	26.4	-16.1	-10.0	444.90	16.4	42.71	4.08
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- Estimated Reading Based Upon
Polynomial Estimation of Limit Pressure



SUBJECT FRA-70-8.93
Predicted p-y Curves for Soil

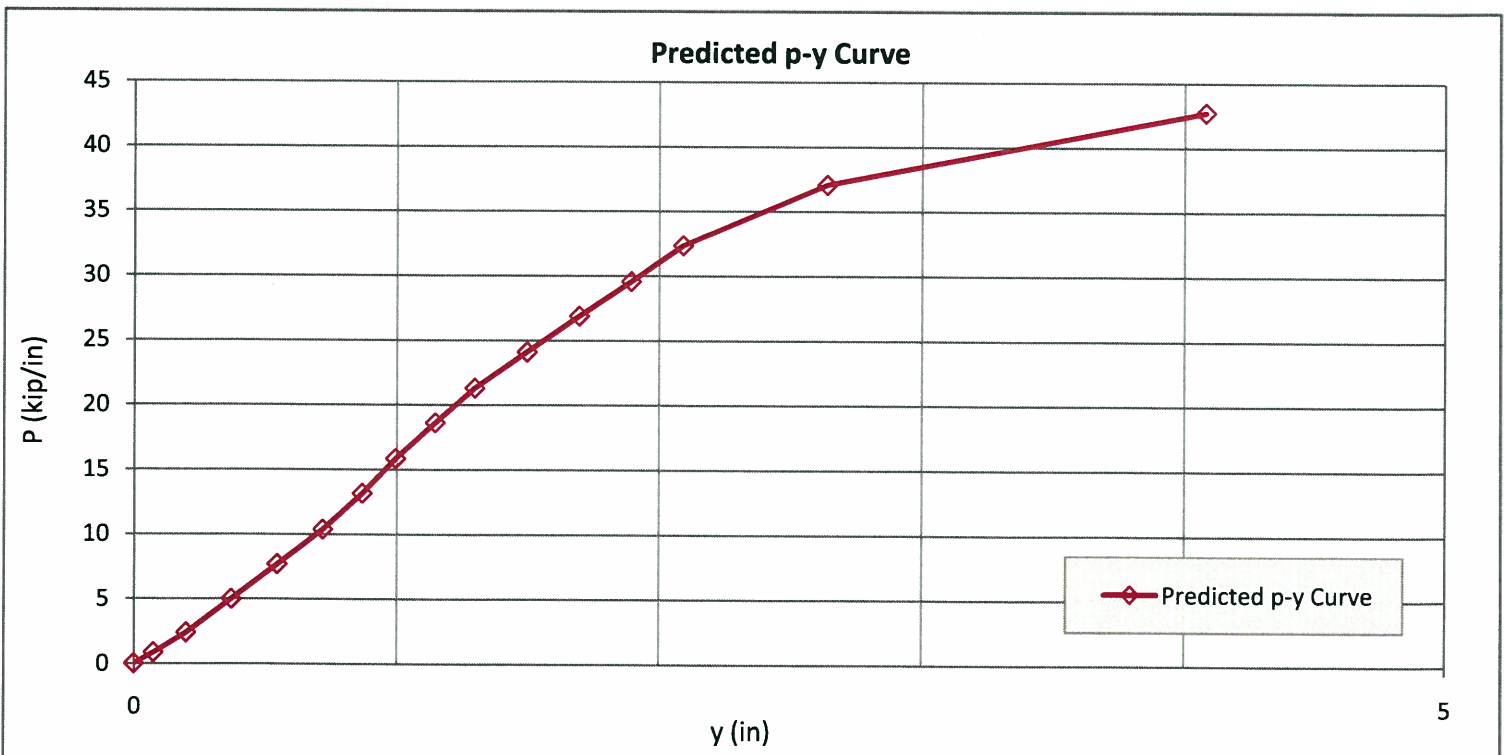
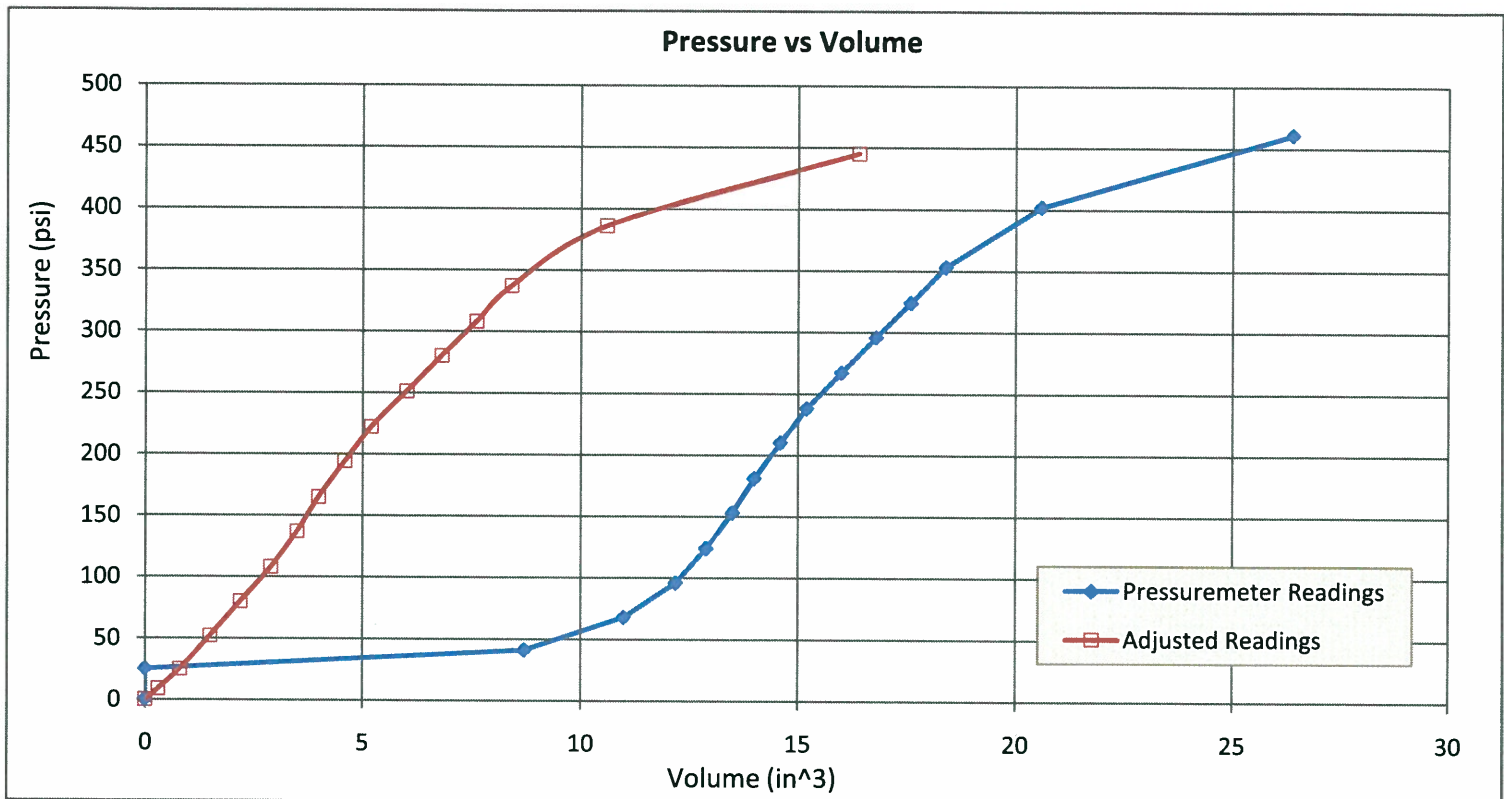
JOB NUMBER 0221-1004.01
SHEET NO. OF
COMP. BY SJR DATE 3/20/09
CHECKED BY DAA DATE 3/20/09

Predicted p-y Curve for Soil

Reference: Roberston et. al. (1985)

Boring: B-026-1
Test Depth: 54.1 feet

Page 2





SUBJECT FRA-70-8.93

Predicted p-y Curves for Soil

JOB NUMBER 0221-1004.01

SHEET NO. OF

COMP. BY SJR DATE 3/20/09

CHECKED BY DAA DATE 3/20/09

Predicted p-y Curve for Soil

Reference: Robertson et. al. (1985)

Boring: B-046-1

N₆₀= 44**Curve No. 3**

Page 1

Soil Type: A-6a (Glacial Till)

Clay

Reduction Factor: (α)

(see following page)

Test Depth: 32.0 feet

Test Type: PMT - Menard

Probe Dia.: 70.0 mm

2.76 inches

Radius of Probe: 35.0 mm

1.38 inches

Initial Volume: 790 cc

48.21 in³

Probe Depth (DCM): 32.0 feet

384 inches

If $\frac{DCM}{b} > 4$

 $\alpha = 1.5$ for sand $\alpha = 2.0$ for clay

If $\frac{DCM}{b} \leq 4$

$$\alpha = \frac{1.5 \cdot DCM}{4 \cdot b} \text{ for sand}$$

$$\alpha = 0.67 + \frac{2.0 \cdot DCM}{4 \cdot b} \text{ for clay}$$

Equations:

Eqn 1

$$P = P_{Corrected} \cdot b \cdot \alpha$$

Eqn 2

$$Y = \frac{V_{Adj}}{2 \cdot V_0} \cdot \frac{b}{2}$$

Shaft Diameter (b): 48 inches

Corrected Pressuremeter Readings with Adjustments for Zero-LevelZero Point Volume Adjustment: -8.5 in³Initial In-Situ Pressure, P_{oh}: 9.5 psi $\alpha = 2.00$

Point No.	Press. (psi)	Vol. (in ³)	Zero Adjustment		Adjusted Origin		P (kip/in)	y (in)
			Press (psi)	Vol. (in ³)	Press (psi)	Vol. (in ³)		
	0	0	0	0	0.00	0	0.00	0.000
1	15	0.0	-9.5	0.2	5.50	0.2	0.53	0.037
2	31	8.5	-9.5	-7.9	21.50	0.6	2.06	0.149
3	59	9.9	-9.5	-8.4	49.50	1.5	4.75	0.373
4	87	11.0	-9.5	-8.5	77.50	2.5	7.44	0.622
5	115	12.2	-9.5	-8.5	105.50	3.7	10.13	0.921
6	143	13.8	-9.5	-8.5	133.50	5.3	12.82	1.319
7	171	15.7	-9.5	-8.5	161.50	7.2	15.50	1.79
8	198	18.0	-9.5	-8.5	188.50	9.5	18.10	2.36
9	226	20.8	-9.5	-8.5	216.50	12.3	20.78	3.06
10	253	24.0	-9.5	-8.5	243.50	15.5	23.38	3.86
11	280	28.0	-9.5	-8.5	270.50	19.5	25.97	4.85
12	307	32.5	-9.5	-8.5	297.50	24.0	28.56	5.97
13	333	38.0	-9.5	-8.5	323.50	29.5	31.06	7.34
14	377	49.4	-9.5	-8.5	367.50	40.9	35.28	10.18
15	401	57.1	-9.5	-8.5	391.50	48.6	37.58	12.10
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- Estimated Reading Based Upon
Polynomial Estimation of Limit Pressure



SUBJECT FRA-70-8.93
Predicted p-y Curves for Soil

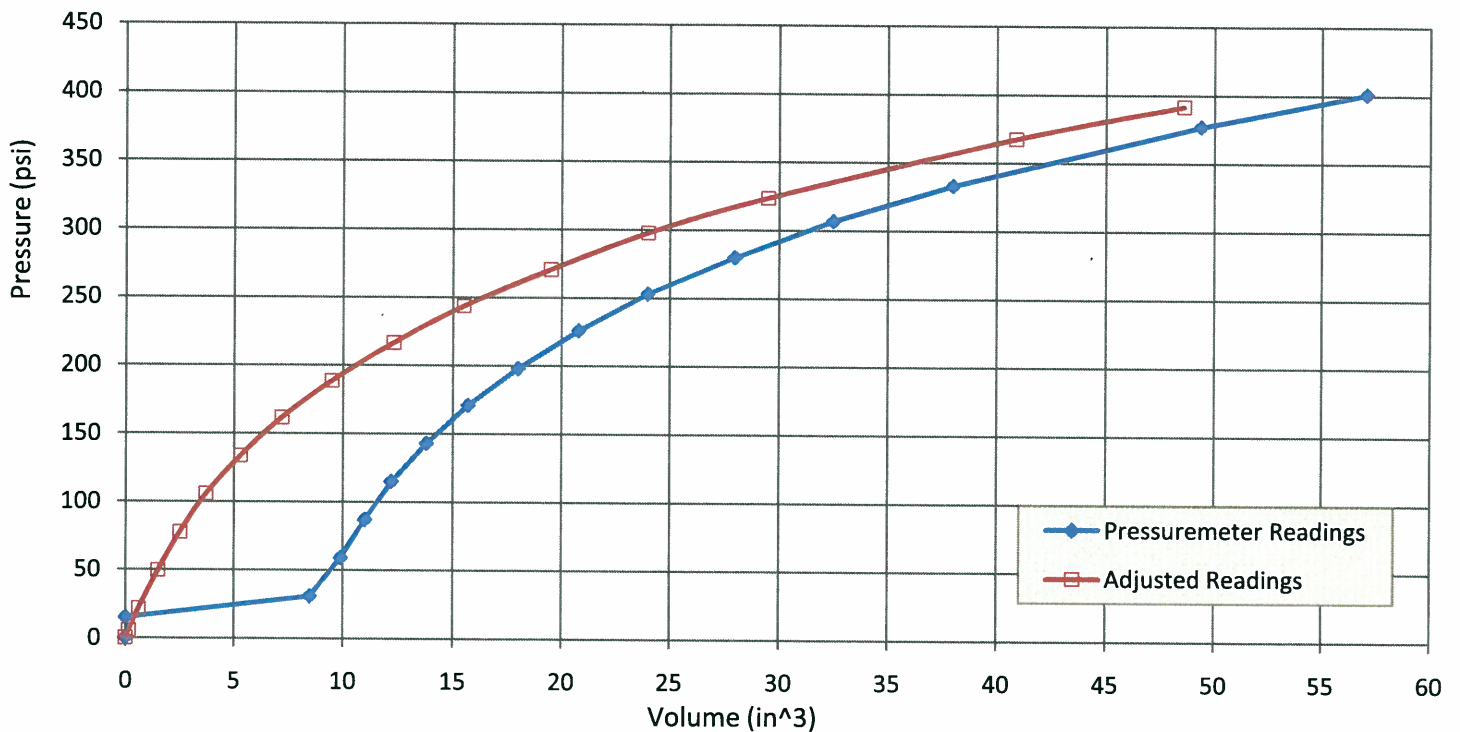
JOB NUMBER 0221-1004.01
SHEET NO. OF
COMP. BY SJR DATE 3/20/09
CHECKED BY DAA DATE 3/20/09

Predicted p-y Curve for Soil
Reference: Roberston et. al. (1985)

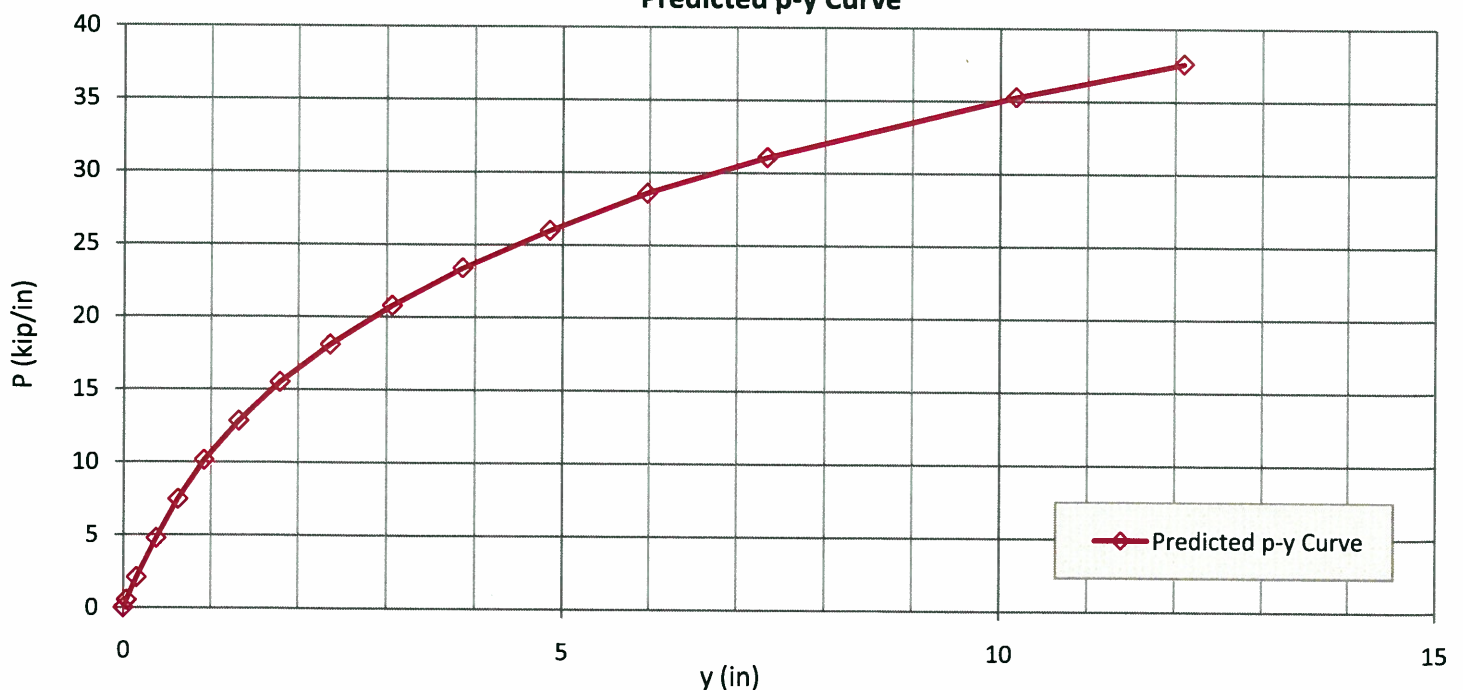
Boring: B-046-1
Test Depth: 32.0 feet

Page 2

Pressure vs Volume



Predicted p-y Curve





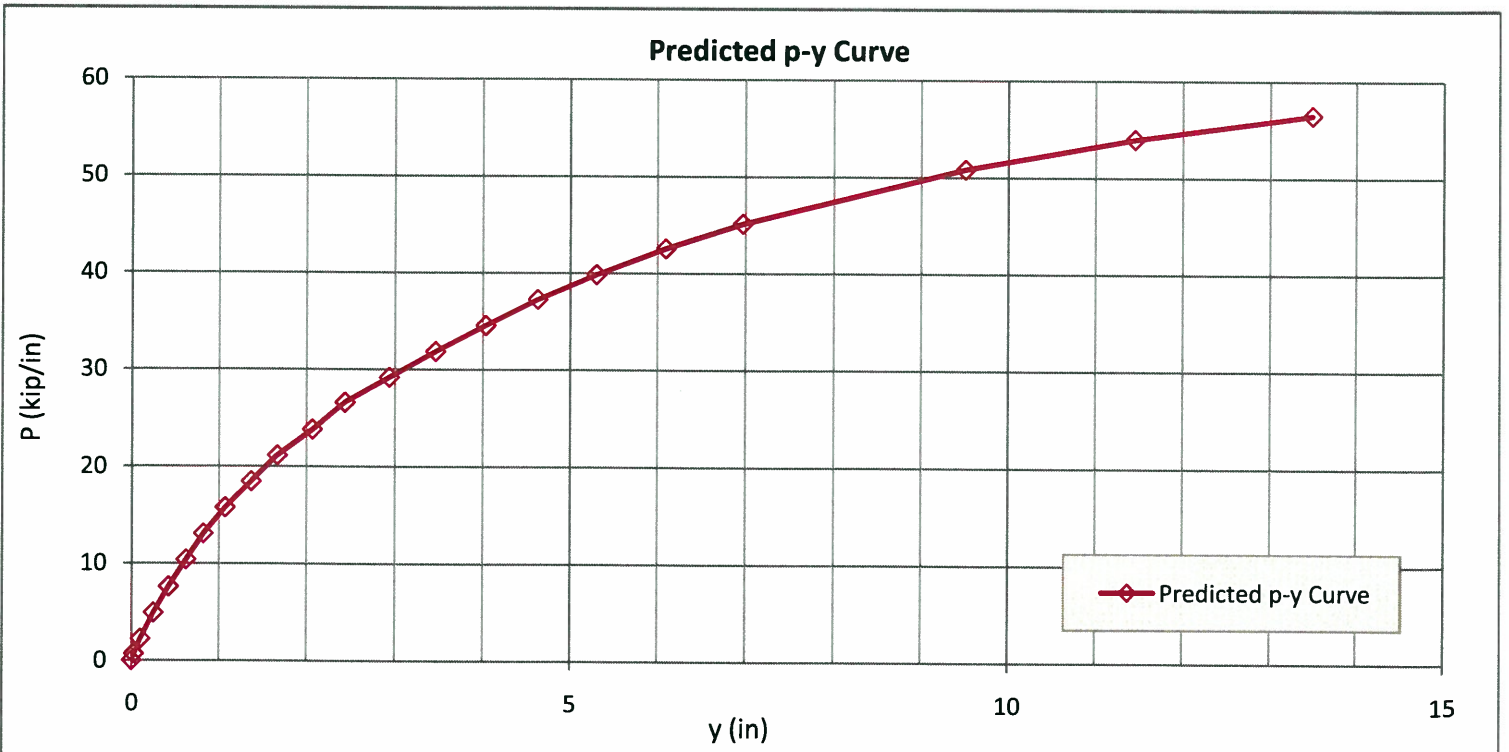
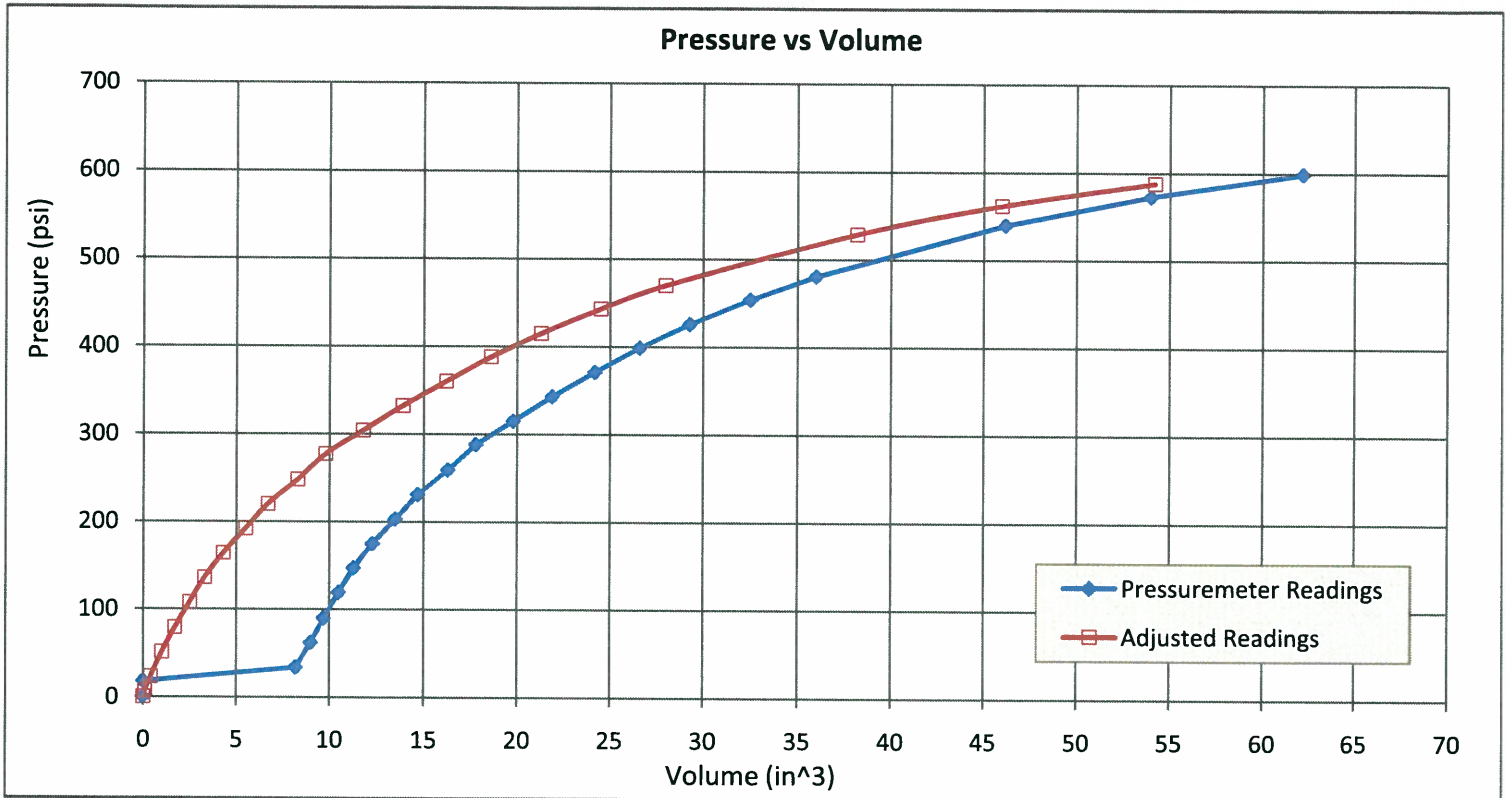
SUBJECT FRA-70-8.93
Predicted p-y Curves for Soil

JOB NUMBER 0221-1004.01
SHEET NO. OF
COMP. BY SJR DATE 3/20/09
CHECKED BY DAA DATE 3/20/09

Predicted p-y Curve for Soil
Reference: Robertson et. al. (1985)

Boring: B-046-1
Test Depth: 37.0 feet

Page 2





SUBJECT FRA-70-8.93
Predicted p-y Curves for Soil

JOB NUMBER 0221-1004.01
SHEET NO. OF
COMP. BY SJR DATE 3/20/09
CHECKED BY DAA DATE 3/20/09

Predicted p-y Curve for Soil

Reference: Robertson et. al. (1985)

Boring: B-046-1	N ₆₀ = 63	Curve No. 5	Page 1
Soil Type: A-6a (Glacial Till)	<i>Clay</i>	Reduction Factor: (α)	(see following page)
Test Depth: 42.0 feet			
Test Type: PMT - Menard			
Probe Dia.: 70.0 mm			
	2.76 inches		
Radius of Probe: 35.0 mm			
	1.38 inches		
Initial Volume: 790 cc			
	48.21 in ³		
Probe Depth (DCM): 42.0 feet			
	504 inches		
Shaft Diameter (b): 48 inches			

If $\frac{DCM}{b} > 4$ $\alpha = 1.5$ for sand
 $\alpha = 2.0$ for clay

If $\frac{DCM}{b} \leq 4$ $\alpha = \frac{1.5 \cdot DCM}{4 \cdot b}$ for sand
 $\alpha = 0.67 + \frac{2.0 \cdot DCM}{4 \cdot b}$ for clay

Equations:

Eqn 1 $P = P_{Corrected} \cdot b \cdot \alpha$ Eqn 2 $Y = \frac{V_{Adj}}{2 \cdot V_0} \cdot \frac{b}{2}$

Corrected Pressuremeter Readings with Adjustments for Zero-Level

Zero Point Volume Adjustment: **-8.3** in³
Initial In-Situ Pressure, P_{oh}: **12.5** psi

$\alpha = 2.00$

Point No.	Press. (psi)	Vol. (in ³)	Zero Adjustment		Adjusted Origin		P (kip/in)	y (in)
			Press (psi)	Vol. (in ³)	Press (psi)	Vol. (in ³)		
	0	0	0	0	0.00	0	0.00	0.000
1	20	0	-12.5	0.2	7.50	0.2	0.72	0.037
2	36	8.3	-12.5	-7.8	23.50	0.5	2.26	0.124
3	64	9.3	-12.5	-8.2	51.50	1.1	4.94	0.274
4	92	10	-12.5	-8.3	79.50	1.7	7.63	0.423
5	121	10.6	-12.5	-8.3	108.50	2.3	10.42	0.573
6	149	11.4	-12.5	-8.3	136.50	3.1	13.10	0.772
7	178	12.1	-12.5	-8.3	165.50	3.8	15.89	0.95
8	206	13	-12.5	-8.3	193.50	4.7	18.58	1.17
9	234	14	-12.5	-8.3	221.50	5.7	21.26	1.42
10	262	14.9	-12.5	-8.3	249.50	6.6	23.95	1.64
11	291	16	-12.5	-8.3	278.50	7.7	26.74	1.92
12	319	17.3	-12.5	-8.3	306.50	9.0	29.42	2.24
13	347	18.7	-12.5	-8.3	334.50	10.4	32.11	2.59
14	375	20.2	-12.5	-8.3	362.50	11.9	34.80	2.96
15	403	21.8	-12.5	-8.3	390.50	13.5	37.49	3.36
16	431	23.8	-12.5	-8.3	418.50	15.5	40.18	3.86
17	459	25.7	-12.5	-8.3	446.50	17.4	42.86	4.33
18	487	28.1	-12.5	-8.3	474.50	19.8	45.55	4.93
19	515	30.6	-12.5	-8.3	502.50	22.3	48.24	5.55
20	602	42.1	-12.5	-8.3	589.50	33.8	56.59	8.41
21	660	56.4	-12.5	-8.3	647.50	48.1	62.16	11.97
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 - Estimated Reading Based Upon
Polynomial Estimation of Limit Pressure



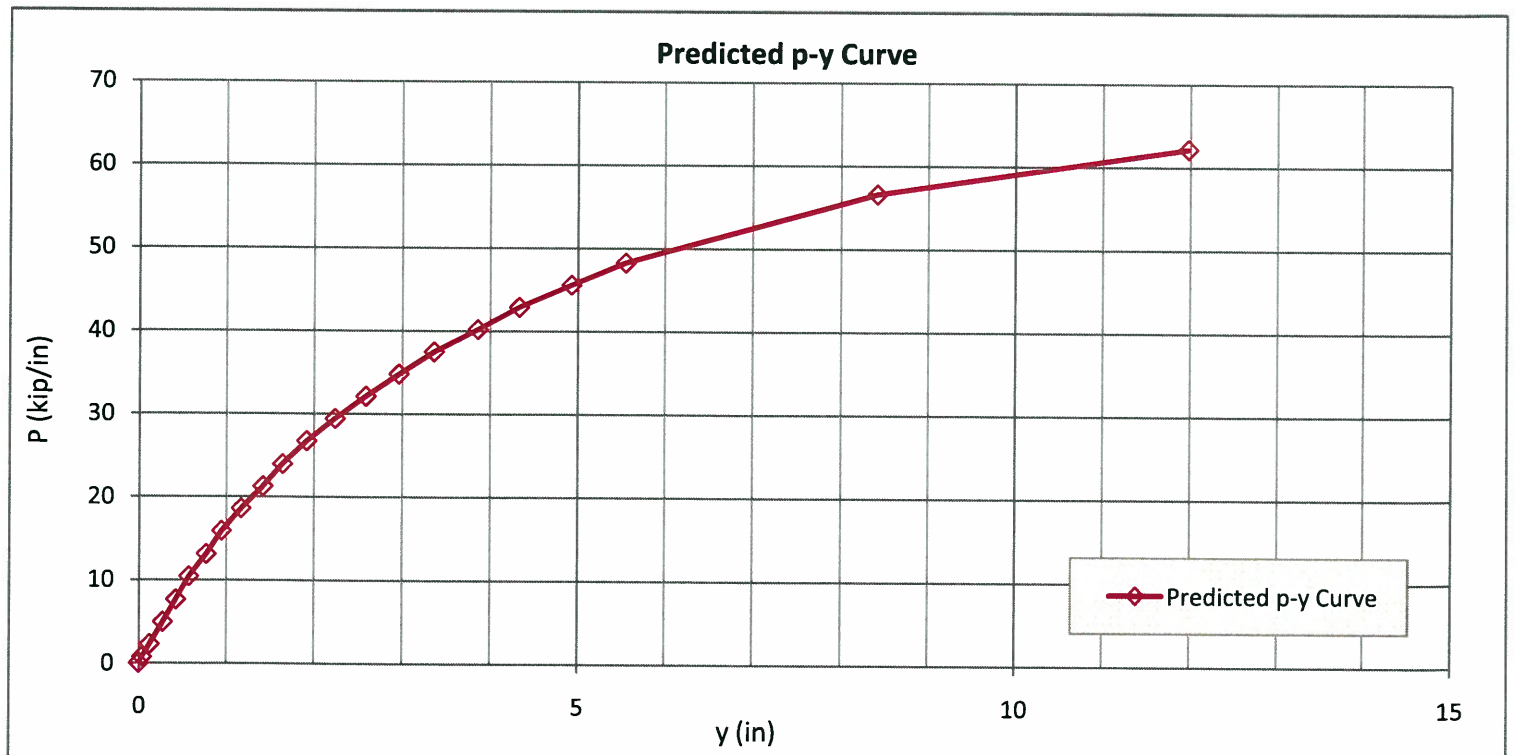
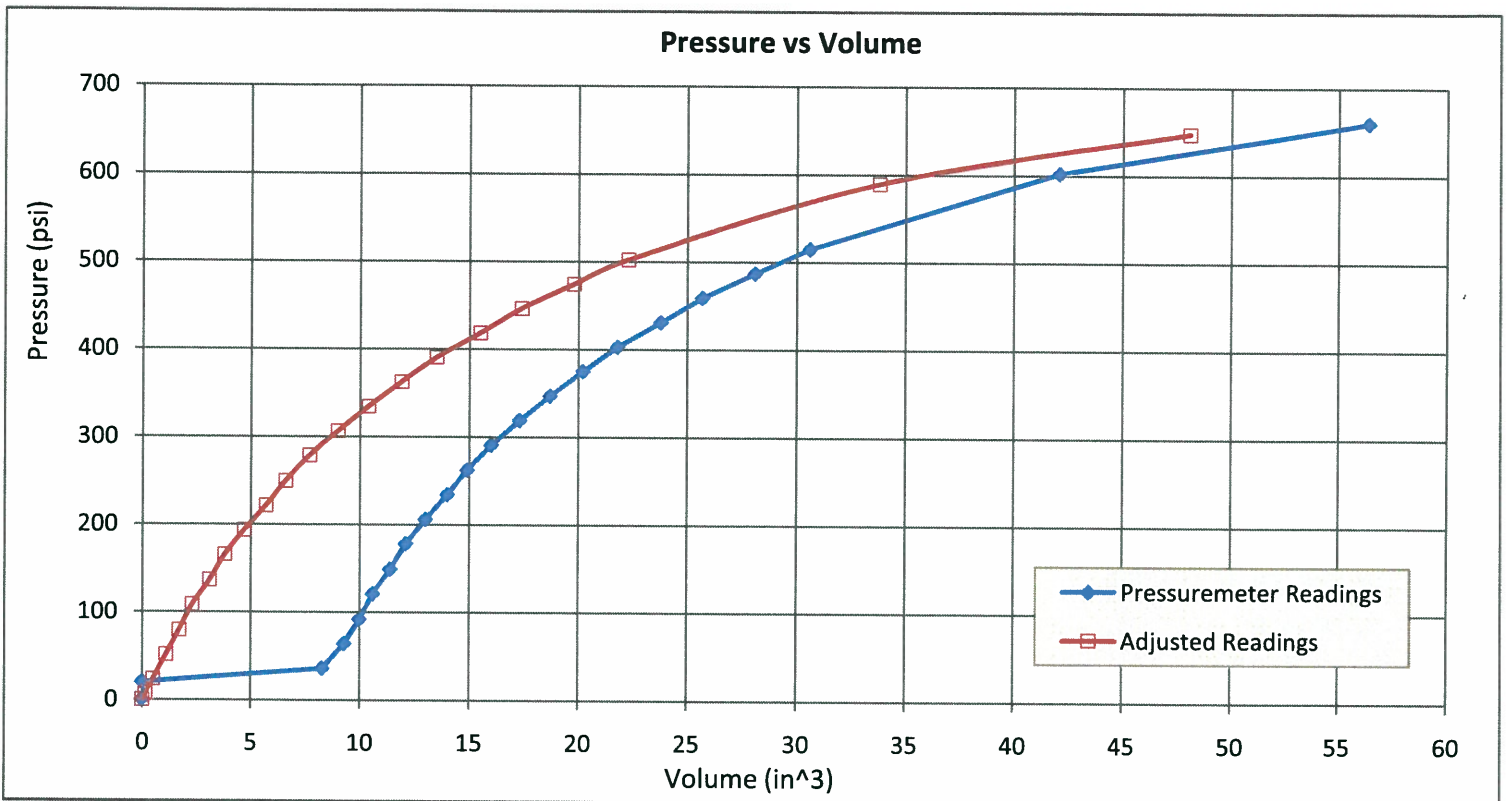
SUBJECT FRA-70-8.93
Predicted p-y Curves for Soil

JOB NUMBER 0221-1004.01
SHEET NO. OF
COMP. BY SJR DATE 3/20/09
CHECKED BY DAA DATE 3/20/09

Predicted p-y Curve for Soil
Reference: Roberston et. al. (1985)

Boring: B-046-1
Test Depth: 42.0 feet

Page 2





SUBJECT FRA-70-8.93
Predicted p-y Curves for Soil

JOB NUMBER 0221-1004.01
 SHEET NO. OF
 COMP. BY SJR DATE 3/20/09
 CHECKED BY DAA DATE 3/20/09

Predicted p-y Curve for Soil

Reference: Roberston et. al. (1985)

Boring: <u>B-046-1</u>	N ₆₀ = <u>61</u>	Curve No. 6	Page 1
Soil Type: <u>A-6a (Glacial Till)</u>	<u>Clay</u>	Reduction Factor: (α)	(see following page)
Test Depth: <u>47.0</u> feet		If $\frac{DCM}{b} > 4$	α = 1.5 for sand α = 2.0 for clay
Test Type: <u>PMT - Menard</u>		If $\frac{DCM}{b} \leq 4$	α = $\frac{1.5 \cdot DCM}{4 \cdot b}$ for sand α = $0.67 + \frac{2.0 \cdot DCM}{4 \cdot b}$ for clay
Probe Dia.: <u>70.0</u> mm		Equations:	
2.76 inches		Eqn 1	Eqn 2
Radius of Probe: <u>35.0</u> mm		P = P _{Corrected} · b · α	Y = $\frac{V_{Adj}}{2 \cdot V_0} \cdot \frac{b}{2}$
1.38 inches			
Initial Volume: <u>790</u> cc			
48.21 in ³			
Probe Depth (DCM): <u>47.0</u> feet			
564 inches			
Shaft Diameter (b): <u>48</u> inches			

Corrected Pressuremeter Readings with Adjustments for Zero-Level

Zero Point Volume Adjustment: -8.3 in³
 Initial In-Situ Pressure, P_{oh}: 14 psi

α = 2.00

Point No.	Press. (psi)	Vol. (in ³)	Zero Adjustment		Adjusted Origin		P (kip/in)	y (in)
			Press (psi)	Vol. (in ³)	Press (psi)	Vol. (in ³)		
	0	0	0	0	0.00	0	0.00	0.000
1	22	0	-14	0.2	8.00	0.2	0.77	0.050
2	38	8.3	-14	-7.8	24.00	0.6	2.30	0.137
3	66	9.4	-14	-8.2	52.00	1.2	4.99	0.299
4	94	10.2	-14	-8.3	80.00	1.9	7.68	0.473
5	123	11	-14	-8.3	109.00	2.7	10.46	0.672
6	151	12	-14	-8.3	137.00	3.7	13.15	0.921
7	179	13.1	-14	-8.3	165.00	4.8	15.84	1.19
8	207	14.4	-14	-8.3	193.00	6.1	18.53	1.52
9	235	15.8	-14	-8.3	221.00	7.5	21.22	1.87
10	263	17.4	-14	-8.3	249.00	9.1	23.90	2.27
11	291	19.3	-14	-8.3	277.00	11.0	26.59	2.74
12	319	21.5	-14	-8.3	305.00	13.2	29.28	3.29
13	346	24	-14	-8.3	332.00	15.7	31.87	3.91
14	374	26.9	-14	-8.3	360.00	18.6	34.56	4.63
15	401	30.2	-14	-8.3	387.00	21.9	37.15	5.45
16	429	33.8	-14	-8.3	415.00	25.5	39.84	6.35
17	504	46	-14	-8.3	490.00	37.7	47.04	9.38
18	552	55.8	-14	-8.3	538.00	47.5	51.65	11.82
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 - Estimated Reading Based Upon
 Polinomial Estimation of Limit Pressure



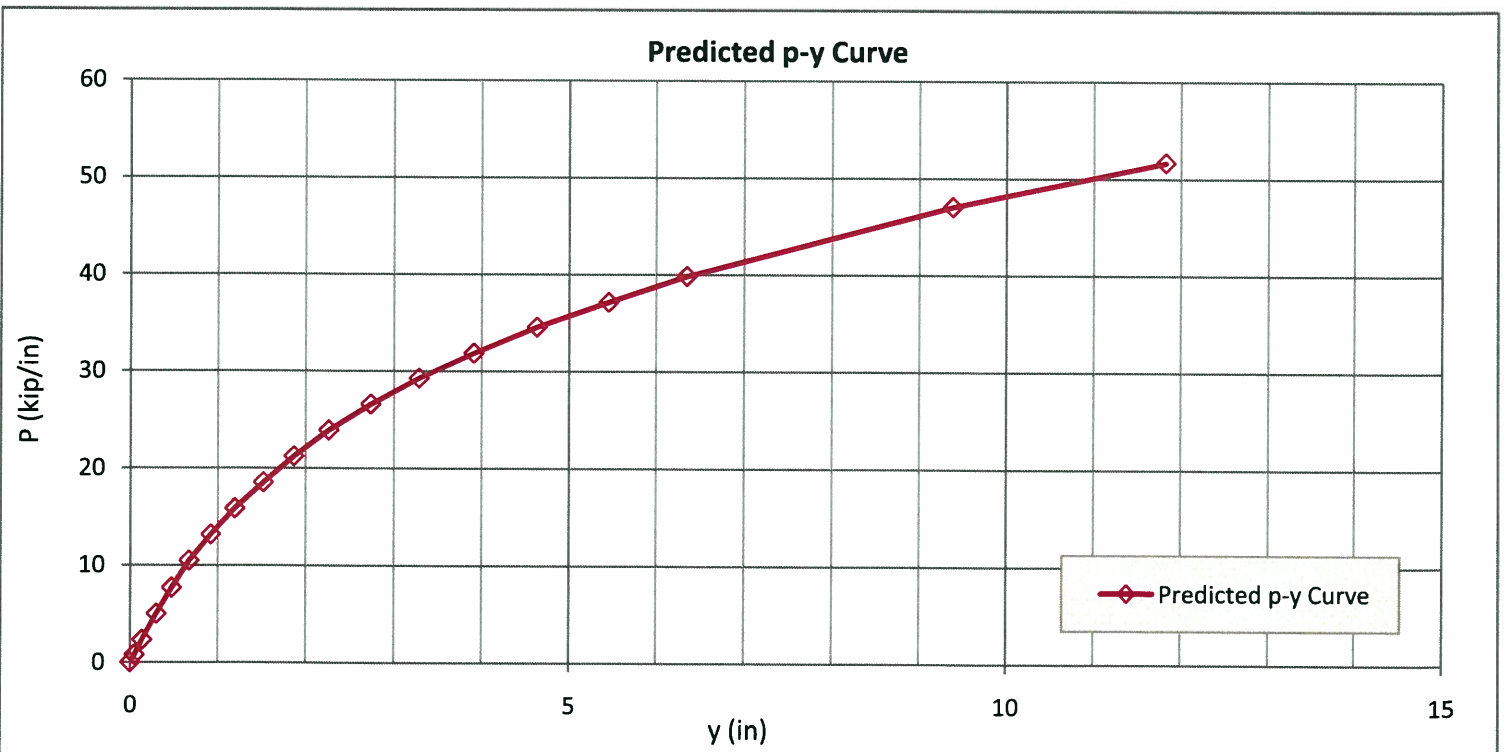
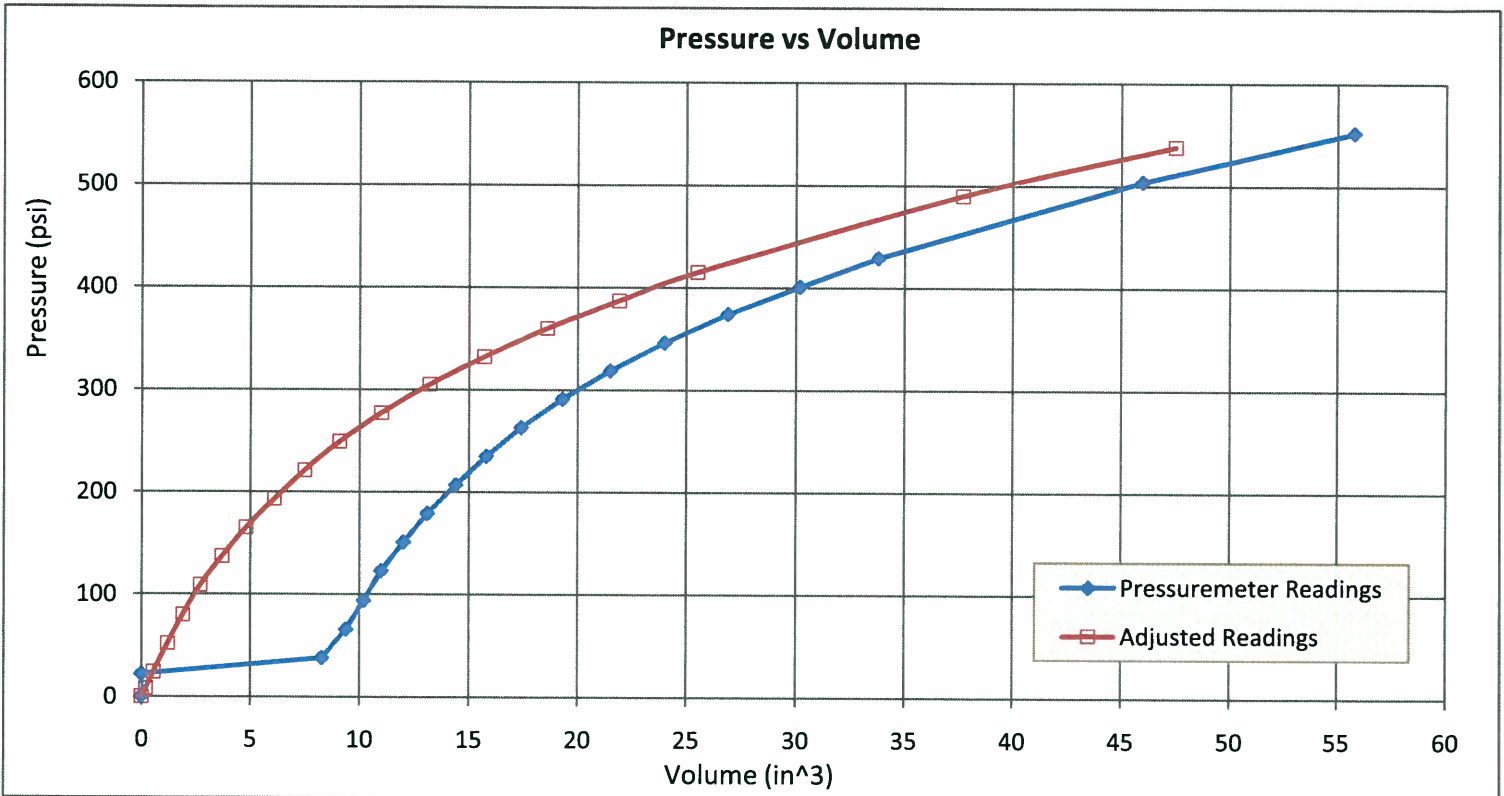
SUBJECT FRA-70-8.93
Predicted p-y Curves for Soil

JOB NUMBER 0221-1004.01
SHEET NO. OF
COMP. BY SJR DATE 3/20/09
CHECKED BY DAA DATE 3/20/09

Predicted p-y Curve for Soil
Reference: Roberston et. al. (1985)

Boring: B-046-1
Test Depth: 47.0 feet

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Predicted p-y Curves for Soil

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Predicted p-y Curve for Soil

Reference: Roberston et. al. (1985)

Page 1

Boring: B-046-1
Soil Type: A-4a (Glacial Till)
Test Depth: 59.0 feet
Test Type: PMT - Menard
Probe Dia.: 70.0 mm
2.76 inches
Radius of Probe: 35.0 mm
1.38 inches
Initial Volume: 790 cc
48.21 in³
Probe Depth (DCM): 59.0 feet
708 inches

N₆₀= 45

Clay

Curve No. 7

(see following page)

$$\text{If } \frac{\text{DCM}}{b} > 4$$

$\alpha = 1.5$ for sand

$\alpha = 2.0$ for clay

$$\text{If } \frac{\text{DCM}}{b} \leq 4$$

$$\alpha = \frac{1.5 \cdot \text{DCM}}{4 \cdot b} \text{ for sand}$$

$$\alpha = 0.67 + \frac{2.0 \cdot \text{DCM}}{4 \cdot b} \text{ for clay}$$

Equations:

Eqn 1

$$P = P_{\text{Corrected}} \cdot b \cdot \alpha$$

Eqn 2

$$Y = \frac{V_{\text{Adj}}}{2 \cdot V_0} \cdot \frac{b}{2}$$

Corrected Pressuremeter Readings with Adjustments for Zero-Level

Zero Point Volume Adjustment: -7.0 in³
Initial In-Situ Pressure, P_{oh}: 17.6 psi

$$\alpha = 2.00$$

Point No.	Zero Adjustment		Adjusted Origin		P (kip/in)	y (in)
	Press. (psi)	Vol. (in ³)	Press. (psi)	Vol. (in ³)		
	0	0	0	0	0.00	0.000
1	27	0	-17.6	0.2	0.90	0.050
2	30	6.8	-17.6	-6.5	1.19	0.075
3	44	7.4	-17.6	-6.8	2.53	0.149
4	72	8.3	-17.6	-7.0	5.22	0.324
5	100	9.2	-17.6	-7.0	7.91	0.548
6	128	10.1	-17.6	-7.0	10.60	0.772
7	157	11.2	-17.6	-7.0	13.38	1.05
8	184	12.6	-17.6	-7.0	15.97	1.39
9	212	14.4	-17.6	-7.0	18.66	1.84
10	240	16.5	-17.6	-7.0	21.35	2.36
11	267	18.9	-17.6	-7.0	23.94	2.96
12	295	21.7	-17.6	-7.0	26.63	3.66
13	322	25.2	-17.6	-7.0	29.22	4.53
14	349	29.3	-17.6	-7.0	31.81	5.55
15	401	40.4	-17.6	-7.0	36.81	8.31
16	452	58.4	-17.6	-7.0	41.70	12.80
17						
18						
19						
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- Estimated Reading Based Upon
Polynomial Estimation of Limit Pressure



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Predicted p-y Curves for Soil

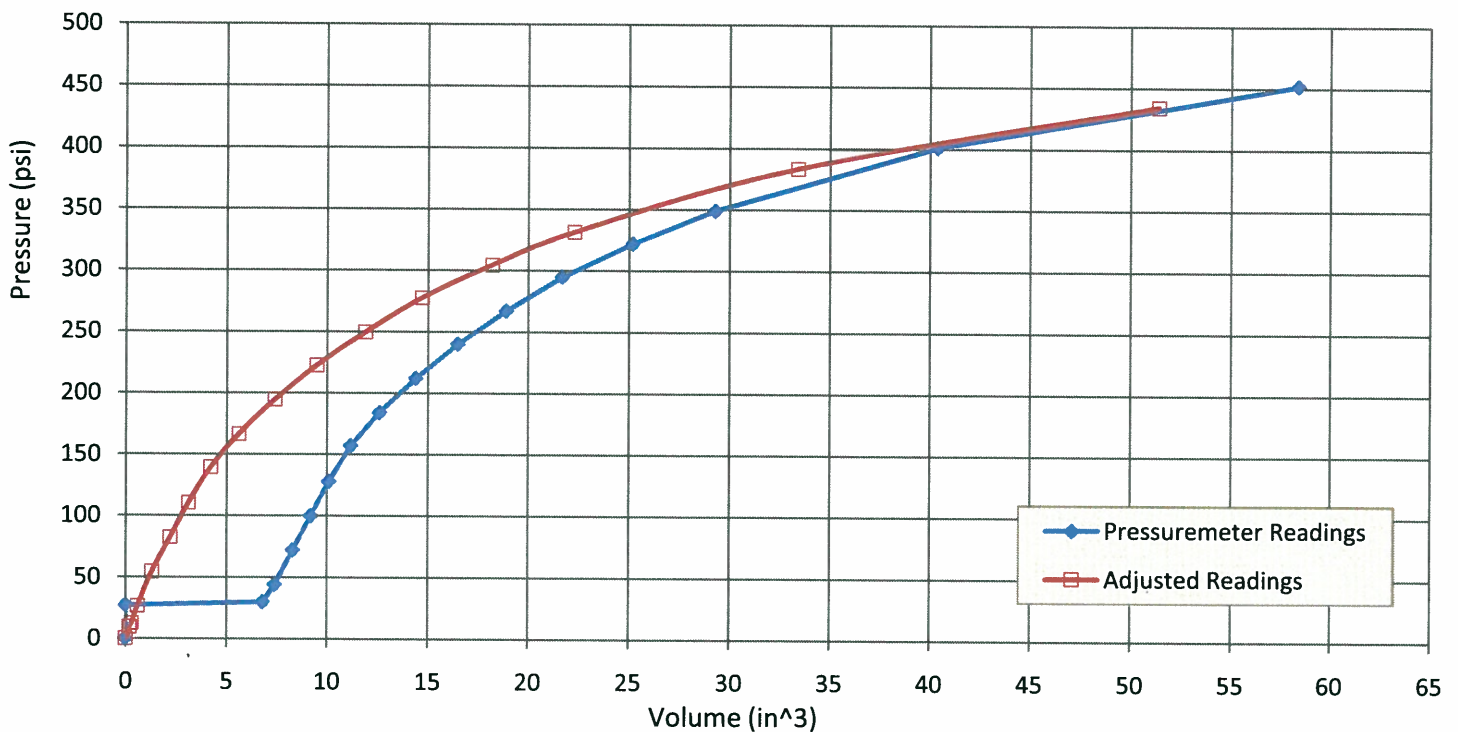
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Predicted p-y Curve for Soil
Reference: Robertson et. al. (1985)

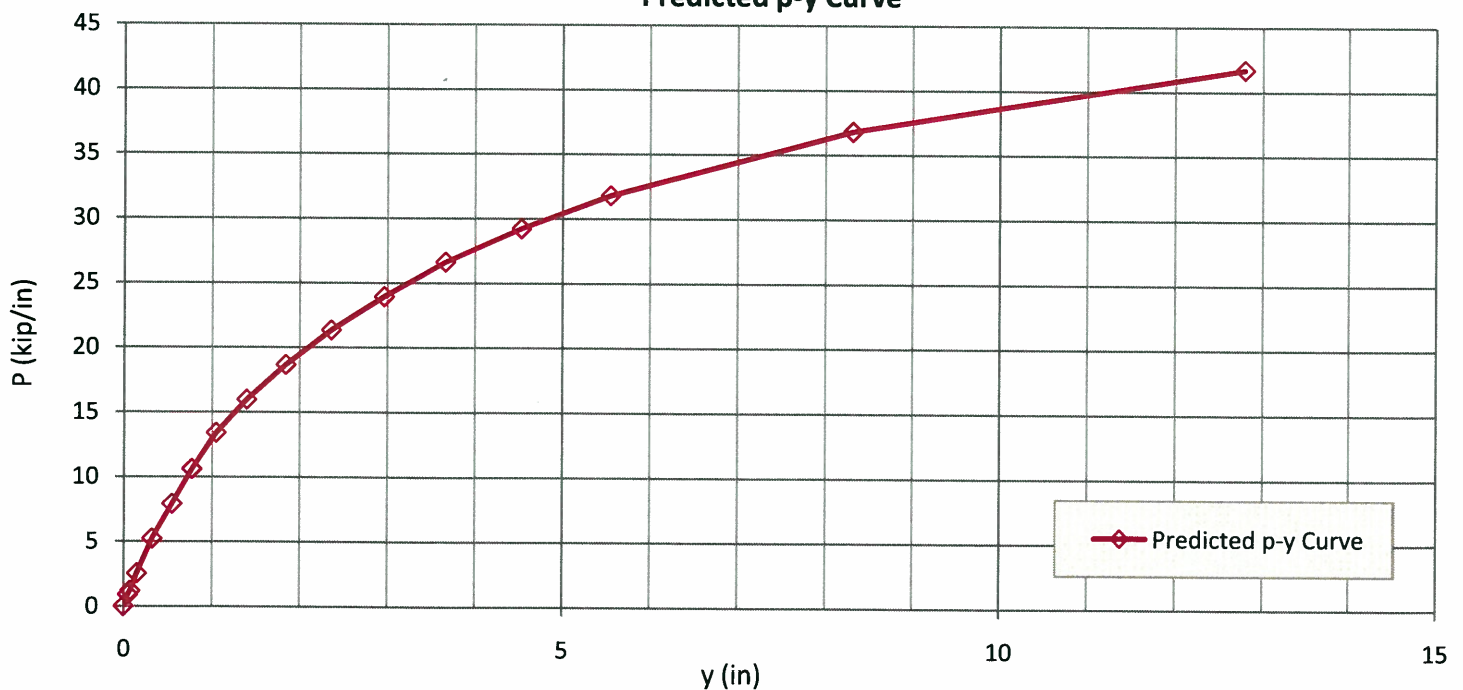
Boring: B-046-1
Test Depth: 59.0 feet

Page 2

Pressure vs Volume



Predicted p-y Curve

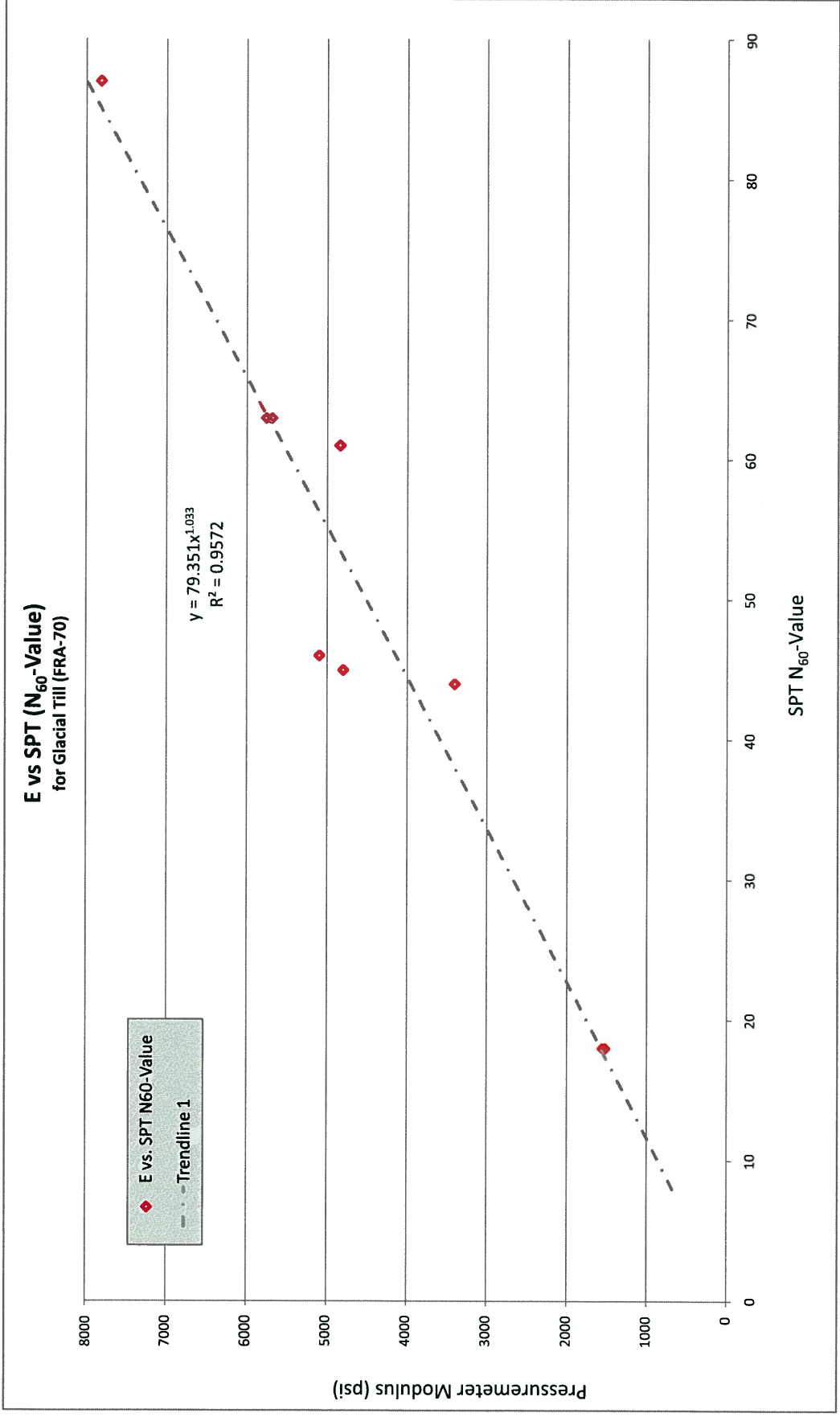


Correlation: Pressuremeter Modulus and SPT N_{60} -Value

Predicted p-y Curves Based Upon Correlation

(Example curves for 48-inch diameter drilled shafts)

	PMT No.	Depth (ft)	Soil Class.	Consistency	HP	SPT N ₆₀ -Value	PI	Silt	Clay	% passing #200	w (%)	E (psi)	P _L (psi)	P _y (psi)	E/P _L	P _L /P _y
B-026	1	23.0	A-6a	Very stiff	3.5	18	11	35	26	61	12	1511	199	105	7.59	1.90
B-026	2	35.7	A-4a	Very stiff	3	18	10	36	23	59	11	1545	298	127	5.18	2.35
B-026	3	54.1	A-6a	Hard	5	87	12	34	20	54	9	7814	589	238	13.27	2.47
B-046	4	32.0	A-6a	Hard	5	44	11	-	-	48	10	3393	429	143	7.91	3.00
B-046	5	37.0	A-6a	Hard	5	63	11	-	-	48	10	5747	610	147	9.42	4.15
B-046	6	42.0	A-6a	Hard	5	63	11	-	-	48	9	5679	689	262	8.24	2.63
B-046	7	47.0	A-6a	Hard	5	61	11	-	-	48	10	4835	594	179	8.14	3.32
B-046	8	59.0	A-4a	Hard	5	45	10	40	24	64	11	4799	462	128	10.39	3.61
B-199-1	10	24.6	A-4a	Hard	5	46	10	50	12	62	9	5086	500	254	10.17	1.97





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Predicted p-y Curves for Soil

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Predicted p-y Curve for Soil

Reference: Roberston et. al. (1985)

Page 1

Boring: **Profile A**Soil Type: **Sandy Silt (Till)**

Clay

Curve No. 1

(see following page)

Test Depth: 28.0 feet

Test Type: **PMT - Menard**

Probe Dia.: 70.0 mm

2.76 inches

Radius of Probe: 35.0 mm

1.38 inches

Initial Volume: 790 cc

48.21 in³

Probe Depth (DCM): 28.0 feet

336 inches

Reduction Factor: (α)

If $\frac{DCM}{b} > 4$

$\alpha = 1.5$ for sand

$\alpha = 2.0$ for clay

If $\frac{DCM}{b} \leq 4$

$\alpha = \frac{1.5 \cdot DCM}{4 \cdot b}$ for sand

$\alpha = 0.67 + \frac{2.0 \cdot DCM}{4 \cdot b}$ for clay

Equations:

Eqn 1

$P = P_{Corrected} \cdot b \cdot \alpha$

Eqn 2

$Y = \frac{V_{Adj}}{2 \cdot V_0} \cdot \frac{b}{2}$

Shaft Diameter (b): 48 inches

 N_{60} : 45 bpf

E: 4049 psi

p-y curve based upon correlation between SPT-N60-value and E

$E = 79.351(N_{60})^{1.033}$

$\alpha = 2.00$

Point No.	Press. (psi)	Vol. (in ³)	Fit Factor
	0	0	1.00
1	63	2.5	1.30
2	125	5.0	1.15
3	188	7.5	0.98
4	251	10.0	0.86
5	313	12.5	0.78
6	376	15.0	0.71
7	439	17.5	0.65
8	501	20.0	0.60
9	564	22.5	0.56
10	627	25.0	0.53

Press. (psi)	Vol. (in ³)
0	0.0
81	2.5
144	5.0
184	7.5
216	10.0
244	12.5
267	15.0
285	17.5
301	20.0
316	22.5
329	25.0

P (kip/in)	y (in)
0.00	0.000
7.82	0.622
13.84	1.245
17.69	1.867
20.70	2.489
23.47	3.112
25.63	3.734
27.38	4.356
28.88	4.979
30.33	5.601
31.59	6.223



SUBJECT FRA-70-8.93
Predicted p-y Curves for Soil

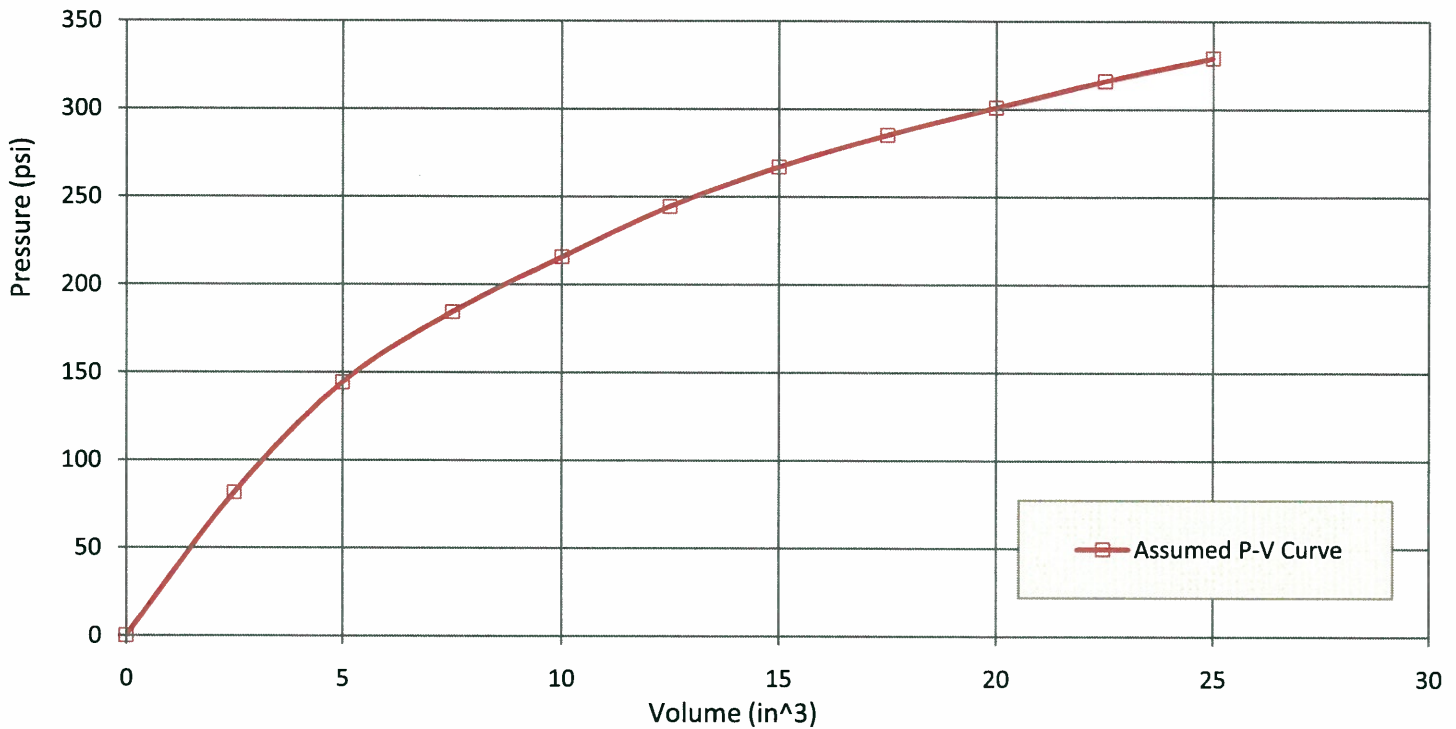
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Predicted p-y Curve for Soil
Reference: Roberston et. al. (1985)

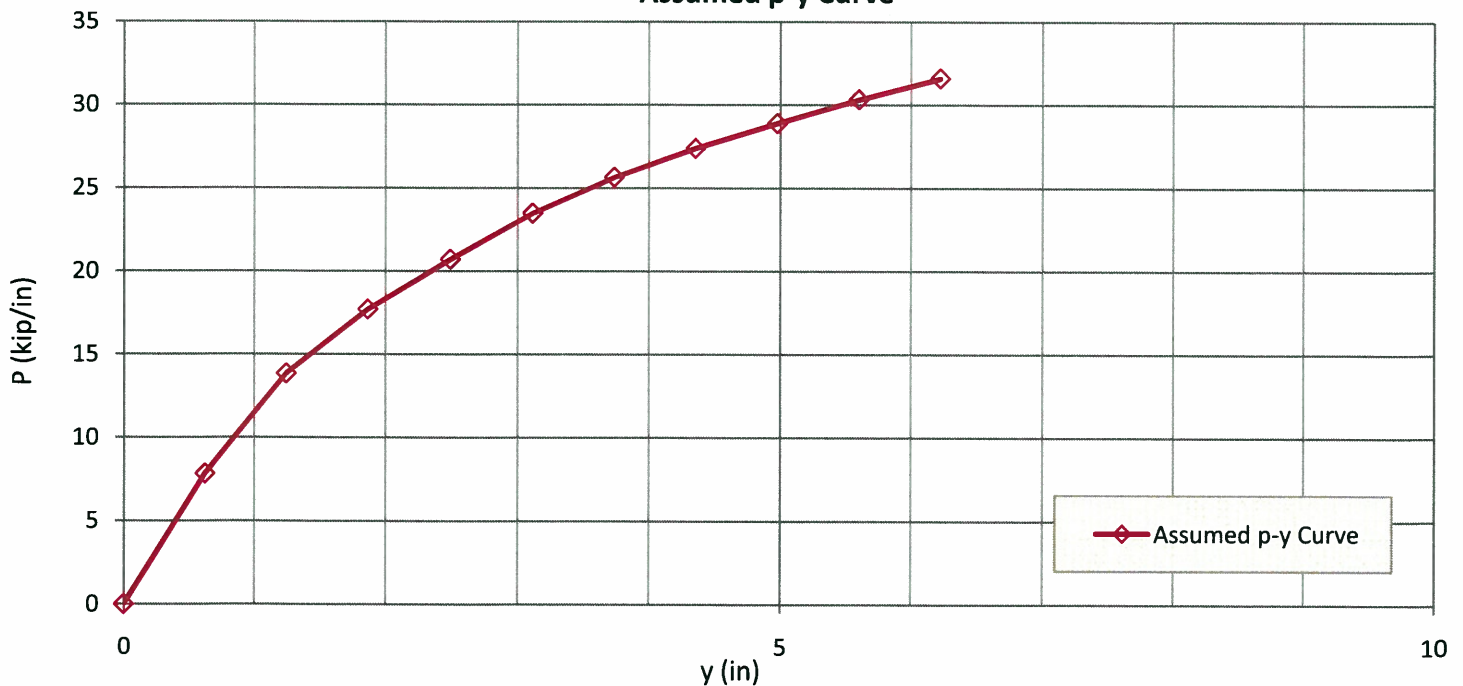
Boring: Profile A
Test Depth: 28.0 feet

Page 2

Assumed P-V Curve



Assumed p-y Curve





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Predicted p-y Curves for Soil

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Predicted p-y Curve for Soil
 Reference: Robertson et. al. (1985)

Page 1

Boring: **Profile A**

Soil Type: **Sandy Silt (Till)**

Clay

Curve No. 2

(see following page)

Test Depth: **37.0** feet

Test Type: **PMT - Menard**

Probe Dia.: **70.0** mm

2.76 inches

Radius of Probe: **35.0** mm

1.38 inches

Initial Volume: **790** cc

48.21 in³

Probe Depth (DCM): **37.0** feet

444 inches

Reduction Factor: (α)

$$\text{If } \frac{\text{DCM}}{b} > 4$$

$\alpha = 1.5$ for sand

$\alpha = 2.0$ for clay

$$\text{If } \frac{\text{DCM}}{b} \leq 4$$

$$\alpha = \frac{1.5 \cdot \text{DCM}}{4 \cdot b} \text{ for sand}$$

$$\alpha = 0.67 + \frac{2.0 \cdot \text{DCM}}{4 \cdot b} \text{ for clay}$$

Equations:

Eqn 1

$$P = P_{\text{Corrected}} \cdot b \cdot \alpha$$

Eqn 2

$$Y = \frac{V_{\text{Adj}}}{2 \cdot V_0} \cdot \frac{b}{2}$$

Shaft Diameter (b): **48** inches

N₆₀: **58** bpf

E: **5262** psi

p-y curve based upon correlation between SPT-N60-value and E

$$E = 79.351(N_{60})^{1.033}$$

$$\alpha = 2.00$$

Point No.	Press. (psi)	Vol. (in ³)	Fit Factor
	0	0	1.00
1	81	2.5	1.00
2	163	5.0	1.00
3	244	7.5	0.95
4	326	10.0	0.87
5	407	12.5	0.79
6	489	15.0	0.72
7	570	17.5	0.66
8	652	20.0	0.62
9	733	22.5	0.58
10	815	25.0	0.55

Press. (psi)	Vol. (in ³)
0	0.0
81	2.5
163	5.0
232	7.5
284	10.0
322	12.5
352	15.0
376	17.5
401	20.0
425	22.5
448	25.0

P (kip/in)	y (in)
0.00	0.000
7.82	0.622
15.64	1.245
22.29	1.867
27.22	2.489
30.89	3.112
33.79	3.734
36.13	4.356
38.48	4.979
40.83	5.601
43.02	6.223



SUBJECT FRA-70-8.93
Predicted p-y Curves for Soil

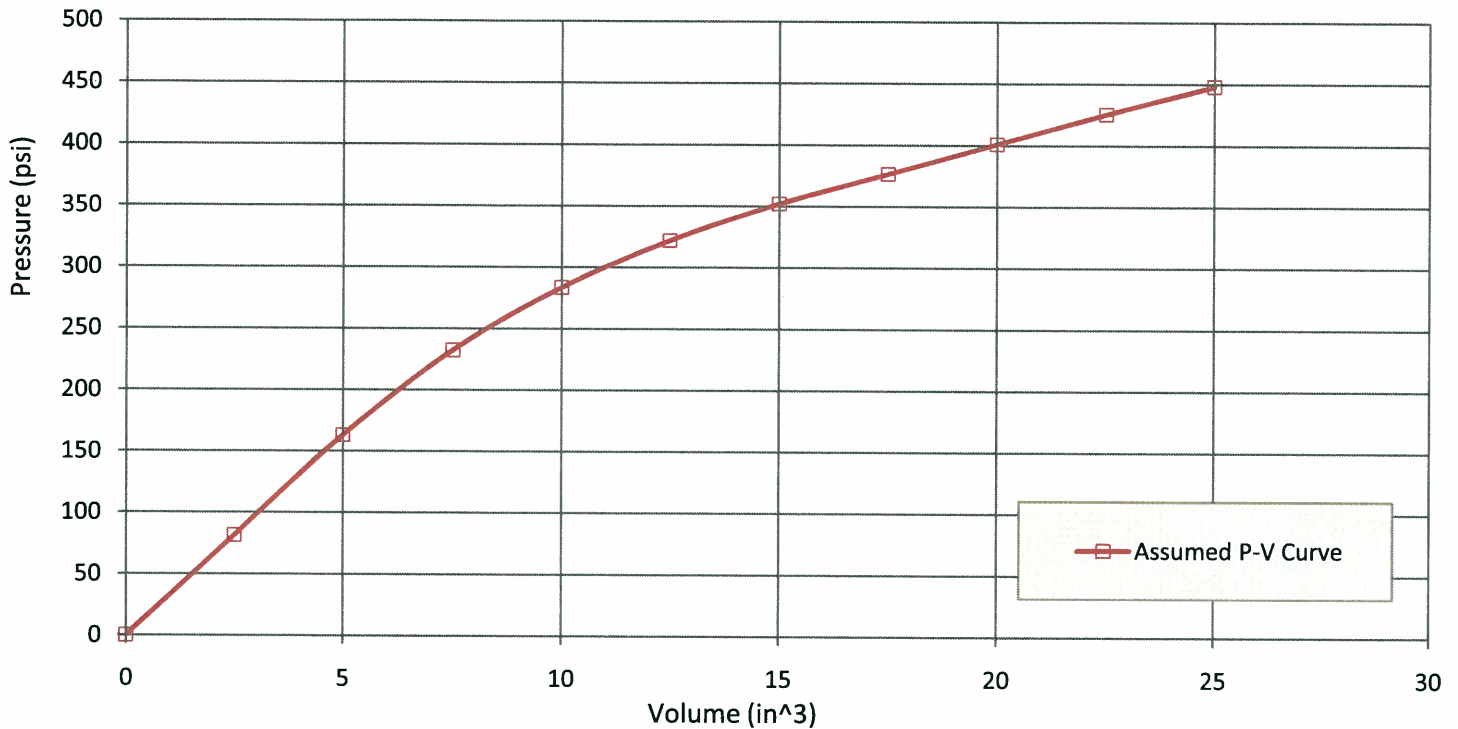
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Predicted p-y Curve for Soil
Reference: Robertson et. al. (1985)

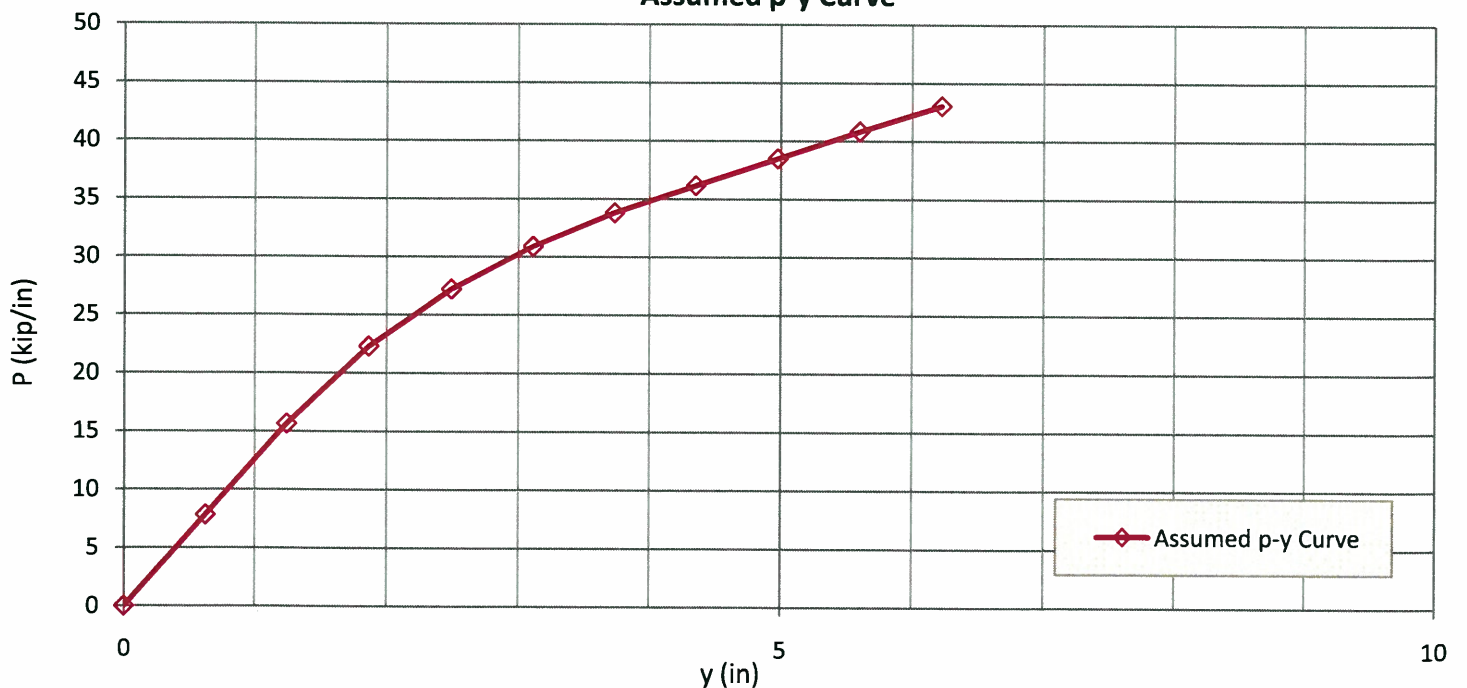
Boring: Profile A
Test Depth: 37.0 feet

Page 2

Assumed P-V Curve



Assumed p-y Curve





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Predicted p-y Curves for Soil

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Predicted p-y Curve for Soil

Reference: Roberston et. al. (1985)

Page 1

Boring: **Profile B**

Soil Type: **Sandy Silt (Till)**

Clay

Curve No. 8

(see following page)

Test Depth: **87.0** feet

Test Type: **PMT - Menard**

Probe Dia.: **70.0** mm

2.76 inches

Radius of Probe: **35.0** mm

1.38 inches

Initial Volume: **790** cc

48.21 in³

Probe Depth (DCM): **87.0** feet

1044 inches

Reduction Factor: (α)

$$\text{If } \frac{\text{DCM}}{b} > 4$$

$\alpha = 1.5$ for sand

$\alpha = 2.0$ for clay

$$\text{If } \frac{\text{DCM}}{b} \leq 4$$

$$\alpha = \frac{1.5 \cdot \text{DCM}}{4 \cdot b} \text{ for sand}$$

$$\alpha = 0.67 + \frac{2.0 \cdot \text{DCM}}{4 \cdot b} \text{ for clay}$$

Equations:

Eqn 1

$$P = P_{\text{Corrected}} \cdot b \cdot \alpha$$

Eqn 2

$$Y = \frac{V_{\text{Adj}}}{2 \cdot V_0} \cdot \frac{b}{2}$$

Shaft Diameter (b): **48** inches

N₆₀: **50** bpf

E: **4514** psi

p-y curve based upon correlation between SPT-N60-value and E

$$E = 79.351(N_{60})^{1.033}$$

$$\alpha = 2.00$$

Point No.	Press. (psi)	Vol. (in ³)	Fit Factor
	0	0	1.00
1	70	2.5	1.30
2	140	5.0	1.15
3	210	7.5	0.98
4	280	10.0	0.86
5	349	12.5	0.78
6	419	15.0	0.71
7	489	17.5	0.65
8	559	20.0	0.60
9	629	22.5	0.56
10	699	25.0	0.53

Press. (psi)	Vol. (in ³)
0	0.0
91	2.5
161	5.0
205	7.5
240	10.0
273	12.5
298	15.0
318	17.5
335	20.0
352	22.5
367	25.0

P (kip/in)	y (in)
0.00	0.000
8.72	0.622
15.43	1.245
19.73	1.867
23.08	2.489
26.17	3.112
28.58	3.734
30.53	4.356
32.21	4.979
33.82	5.601
35.22	6.223



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Predicted p-y Curves for Soil

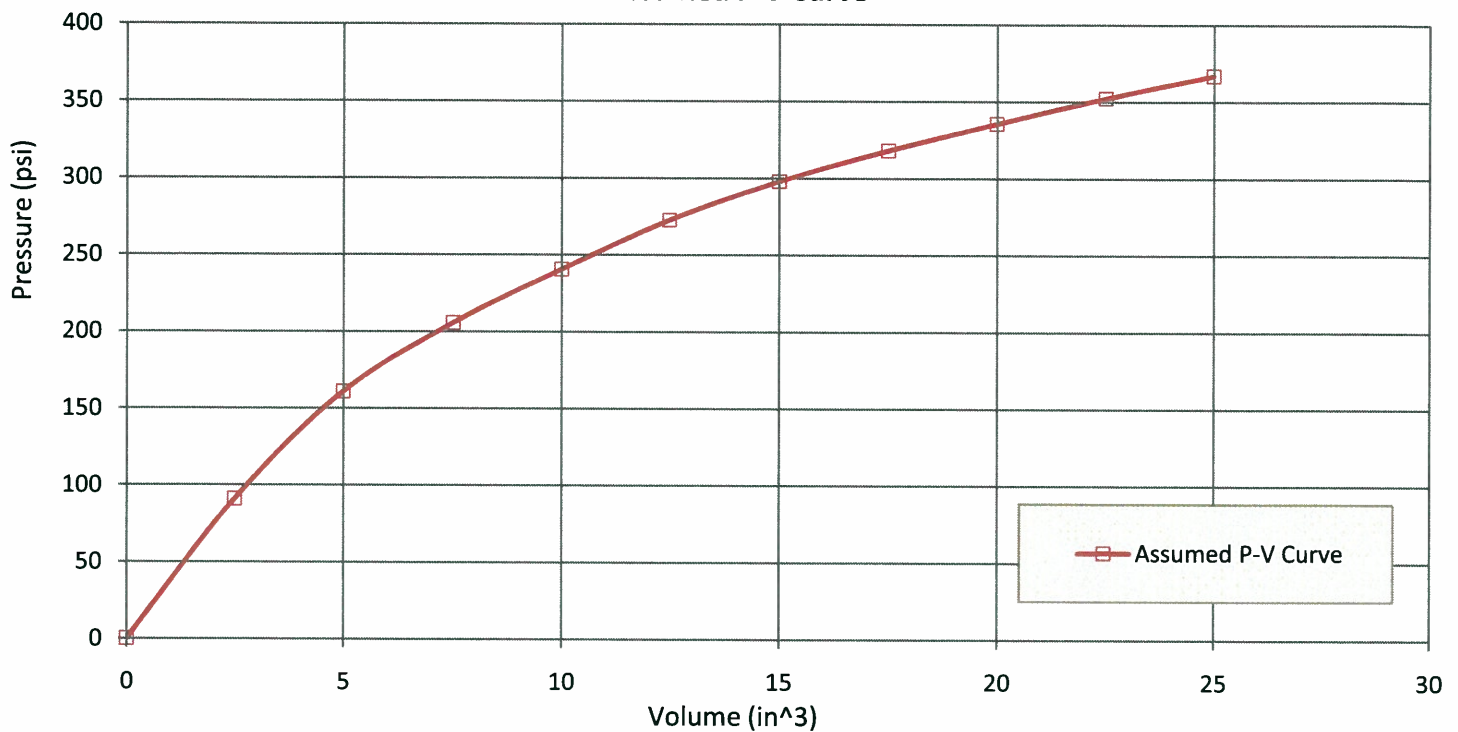
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Predicted p-y Curve for Soil
Reference: Roberston et. al. (1985)

Boring: Profile B
Test Depth: 87.0 feet

Page 2

Assumed P-V Curve



Assumed p-y Curve

